



ANNUAL REPORT 2024

ESG

Table of contents

01	The manager	5
	ESG Value Creation	
	ESG Organization	
	Infrastructure Industry	
	Climate-related risks and opportunities	
	Biodiversity-related risks and opportunities	
	Governance & Ethics	
	Social	
	Internal actions	
	Correspondence with the UN SDG	
02	Transport & Environment	45
	Introduction	
	Portfolio	
	Environment	
	Social	
	Key ESG Value Drivers	
03	Telecom & digital	73
	Introduction	
	Portfolio	
	Environment	
	Social	
	Key ESG Value Drivers	
04	Energy Transition	93
	Introduction	
	Portfolio	
	Environment	
	Social	
	Key ESG Value Drivers	
05	EV Charging	109
	Introduction	
	Portfolio	
	Environment	
	Social	
	Key ESG Value Drivers	





01

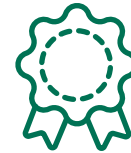
THE

MANAGER

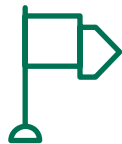
Infrastructure is a people's business



An independent Manager focused on
European mid-market Infrastructure



PRI Score Infrastructure
5 Stars



59 team members
20 nationalities



47 transactions
closed since 2007



An ESG Coordination team
strong of 8 members



14427 employees across
29 portfolio companies



Strong commitment to ESG
from acquisition to exit



A buy-and-grow strategy
focused on high avoided
impacts sectors

The Manager

Cube Infrastructure Managers («Cube IM», «the Manager») is an independent Luxembourgian management company focusing on investments in the European mid-market infrastructure space.

Cube Infrastructure Managers currently manages three funds: Cube Infrastructure Fund II (“Cube II”, vintage 2016), Cube Infrastructure Fund III (“Cube III”, vintage 2021) and the Connecting Europe Broadband Fund (“CEBF”, vintage 2018).

Cube IM is a long-term financial and strategic investor in infrastructure companies addressing the essential infrastructure needs of the local communities, primarily within Western Europe, and with a strong (co-)control “Buy-and-Grow” strategy. With Cube II and Cube III, Cube IM takes pride in being able to create growth in the investee companies, notably through organic developments but also through synergetic add-ons, notably generating an increase in direct employment. With the CEBF, Cube IM, in line with its longstanding commitment, focus on rolling out greenfield broadband projects in underserved areas, hence reducing the digital divide.

The Manager is constituted by a close-knit Manager Team of 59 professionals with broad industrial and managerial experience, and with a highly international profile, comprising 20 different nationalities.

Cube IM's Partners are all former infrastructure and public services industry executives.

Cube IM implements Environment, Social and Governance (“ESG”) principles in its work environment and in its remuneration policy.

The Manager Team members share common values and commitment to deliver long-term sustainable value for the funds it manages. The Manager Team members are convinced that managing the risks and delivering robust returns calls for long-term active strategies combining growth, strong focus on operations and commitments to ESG. Addressing adequately ESG issues will ultimately enhance the performance through risk and cost reductions or through competitive advantages, in a sector, which fundamentally serves the local authorities and the population. The Manager Team members also acknowledge their responsibilities as active infrastructure investors towards the portfolio companies, their employees, and their beneficiaries and towards our environment and societies, amidst the critical challenges they face (global warming, etc.).

Therefore, the Manager Team members have expressed their commitment to the UN Sustainable Development Goals and notably endeavour to reduce the environmental impact of Cube IM activities and to make a positive contribution to the infrastructure industry, the communities it serves and wider society.

ESG Value Creation

ESG integration as a fiduciary duty

Commitment to ESG is both a moral obligation and common sense for all persons. As such, it is largely embedded in the values shared by the Manager Team members. It is also a responsibility for all assets owners and asset managers. Cube IM has always considered its commitment to ESG as a fiduciary duty. It naturally takes a pragmatic operational approach to the different ESG issues, which are not goals per se, but a way to better control risks and generate long-term value. For Cube IM especially, commitment to ESG is a strong necessity given i) its long-term timeframe (paramount as often actions on ESG aspects take a few years to yield sound results) and ii) its strategy oriented towards sustainable growth.

This belief of ESG integration as fiduciary duty has been largely confirmed and shared within the industry - for instance:

- The “Fiduciary Duty in the 21st century” report (published by the PRI, UNEP FI, UNEP Inquiry and the UN Global Compact) finds that fiduciary duty is not an obstacle to ESG actions (already confirmed in 2005 Freshfields Bruckhaus Deringer report). It even concludes: “failing to consider long-term investment value drivers, which include environmental, social and governance issues, in investment practice is a failure of fiduciary duty.”
- The “Addressing ESG Factors Under ERISA” report released in 2016 by the PRI backed by the legal opinions of Groom Law and Morgan Lewis, also clarifies the concept of responsible investment: “Instead of treating environmental and the other ESG factors as intended to serve goals other than investment performance, they instead focus on the investment benefits of taking such factors into account. Under such an approach, ESG factors are treated as material considerations in determining the prospects of a company and its ability to create long-term value. The focus is on the prudent evaluation of certain risks that, if disregarded, could adversely affect long-term investment returns.”

Identifying strategic sectors

Value creation may be defined as obtaining and maintaining a competitive advantage (financially the difference between the return and the cost of capital) over a long period of time (the “Competitive Advantage Period” described by Mauboussin & Johnson in 1997). Many economic theories have studied directly and indirectly how that advantage would be created and sustained.

Some theories (Structure Conduct Performance from Mason and Bain, Market Based View from Porter, etc.) would argue that belonging to a specific industry or sector is a key driver. Sectors, which are most aligned with the challenges of today and tomorrow, are the most likely to present an interesting growth profile - growth offering a sound protection against regulatory/political risks and strong value creation potentials. Amongst the key challenges, environmental ones (biodiversity, water scarcity, etc.) and notably climate change are most critical. The potential risks and opportunities related to climate change need to be analysed and managed. Placing a significant weight on holding sectors, which are environmentally friendly and contribute to shifting to a low carbon economy, is therefore a sensible selection criterion.

Shifting to a low carbon economy does not necessarily mean low carbon emissions in absolute terms (e.g. renewables) but is rather measured by the avoided impacts, which broaden the practical scope. Another obvious challenge is to address the current and future needs of the populations. Indeed, the value of infrastructure does not lie in cubic meters of concrete but rather in the services it renders to the communities (and thus in the people who deliver them). It is therefore important to identify sectors/activities, which fulfil and are expected to keep on fulfilling the needs of the population.

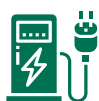
The Manager has therefore identified strategic sectors contributing both to the social welfare and to the shift towards a low carbon economy, notably:



ENERGY TRANSITION:

Renewable power plants are an important part of the strategy, with investments having been realized in PV, hydro, wind power, waste to energy. A strong focus has been set on district heating and energy efficiency, as a large part of the energy consumption comes from the provision of heat and cold. In particular, centralized district heating systems enable the use of remaining heat and facilitate the use of renewable energy sources and/or local sources (e.g. a datacentre) and often the reduction of the heating cost for the end-customer (businesses, social housing, etc.) over the long run. Highly polluting energy production (e.g. power from coal) are excluded.

- Current Investment: Varanger Kraftvind (wind, Norway), Green Energy Platform (formerly PFP II) (HPP, PV, Spain), CogenInfra (district heating, Italy), Norsk Vannkraft (HPP, Norway), GRECO (district heating, Slovakia), Enetiq (district heating, Czech Republic), RiverRidge (waste energy recovery, UK)
- Past Investments: Boralex Europe (wind, France), IDEX (district heating, France), CNIM Dev and Newlinks (Waste to Energy, UK), Taranis (cogeneration, France), RPIPE (HPP, Spain & Portugal), Fotosolarium (PV, Spain)



EV CHARGING:

Cube has also identified EV charging infrastructure as an important sector and has already invested in four Electric Vehicle charging stations companies to foster the adoption of individual electric mobility.

- Current Investment: Osprey (EV charging, UK), SIIT (EV charging, France), Stations-e (EV charging, France), Kople (EV charging, Norway)



TRANSPORT & ENVIRONMENT:

Efficient public transport (buses, regional trains, etc.) provide all citizens affordable means to commute, which is of increasing importance (more mobility, congestion risks in cities, etc.) and participate to the avoidance of GHG emissions (limiting the use of personal cars, etc.). This sector also offers good improvement prospects by pushing towards greener (electric, hydrogen) public transport, as Cube IM has undertaken since its initial investments in that space in 2011. The cold logistics sector is a new focus of Cube IM; by efficiently managing the storage, transportation, and distribution of temperature-sensitive goods, it ensures timely access to vital resources like food and pharmaceuticals. The sector guarantees the accessibility of such goods and fosters trust in supply chains, ensuring that consumers receive safe products, of which freshness and quality have been preserved. In addition, Cube IM has undertaken investments in the waste management sector, especially Municipal Solid Waste collection. Efficient operations are critical to avoid pollution and protect the general public health. The Waste Collection sector plays a crucial role in contributing to a more sustainable economy, where waste is sorted towards the best suitable channels, to be recovered or recycled.

- Current investments: CFTR (buses, France), Bergkvara (buses, Sweden), Dispam (temperature-controlled logistics, France), Müller Group (temperature-controlled logistics, Austria), Sepur (waste collection, France), Verdis (waste collection, Nordics)
- Past investments: Boreal (buses and ferries, Norway), Netinera (regional trains, Germany), Hansea (buses, Belgium), Eurotunnel (tunnel operations, UK & France), Saur (water distribution, wastewater management and waste collection, France), Umove (buses, Denmark).



TELECOM & DIGITAL:

Our strategy is to focus primarily on open-access networks in semi-dense and rural areas, where the digital divide creates a new exodus for businesses and people from less dense (and more affordable) locations to already congested cities. By encouraging the use of teleworking, e-government services, videoconference, etc. such networks may allow the avoidance GHG emissions. Investing in datacentres further supports the expansion of digital economy and meets growing demands for data processing, data storage and cloud computing, which improves digital connectivity and accessibility for the society. Despite large amount of heat generation, datacentres are pursuing a more energy-efficient operation by implementing efficient cooling systems, optimizing server configurations, and improving server designs and hardware efficiency. In addition, we are developing IoT networks using low-energy Zero-G technologies. "Zero-G" IoT presents interesting characteristics as a low energy, low radiation, low-cost technology whose many use cases enable energy savings, may contribute to the circular economy and optimal utilization of scarce resources.

- Current Investments: dstelecom (FttP, Portugal), G.Network (FttP, UK), Heliot (OG IoT, DACH), Rune Slovenia (FttP), Rune Croatia (FttP), Vento Rede (FttP, Spain), Unifiber (FttP, Italy), Asteo (FttP, Spain), Fibernet (FttP, Finland), firstcolo (Datacentre, Germany), ClioFiber (FttP, Italy), GleSYS (Datacentre, Sweden & Finland)
- Past Investments: Islalink (submarine cables, Spain), Covage (FttP, France), Trooli (FttP, UK), Scancom (fibre, Czech Republic), Rodin (FttP, Netherlands)

However, many studies and meta-studies (e.g. Wiggins and Ruefli in 2002, Fritz in 2008) have shown that the sustainable competitive advantage was relying more on the companies themselves than on a specific industry; hence favoring the Resource Based View and all its developments including the integration of dynamic capabilities and the Knowledge Based View. Therefore, selecting the right sector is only the first step.

Cube III refrains from investing in any company or project whose main activity focuses on any of the following areas: alcohol, tobacco, pornography and prostitution, anti-personnel landmines, cluster, biological, chemical and nuclear weapons and or depleted uranium ammunition, coal mining and production, upstream conventional and unconventional oil, including fracking, and genetically

modified organisms. Alongside this strict sectorial exclusion, the Manager has also identified sectors that present potential risks and that are not strictly excluded but require closer scrutiny and vigilance: any company of which the supply chain can have significant impact on deforestation (wood procurement, palm oil production, intensive livestock farming, etc.) mining of rare-earth material in conflict-ridden areas, depletion of marine resources, companies involved in electricity production from coal (except co-generation and heat production when a transition plan exists), chemistry (pesticides, agrochemicals, etc.), animal testing, and companies operating in gambling. These identify general areas where the risk of adverse impacts is more significant.

Improving the portfolio companies' operations and prospects

The performance of infrastructure sector relies not only on the productivity of its tangible assets but also on its human capital (including the tacit knowledge, shared values and beliefs, routines, etc. which are heterogeneous and attached to the organization). Human capital is obviously central in public transport or energy efficiency companies, which employ large workforces - but also in other sectors where corporate culture will drive innovation and innovation will drive growth and value creation. Hence, the social dimension is an essential performance driver as illustrated by the following examples:

- In the Transport & Environment, strikes may disrupt the services, leading to penalties (immediate P&L impact) and image deterioration (impact on future tenders) - maintaining a good social climate is thus a fundamental requirement. Specific issues may arise: gaining contracts or an aging workforce requires hiring many trained drivers, which may not be straightforward (e.g. in Norway where the joblessness rate is very low) and calls for careful planning (e.g. Boreal has developed training centres in Poland for drivers but also language skills and cultural understanding).
- In the labour-intensive Energy Transition sector, high work accident rates have a direct impact on the P&L but also on the employee motivation and retention (increasing HR costs). Action plans may be designed to decrease work accidents. For instance, Cube IM pushed Idex to strengthen safety controls and trainings and to create specific incentives (3.0% decrease in work accidents in two years).

- Sound corporate culture, often shown as a success factor, also needs to be addressed, especially in fast-growing companies (e.g. Covage's workforce tripled between 2011 and 2017, especially with the integration of Tutor - additional trainings, enhancing mobility and evolution were necessary to maintain a solid corporate culture). Besides, a sound corporate culture combined with strong growth attracts and retains the best employees and seasoned managers. Many initiatives can foster such corporate culture - for instance, dstelecom provides access to cultural and philosophy workshops and also encourage employees to bring forward proposals for innovations, with a handful of them being chosen each year to be tested and potentially fully deployed.

This focus on the social dimension, in turn, creates a setting prone to innovation, notably directed towards environmentally friendly solutions, anticipating on future trends and needs. This is especially necessary to create a sustainable competitive advantage in tenders or in new projects.

- By proposing an innovative energy fibre solution in Nantes Nord Chezzine, a greener solution in Neuilly sur Marne maximizing the use of the geothermic resources, a concentrated solar as a source of heat in St-Christol, an optimal use of local resources in Boulogne Billancourt, a smart grid in Paris-Saclay, Idex was able to distinguish from competition by being greener and more cost-effective on many RFPs won by Idex. Cube is replicating this successful approach in Italy with Cube II and in Eastern Europe with Cube III.
- The early pilot of Boreal in 2012 for e-buses in Rogaland (first player to do so) has allowed the company to

answer better and more credibly, the 2020 onwards tenders incorporating e-buses, with the prospect of gaining new contracts at more attractive EBITDA margins. This has been further developed in other public transport companies.

- Over the last five years, Umove has been awarded contracts for over 650 buses, including more than 450 electric buses, making it #1 public bus operator in Denmark with over 15% market share. In 2018, the company secured the first electric bus contract tendered in Denmark and has since developed expertise in operating electric bus networks. This first mover advantage has enabled the company to expand its contract portfolio by winning multiple bus network tenders, driving margin growth. The electric bus contracts benefit from enhanced infrastructure characteristics, including increased contract lengths and higher EBITDA margins due to higher initial capital requirements and lower maintenance and energy costs.

Encompassing environmental considerations early to develop future-proof solutions will result in better growth (EBITDA growth), better prospects and potentially attract more interest from multiple buyers (exit multiple

growth). The strong growth and the attractive exits on Boreal, Idex (Cube I) and Umove (Cube II) are good examples of the results produced by Cube IM's strategy.

Environmental action plans may also prove to have a short to medium term positive financial impact (e.g. rationale driving training, beyond the EU regulations, allows for fuel consumption reduction and hence a decrease in fuel costs; use of rainwater for fleet cleaning decreasing water bills; using PV for the fibre concentration points to decrease energy bills, etc.).

In turn, these environmental initiatives, with employees' involvement, reinforce the corporate culture, the employees learning perspectives and motivation.

The list above is by no mean exhaustive (strong business ethics helps preventing headline risks and frauds; local involvement from local employment to support local initiatives fosters the key relationships with local authorities, etc.). It merely illustrates why Cube IM is convinced that ESG are fundamental in its long-term buy-and-grow strategy, not only to decrease risk but also to create value for the funds' shareholders.

**As a result, Cube IM
has incorporated ESG considerations in its
investment execution and investment
management processes, notably by setting up
action plans for its investee
companies, by closely monitoring key indicators
and action plans milestones and best
practice initiatives.**

*This is further described
in the following sections.*



ESG Organization

ESG Committee

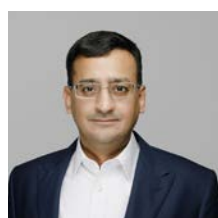
In 2017, the Manager appointed an ESG Committee, which meets at least once a year, comprised of four Partners including Cube IM's Chairman & CEO, the Head of ESG, the Compliance Officer and an Independent Director (all voting members). The ESG Committee is completed by the rest of the ESG Coordination Team. The Managing Directors and the Investment Directors, as well as the Head of Investor Relations and Head of Risk Management, Valuation and Financial Communication are invited to attend the ESG Committee. The ESG Committee supervises, on behalf of Cube IM's Board of Directors, the overall progresses achieved on ESG issues, and fosters new developments.



Renaud de Matharel
Chairman & CEO



Emmanuel Rogy
Partner & COO



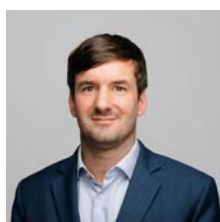
Saket Trivedi
Partner



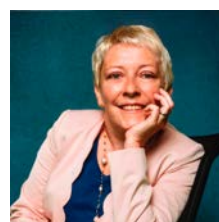
Stefan Weis
Partner



Aurélien Roelens
Head of ESG



Thomas Bedos
Compliance Officer



Anne Canel
Independent Director

The ESG Committee oversees the overall political engagements (if any) of Cube IM in relation to ESG topics. As per internal procedures, Cube IM and any of its representatives should ensure that communication towards external stakeholders is consistent with the Manager's Environmental and Social Management System ("ESMS") and responsible investment approach. As regards political engagement specifically, Cube IM often contributes to discussions through other organizations and is represented by them. Cube IM is represented by various professional associations, including the Luxembourg Private Equity Association (LPEA), to participate industry-level discussions focused on regulatory developments. Recent involvements include contributions to discussions on the Omnibus Proposal, ensuring that infrastructure investors' perspectives are adequately represented in ongoing EU policy evolution.

ESG Coordination Team

The ESG Coordination Team is led by Aurélien Roelens (the Head of ESG).

Head of ESG - background: Aurélien, Investment Director, CAIA, has 12 years' experience in ESG integration in private equity and close to 20 years' experience with environmental and social projects. Aurélien is responsible for Cube IM's ESG initiatives since 2010, including the development of due diligence methodology in 2014 and of the ESMS-RI in 2016, and the oversight of all ESG-related issues within the portfolios. Since 2017, he is a member of the ESG Committee of Cube IM and attends all Investment Committees. He has also participated to several third-party research and to industry work group and frequently speaks on ESG topics either in industry events or in academic sessions. He took part in the early working groups of the GRESB Infrastructure and is, has been from 2018 to 2022 a member of the Benchmark Infrastructure Committee - EMEA.

Until early 2025, he is also representing the Luxembourg Private Equity Association ("LPEA") at the "Haut Comité de la Place Financière" Sustainability workshop and was co-chairing the ESG Club of the LPEA, notably organizing ESG trainings. In addition to its minor in Environmental Sciences as part of its MSc in Engineering and trainings in Ethics and Responsible Investment as part of HEC Paris and EM Lyon academic programs (including HEC's "Energy in a Carbon Concerned Economy" (HEC certificate). In 2003, he organized sustainable development events with the support of the European Commission, the French Ministry of Environment and local authorities, participates or participated to several projects on economic inclusion and to research on ocean-climate interactions.

The ESG Coordination Team includes a ESG Manager (Erwann Duquesne), and an ESG Associate (Tiffany Yang), both Investment Team members fully dedicated to fostering ESG across the portfolios, under the supervision of the Head of ESG.

ESG Manager - background: Erwann joined Cube IM in late 2021 as a member of the Investment Team fully dedicated to ESG. Prior to joining Cube, he worked as a consultant and auditor specialised in Sustainability and ESG-related topics. He served clients from a variety of sectors, including Mining and Metals, Air Transports, Real Estate Finance, Public Sector, Banking and Private Equity. He participated in the audits of CSR and ESG reports and supported companies of various sizes in improving their non-financial reporting and sustainability practices and complying with various regulatory or voluntary schemes (e.g. SFDR, EU Taxonomy, NFRD/CSRD, PRI, GRESB, GRI, etc.). He contributed to white papers and guides for professionals of the financial sector.

ESG Associate - background: Tiffany joined Cube IM in 2022 as a member of the ESG Coordination Team. She has a Master's degree from Imperial College Business School for Climate Change, Management and Finance Programme, which has a strong focus on net-zero strategy, climate mitigation and adaptation, clean-tech investments, and climate finance. Before her Master's studies, she has been working at the London Stock Exchange Group in Taiwan for Sustainable Investment Research. The experience was mainly focused on assessing the ESG performance of companies from various sectors, covering finance, semiconductor, industrials, automotive, consumer products and so on. Part of the role was to engage with companies on adopting reporting frameworks such as GRI and SASB standards and enhancing alignments toward TCFD guidance.

Five team members have been given responsibilities to closely monitor certain sectors and foster the development of best practices across the portfolio companies in each sector (the ESG Sector Specialists): Sebastiano Nardin for Telecom & Digital working with Stefano Berta covering more specifically the Connecting Europe Broadband Fund, Weichen Xie for Transport & Environment, Ankit Kakkirala for EV Charging and Carolina Camacho for Energy Transition.



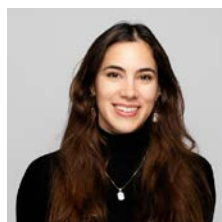
Erwann Duquesne
ESG Manager



Aurélien Roelens
Managing Director &
Head of ESG



Yu Jou Yang (Tiffany)
ESG Associate



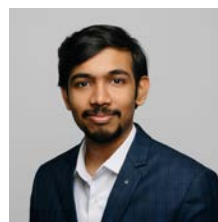
Carolina Camacho
Investment
Analyst



Weichen Xie
Senior Investment
Analyst



Sebastiano Nardin
Senior Investment
Analyst



Ankit Kakkirala
Senior Investment
Analyst



Stefano Berta
Investment
Associate

The ESG Coordination Team supports the other members of the Investment Team from the Due diligence phase through the holding period (allocation of responsibilities is further described later in this report). The ESG Coordination Team also monitors and acts on ESG topics in the corporate life of the Manager and provides ad-hoc training to other team members. The ESG Coordination team also helps define ESG objectives,

which are ultimately translated into specific objectives and incentives for the Manager Team members. The Head of ESG will notably provide opinions to the Investment Committee and to the ESG Committee and validate action plans established for all portfolio companies.

ESG Workshop with dstelecom



Cube IM's ESG Coordination Team visited dstelecom in 2022 to hold a 2-day workshop to discuss various ESG topics, covering climate mitigation, adaptation as well as diversity and inclusion. Together, the teams explored in depth findings regarding the company's scope 1 & 2 carbon emissions. The company has developed several innovative initiatives to reduce emissions toward its 2030 target. dstelecom is committed to Science Based Targets, under Cube's endorsement.



The teams also discussed the topic of climate adaptation, and focused on reviewing the network resilience. dstelecom has carried out comprehensive research into physical climate risks and their potential impacts on the operations, and the company has built up several practical methods to adapt to different climate events and strengthen its resilience against various climate scenarios.



The final workshop on diversity and inclusion issues also involved representatives of the co-shareholder of the company, DST Group, to discuss how dstelecom could foster the value of equality, diversity and balanced family life building synergies with DST Group, with whom they share premises. The discussion inspired several ideas to further support women at work, attract more female employees and strengthen the company culture.

The conclusions of those workshops allowed dstelecom to identify new actions for its ESG action plan.

Compliance

Cube IM's Compliance Officer regularly controls that the ESMS-RI procedures (applying to Cube II, Cube III and CEBF) are complied with, by the Investment team and the ESG Coordination team, notably for recently acquired assets. Since early 2021, Cube IM's Compliance Officer is a member of the ESG Committee.

Risk Management

The ESG risks of all assets in Cube IM's portfolios are considered in the Risk Management Report of each fund as part of the Investment Risk. Twice a year, the Head of ESG updates the list of identified ESG risks for each portfolio and discusses those risks with the Risk Manager, with a particular focus on Climate risks.

Investment Execution and Investment Management

Cube II and Cube III often aim at taking co-controlling or controlling positions into the companies. Cube IM therefore takes an active role in the development of the portfolio's companies, especially needed to execute a successful Buy and Grow Strategy, which fully incorporates the ESG dimensions into it from the Due Diligence with the support of external advisors, throughout the holding period. Cube IM formalized in 2016 an "Environmental and Social Management System – Responsible Investment Policy and Implementations" ("ESMS"). Cube IM's ESMS is notably based on the UN PRI, the Sustainable Development Goals and on the European Investment Bank's (EIB) Environmental and Social Standards. It also factors in widely accepted standards (e.g. International Labour Organization Standards). The ESMS was complemented in 2018, notably to address the specific needs of the Connecting Europe Broadband Fund. Through Cube IM's ESG Commitments that were implemented in 2014 and the ESMS, Cube IM implements notably the following:

- For Cube III:
 - Identify whether the investment belongs to a sector that is excluded from the investment universe or that requires close scrutiny,
 - Assess whether the investment responds to one of the Fund's sustainable investment criteria
- Assess ESG issues at the time of investment (an external advisor is retained as part of the Due Diligence process for the assessment and the creation of a medium-term improvement plan) and the results are integrated in the Investment Committee notes – topics addressed are notably:
 - ESG Governance,
 - Business Ethics,
 - Human Resources,
 - Health & Safety (including wellbeing in the workplace),
 - Supply Chain,
 - Environment,
 - Community Involvement,
 - Climate-related risk,
 - For Cube III, company-level Principal Adverse Impacts (PAIs), especially for those investments that might be considered sustainable investments for the Fund, to assess whether those investment do significant harm to sustainability factors.
- Monitor throughout the duration of the investment compliance with the ESG policies directly or with the support of external advisors;
- Promote compliance with applicable local regulations, and where appropriate, relevant international standards and industry best practices – notably with the ISO norms;
- Discuss and encourage ESG best practice at the

portfolio companies' board level and through a continuous dialogue with the portfolio companies' management teams;

- Promote and maintain the highest standards of integrity and good corporate governance;
- Encourage portfolio companies to mitigate adverse environmental and social impacts and enhance positive effects on the environment, employees and wider society.

The Manager discusses, encourages and fosters ESG best practices at the portfolio companies' board level (or equivalent governing body), and through a regular dialogue between the investment team and the portfolio companies' management teams, throughout the holding period of the portfolio companies.

Since November 2022, Cube III promotes characteristics across the ESG spectrum and commits to allocate a minimum of 20% of its investments towards sustainable investments, as defined by SFDR¹. In 2024, the share of Cube III sustainable investments has reached 40%. The objective of sustainable investments that the Fund intends to make is to make a positive contribution to the environment and the energy transition by investing in infrastructure projects and companies that positively contribute to achieving the climate objectives of the Paris Agreement.

40%

of Cube III's investments
are sustainable
investments as per the
Fund's definitions.

Sustainable investments are defined as investments in:

- Infrastructure projects or companies operating in renewable energy or EV charging stations;
- Infrastructure projects or companies that have adopted a formalised and objective emissions reduction action plan (e.g. SBTi, ACT methodology, Objectif CO2, etc.);
- Infrastructure projects or companies whose activities are Taxonomy²-eligible and respect the substantial contribution criteria defined for the economic activity in question, without necessarily meeting any or all of the remaining criteria of the EU Taxonomy's technical screening criteria.

In addition, Cube III promotes the consideration of principal adverse impacts ("PAIs") of investment decisions on sustainability factors. The Principal Adverse Impacts ("PAIs") indicators of SFDR are considered to assess whether sustainable investments do significant harm to environmental and social objectives. During the ESG due diligence, which is conducted by an external consultant, a review of the environmental, social and governance

¹ Regulation (EU) 2019/2088, "Sustainable Finance Disclosures Regulation"

² Regulation (EU) 2020/182, the "Taxonomy of environmentally sustainable activities"

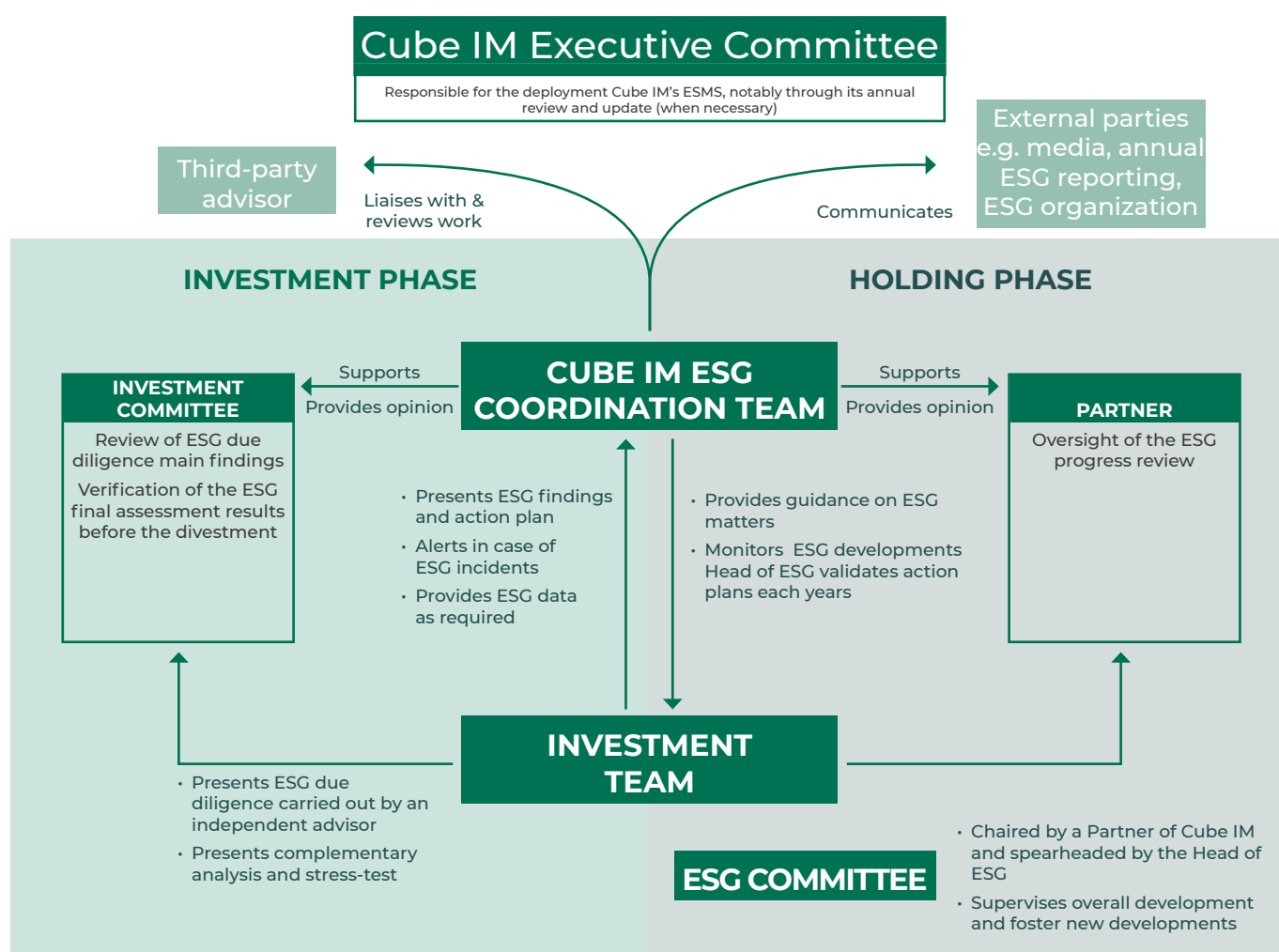
issues (for which the portfolio company's impact is most material) is conducted in relation with the PAIs based on readily available information. As part of this due diligence, the PAIs are analysed to the extent possible, using the PAI indicators of table 1 and the relevant indicators from table 2 and 3 of the SFDR RTS, where available and considering the materiality of those indicators for the company or project in scope of the investment.

The Manager gathers information on the PAIs of its portfolio companies on a yearly basis, allowing to assess whether all investments, including sustainable investments, do no significant harm ("DNSH") to environmental or social objectives. Indicators aggregated at fund level will provide an overview of the attainment of the environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Fund. Based on the information obtained on adverse impacts of portfolio companies, the Manager

works with each portfolio company towards reducing any negative impact and thus ensuring that sustainable investments respect the DNSH principle.

Additionally, the Manager promotes compliance with applicable local regulations among its portfolio companies, and where appropriate, relevant international standards and industry best practices, notably with the ISO norms, OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, UN Global Compact principles and the principles and rights set out in the eight fundamental conventions identified in the Declaration of the International Labour Organisation on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and the International Bill of Human Rights.

As part of its environmental commitment, Cube IM analyses the risk and opportunities of climate change for both new and existing investments.



During each investment process and the holding period the responsibilities have been allocated through the Manager Team members, as described in the chart below.

The Investment team in charge of the portfolio company jointly with Cube's Head of ESG and ESG Coordination Team designs a comprehensive ESG action plan, with the support of a third-party advisor. This action plan is communicated and discussed with the management of the portfolio company to ensure it is understood and will be swiftly implemented. Progress on this action plan is then closely monitored by the Investment team, with the support of the Head of ESG. Regular updates on progress are discussed at the level of the board of the portfolio company. Besides, milestones in the action plan are integrated in the annual variable compensation for the Manager's Investment Team, and whenever possible in the annual variable compensation of the portfolio companies' respective Management Teams.

Action plans are regularly updated by the Investment team and the Head of ESG. Those updates consider the difficulties encountered and the positive results in a specific company in order to develop and implement best practices across the portfolio.

The Head of ESG validates ultimately the action plans and their updates on behalf of the ESG Committee.



Infrastructure Industry

Signatory of:



Cube IM is a signatory of the United Nations Principles for Responsible Investment (“UNPRI”). As a signatory of those principles, Cube IM commits to implement them and report on its action through the PRI Reporting Framework every year. The six principles are defined so as to ensure a genuine commitment of its signatories to tackle ESG issues by incorporating them in their decision-making process and actively communicating on them.

Benchmarks & Commitments

As a result of Cube IM’s actions, its UNPRI scores have reached 5 Stars/A+ in the past years. PRI paused assessments in 2022 and resumed in 2023 with updated methodologies. Cube IM maintains its five-star scoring in 2024 in both “Policy, Governance & Strategy” and “Direct Infrastructure categories”

Cube IM UNPRI scores 2017	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strategy and Governance: A+ • Direct Infrastructure: A+
Cube IM UNPRI scores 2018	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strategy and Governance: A+ • Direct Infrastructure: A+
Cube IM UNPRI scores 2019	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strategy and Governance: A+ • Direct Infrastructure: A+
Cube IM UNPRI scores 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strategy and Governance: A+ • Direct Infrastructure: A+
Cube IM UNPRI scores 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strategy and Governance: 5 STARS • Direct Infrastructure: 5 stars
Cube IM UNPRI scores 2023	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Policy Governance & Strategy: 5 STARS • Direct Infrastructure: 5 stars
Cube IM UNPRI scores 2024	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Policy Governance & Strategy: 5 STARS • Direct Infrastructure: 5 stars

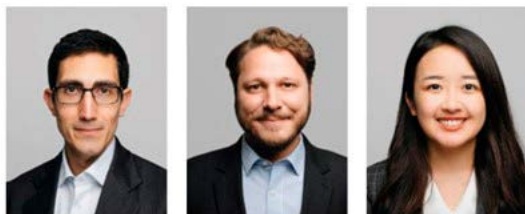


Cube IM is a Supporter of the Task Force for Climate-related Financial Disclosures and a signatory of the Montreal Pledge.

In 2022, Cube IM signed the manifesto of the initiative Climat International (iCI), and committed to engage with portfolio investments to identify the climate risks they are exposed to, and develop emissions reduction plans.

Since October 2019, Cube IM’s Head of ESG also represents the LPEA (Luxembourg Private Equity & Venture Capital Association) in the Haut Comité de la Place Financière (a high-level committee with the objective of furthering the interests of the financial place of Luxembourg)’s Sustainability working group.

Getting hands-on with climate adaptation



Rising climate risk demands a proactive approach to adaptation and mitigation, according to Cube Infrastructure Managers' Aurelien Roelens, Erwann Duquesne and Tiffany Yang



VIDEO: LPEA - The New Pioneers - Aurélien Roelens (Head of ESG)



Communication towards the industry

Cube IM recognizes the importance of communicating on the ESG challenges amongst its peers and to future practitioners.

Cube IM's Head of ESG, Aurélien Roelens, co-chairs the ESG Club of the LPEA (until early 2025). The ESG Club contributions are directed both towards its own members and towards the larger place: trainings, webinars, publications, participations to panels. In 2023, Cube IM's Head of ESG launched an online module with LPEA academy to elaborate how ESG integration contributes to value creation for private equity players and enhances risk-proofing ability for assets. Additionally, the team is active in the Infrastructure working group among the iCI members, to develop climate-related risks assessment frameworks for infrastructure investments.

Cube IM strives to be present in key ESG events and participate when it can. For instance in 2023, Cube IM's Head of ESG participated as speaker in the ESG & Telecom panel at the Proximo Infrastructure conference. He also spoke in the ESG Conference organized in partnership with Antin to HEC MBA, MIF and GE students. Cube IM's ESG Manager also regularly participates in roundtables and workshops organised by the French-speaking and Benelux working groups of the PRI. In 2024, he discussed the implementation of SFDR in the market at the UCITS & AIFMD Luxembourg conference organised by Informa Connect.

Cube IM's Head of ESG, ESG Manager and ESG Associate spoke with Infrastructure Investor magazine about addressing physical climate risks linked to a predicted increase in global temperature and supporting portfolio companies in enhancing resilience against extreme climate events. The interview also covers the role of

investors in helping companies building and upgrading infrastructure by factoring adverse climate scenarios and people aspects. In addition to climate adaptation, the team also discussed about how infrastructure investors support companies to pursue energy efficiency efforts and phasing out fossil fuels.

Cube IM also tries to help academic research when solicited (e.g. AFIC / Ecole Polytechnique in 2013 on extra-financial criteria and valuation; Sloan in 2017 on "impact investing"; HEC Paris on renewables in 2018, Kedge in 2018 on ESG integration in valuation and performance assessment, Market study - European green funds of real assets by Novethic in France in 2018). The team members intervening in academic institutions always stress on the importance of integrating ESG issues to a public of future practitioners (e.g. Aurélien Roelens Infrastructure Private Equity Elective at HEC Paris - with now an additional specific session organized with Antin Infrastructure Partners on ESG, or its class on ESG at Sacred Heart University - Jack Welch College of Business or for the LPEA Academy).

Commitment to better infrastructure

Cube IM's commitment to make better infrastructure for society is also a differentiating feature. Indeed, Cube IM's team has a large track record working in infrastructure corporates and in / with the public sector. From this differentiating experience stems a careful societal approach when it comes to the infrastructure sectors' development.

For instance, Cube IM strives to develop, through our platforms, strong alternatives to the incumbent or to duopolies (e.g. Idex as a credible alternative to the largely dominant players Dalkia and Cofely) for the benefit of the local authorities and the populations they serve.

Communication Infrastructure

Pushing for the rise of Open-Access

The Manager is convinced that

- a high-quality next generation infrastructure is an absolute necessity to reduce the digital divide and foster the economic development of less dense European territories, which otherwise will experience a new rural exodus, and that
- the most effective way to provide European citizens, public administrations and businesses with the necessary ultrafast symmetrical connectivity at attractive prices is to use open-access networks which, thanks to non-discriminatory access and pricing to all Internet Service Providers ("ISP"), foster the emergence of new ISPs and a stronger competition between those ISPs on content and price for the benefit of all aforementioned end-users.

The team tasked with the telecom sector development, engages with governments, regulators, local authorities, ISPs and industry groups such as the FttH council, the INCA, the CMG, Digiworld, etc. to help the rise of this model in Europe. These actions are fully aligned with the European Commission Digital Single Market Strategy, which endorses open science and open access to scientific results and targets providing European science, industry and public authorities with excellent digital infrastructure - supercomputing and data storage.



In line with these longstanding actions, Cube IM continues to facilitate the emergence of the open-access network model by further investing through Cube II and through the Connecting Europe Broadband Fund, to which it was appointed manager in 2016 by the European Investment Bank and the European Commission.

Climate-related risks and opportunities

In line with its environmental commitment and fiduciary duty, Cube IM analyses potential climate-related risks during the Due Diligence phase and its risk management report.

Climate change is probably the largest challenge we are collectively facing, with large consequences on the ecosystems, often with feedback loop effects (e.g. loss of ice cap translates in a loss of Albedo, etc.), from acidification of the ocean, more extreme weather events to a loss in worldwide biodiversity, coined the 6th extinction and popularized by Elizabeth Kolbert. Human populations are becoming and are at risk of becoming increasingly impacted: decreasing crop yield, land erosion, desertification, more areas where living conditions could be compromised: in a +4°C world a part of the equatorial regions would present for more than 100 days a year unsustainable humidity/temperature conditions - leading to an increased risk of famine, climatic mass displacement and civil unrest. Despite Paris agreement, the current trajectory remains worrying, with limited chance left to limit global warming to +2°C given the drastic decrease per annum required in absolute GHG emissions. The Earth, like the human body, is a non-linear system a non-linear system, every 0.1°C is important, irrespective of the round political target, hence the efforts to curb climate warming needs to be strengthen further. In parallel, acknowledging the current trajectory, adaptation measures need to be increasingly adopted. Infrastructure can contribute to both the fight against and to the adaptation to climate change. Even without claiming benefits brought by specific assets, infrastructure investments which will be successful over the long-term are likely to be the ones compatible with those two dimensions. Nevertheless, infrastructure assets will themselves be threatened by the impacts of climate change and the adverse meteorological events stemming from it. There is a risk for infrastructure asset managers to misprice the costs that are bound to adapting assets to climate change, or to bearing the consequences of ill-anticipated impacts and damages. These may hinder the ability of infrastructures to keep delivering their services - preventing them from fulfilling their social purpose - and affect revenues and financial performance. When investing in brownfield projects, there should therefore be an emphasis put on working towards the adaptability of infrastructure assets to the consequences of climate change.

For Cube IM, the climate-related risks and opportunities in the portfolio are notably discussed and monitored by the ESG Coordination Team and the ESG Committee (for the Board of Cube IM), liaising with the Investment and Risk Management Teams. The organisation and

responsibilities follow the aforementioned organisation and responsibilities, described in the ESMS-RI. Cube IM notably strives to follow the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures, to consider a transition to a lower-carbon economy consistent with a 2°C or lower scenario and, where relevant, scenarios consistent with increased physical climate-related risks.

The TCFD notably distinguishes two types of risks: transition risks (policy & legal, technology, market, reputation) and physical risks (acute, chronic) as well as several types of opportunities (resource efficiency, energy source, products and services, markets and resilience).

As part of its climate strategy amongst portfolio companies, Cube IM focuses on climate adaptation solutions vis-à-vis those risks and in light of the work of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC). In order to ensure that portfolio companies and assets can tackle climate risks, the integration of specific action points in the action plans mentioned in 'ESG organisation' have become a necessity. These actions can be analyses and mapping of climate impacts over the companies' value chains, the analysis of the resilience of assets against those risks, specific mitigating initiatives, etc.

As detailed in the previous sections, Cube IM strives to invest primarily in sectors, which presents some degree of alignment with the objectives of the transition to a lower-carbon economy and present more opportunities than risks if adequately managed. The climate-related risks most often, in the case of Cube's portfolios, are not linked to adverse climatic events, but to potential tightening the environmental regulations. For instance, in the case of the public transport platform: regulations will shape the future of the bus activity and need to be anticipated (electric bus pilot projects, etc.) to turn those risks into opportunities. Not anticipating these regulations could cause Cube's public transport portfolio companies to lose their competitive advantage and hence their contracts at renewal. On the contrary, being able to anticipate these regulations or willingness from the local authorities to provide greener services, fast and ahead of the market, would result in a better positioning and enhanced growth. Increasing resource efficiency (eco-driving) also proved to be a source of economies. Similar examples can be found across the portfolio's companies. For instance, Idex had put great

R&D efforts (over the 2011-2018 Cube IM's holding period) to move from gas-fired district heating networks to greener district-heating networks. Those greener district-heating networks made the best out of the available local resources (river, lake, etc.), pioneered in France the incorporation of green energies such as biomass, geothermic energy, CSP and were increasingly smarter (using any node of the network as a cold or heat source: e.g. a datacentre can be a heat source for the rest of the network).

Cube IM has though identified some risks linked to adverse climatic events and mitigate them at the portfolio's company level. An example of acute physical risk from weather event can be found for dstelecom. Indeed, global warming may be the cause of occasionally hotter and dryer summers in southern Europe, hence increasing the likelihood of forest fires. This is a risk well identified for dstelecom infrastructure, which

partly relies on poles in rural areas. This risk is taken into account when designing new networks (avoiding crossing wooded areas, having back-up power sources at Points of Presence level, etc.). In order to increase the resilience of its infrastructure against power disruptions caused by wildfires, dstelecom has deployed PV panels over the majority of its PoP and is project-piloting the addition of wind resource and of geothermal energy. It is worth noting dstelecom's management team is at the forefront of the proposition made to the Portuguese telecom industry to better manage this risk, crystallized in the 27 measures, published by ANACOM, whose implementation will reduce the impact of fires on telecommunications infrastructure.

The table below summarizes the climate-related risks to which Cube IM's portfolio companies are exposed:

When analysing climate-related risks and opportunities,

	Chronic	Acute
Physical risks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> District heating assets, located in Southern and Central Europe, may be subject to milder winters, hence driving down the seasonal demand for heating. Hydro-power plants will experience a decrease in annual rain falls between -10% and -40% by 2080 depending on the area and the climatic scenario considered. A change in seasonal pattern may have an impact, but would be limited with proper diversification on type of rivers and plants. PV panels in water-stressed areas of Southern Europe might face decreased yields of the panels and experience difficulties with cleaning panels resulting in higher maintenance costs. Wind farms located in Northern Europe will face decreased wind speed, translating into loss of energy output. On the other hand, more extreme winds and an increase in snow and rainfall will lead to a higher degree of wear and tear on WTG, leading to increased maintenance costs. Overall rising temperature and increased frequency of heat waves will negatively affect PUE of datacentres and lead to higher cooling demands for temperature-controlling logistics. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural fibre networks located in Southern European regions are subject to a risk of increased wildfire occurrence that can damage networks or electricity lines and thus disrupt activities. Companies that have assets located close to rivers (Seine, Thames) or to the coastline will be exposed to increased risks floods – it is for instance the case for a limited number of EV charging points in portfolio.
Transition risks	<p>Depending on the climate scenario, cogeneration assets not yet relying on green energy sources, may have to purchase carbon at higher prices than currently envisaged. Cogeneration assets or public transport assets are also in the process of greening their activities, in case this greening was not progressed according to plan (and complying with the taxonomy provisions), they may not benefit from a “green premium” at exit.</p>	

Cube IM considers various time horizons, taking due account of the fact that climate-related impacts often occur in the medium to long term, with an increased likelihood of occurrence over time:

- On the short term (0-5 years), the climate impact analysis conducted by Cube IM considers risks that require early consideration and are usually addressed in the portfolio companies' ESG action plans post-acquisition;
- On the medium term (5-10 years), Cube IM works with portfolio companies to address climate risks and opportunities that are likely to arise during the holding period of each asset, and also consider those in business plans until the disposal of the investments, conducting stress tests where needed;
- On the long term (10-20 years, and often beyond 20 years), Cube IM analyses climate impacts that could affect each portfolio company's performance, beyond the disposal of each investment to prepare for the next business plans that would be covered by the buyers of the assets, with a view to increasing the long-term resilience of the companies, future-proof their operations and ultimately increase their attractiveness for the exit period.

Since 2023, Cube IM has collaborated with the iCI members to co-develop climate risk mapping tools based on the EU Taxonomy framework. Once published, Cube will seek opportunities to integrate these tools into its climate risk analysis process. The tools provide comprehensive climate risk mapping for various infrastructure sectors, including energy, transport, telecommunications, and social infrastructure. They highlight the most significant climate hazards for each sector and identify the corresponding financial impacts. It streamlines the analysis process across companies and serves as a basis for communication.

For example, in the solar panel sector, heatwaves and changing precipitation patterns such as snow and ice are the most damaging weather events. These conditions can harm solar panels, reducing their capacity, efficiency, and energy output. For hydro power plants, extreme droughts and floods pose severe financial risks due to increased uncertainties in water flow. Datacentres face heightened demand for cooling during heatwaves, while droughts can lead to power supply failures or restricted cooling water availability.

It is crucial for companies to conduct climate scenario analysis based on high-impact scenarios and devise customized and effective climate adaptation strategies. In 2024, three portfolio companies, namely Norsk Vannkraft, GEP, and CogenInfra, have analysed their exposure to climate-related risks, with a particular focus on location-specific vulnerabilities. This assessment was assessed based on authoritative sources, including the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), and has thus guided the identification of both mitigation and adaptation strategies.

For example, GEP, drawing on the findings of this

assessment, is considering a range of structural measures—such as dam reinforcement, spillway enlargement, and levee construction—to strengthen resilience against extreme weather events like floods and storms. In parallel, non-structural measures are also being evaluated, including enhanced forecasting and early warning systems, operational adjustments, and integrated land-use planning to address risks associated with changing precipitation patterns, droughts, and water availability. Meanwhile, CogenInfra is exploring the installation of backup boilers and generators, alongside innovative energy efficiency solutions such as the reuse of excess heat from datacentres. These measures aim to enhance resilience to short-term grid disruptions and ensure continued energy service delivery under increasingly volatile climate conditions.

Before making investments, asset managers can evaluate whether locations are less prone to extreme climate events or adapt designs to withstand severe heatwaves and other extreme conditions for new infrastructure. After investments, infrastructure developers can implement emergency response plans, which might include backup power systems, temporary flood protections, or enhanced curative maintenance.

By proactively addressing these risks and integrating robust climate adaptation measures, companies can safeguard their investments and contribute to long-term sustainability and resilience.

As regards climate mitigation, Cube IM monitors their GHG emissions - the Manager has been regularly monitoring Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions, where a more direct influence may be exercised, and has strived to systematically cover the Scope 3 since 2022. Cube IM also monitors the "avoided impacts" for the different companies (estimated with the help of an external advisor, PwC under a principle of alternative uses: "what if the asset/project was not there?"). Alongside the carbon intensity, it allows the Manager to identify the most interesting sectors and the portfolio's companies, for which environmental actions would maximize the impact.

The weighted average carbon intensity gives a measure of the tons of CO₂eq emitted by the portfolio by million € of revenue. It is calculated as the sum of the product of two ratios: i) the current value of the investment / current portfolio value and ii) the investment Scope 1 and Scope 2 (and Scope 3) emissions divided by the Investment € million revenue. When an investment has been realized during the current year, the value of the investment is set at its acquisition cost. Revenues are the ones of the previous year, consistent with the measure of the GHG emissions. The same principle applies on the calculation of weighted average avoided impacts (avoided impacts/ m€ revenues).

Below are the results for Cube I (as of 2017, prior to main disposals), Cube II and Cube III's portfolios, as well as the weighted average carbon intensity and weighted average avoided impacts for the current portfolios, managed by Cube IM.

Cube I results will serve as a benchmark for Cube II and Cube III, especially on four metrics: Scope 1 & 2 emissions, total avoided impacts, weighted average carbon intensity (carbon/m€ revenues) and weighted average avoided impacts (avoided impacts/m€ revenues).

It is worth noting that the carbon intensity for a portfolio is highly dependent on the nature of the assets held in the portfolio, thermic energy producers having naturally the highest emissions per m€ revenues, followed by public transport companies. It however does not mean their contributions per m€ revenues to avoided impacts is less than other portfolio companies evolving in the renewable energy sector or in the communication infrastructure sector.

As of 31 December 2023, the Cube II portfolio reports approximately 9x lower Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions compared to the Cube I portfolio at its peak investment stage in 2017. In addition, Scope 1 & 2 carbon intensity is approximately 4x lower, driven primarily by a shift in sectoral allocation—namely, reduced exposure to thermal energy assets—and secondarily by the lower carbon intensity of Cube II's public sector investments. The avoided emissions per million euro revenue are also twice as high in Cube II's portfolio compared to Cube I. Comparing Cube II's FY23 results to FY22, there is a slight increase in carbon intensity at the fund level. While the majority of portfolio companies reduced their carbon intensity through lower fuel consumption and greater use of renewable energy, CogenInfra's marginally higher carbon intensity influenced the fund-level outcome. This occurred despite ongoing decarbonization efforts in 2023, which included the installation of photovoltaic panels, powering engines and boilers with woody biomass, geothermal heat recovery, and the use of biomethane from biogas production.

Turning to Cube III, as of 31 December 2023, the portfolio shows approximately 4x lower Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions and 3x lower carbon intensity than Cube I (based on 2017 figures). While the avoided emissions per €m revenue are currently comparable to Cube I, Cube III is still in the early stages of portfolio development. As the portfolio matures and further decarbonization measures are implemented, avoided impacts are expected to increase over time. Year-over-year, Cube III achieved a 40% reduction in carbon intensity at fund level between FY22 and FY23, even with the addition of new investments. This improvement is attributable to the decarbonization strategies adopted by most portfolio companies, which are detailed in the following section.

Cube IM intends to monitor closely those metrics for Cube II's portfolio's companies, in order to better measure the impact of the different actions taken at the level of the companies to reduce their footprint or increase their contribution to avoided impacts.

Cube I (2017) tCO ₂ eq	Sector	Scope 1	Scope 2	Scope 1 + 2	Carbon /m€ revenue	Avoided Impacts	Avoided Impacts /m€ revenue
Boreal	Public transport	78,368	21	78,389		46,026	
Hanseal	Public transport	31,473	648	32,121		81,465	
Netinera	Public transport	116,768	73,760	190,528		92,216	
Idex	Thermal energy	752,565	5,558	758,122		55,553	
Taranis	Thermal energy	146,200	276	146,476		(31,361)	
CNIM Dev	Thermal energy	287,060	3,284	290,344		281,631	
Fotosolarium	Renewable energy	-	113	113		2,475	
RPI	Renewable energy	-	1,138	1,138		57,938	
Covage	Telecommunication	329	344	673		46,933	
TOTAL		1,412,763	85,142	1,497,905	865	632,876	330

Weighted Average Carbon Intensity of 865 tCO₂eq/m€ revenue (Cube I; 2017)

*All the Scope 2 and 3 emissions are by default calculated based on location-based methodology; the numbers which are in *Italic format* are presented as market-based emissions.

Cube II (2023) tCO ₂ eq	Sector	Scope 1	Scope 2	Scope 3	Scope 1 + 2	Scope 1 + 2 + 3	Scope 1 + 2 Carbon /m€ revenue	Avoided Impacts	Avoided Impacts /m€ revenue
Bergkvara	Transports & Environment	8,555	125	15,835	8,680	24,515		114,599	
CFTR	Transports & Environment	68,565	207	36,278	68,773	105,051		303,087	
CogenInfra	Energy Transition	91,366	1,925	27,924	93,291	121,215		11,848	
GEP	Energy Transition	154	120	78,259	274	78,533		45,323	
VarangerKraft	Energy Transition	14	6	722	21	742		13,094	
dstelecom	Telecom & Digital	748	-	24,134	748	24,882		(3,262)	
G.Network	Telecom & Digital	16	169	3,698	185	3,882		(1,777)	
Heliot	Telecom & Digital	5	296	137	301	438		2,291	
ViaNovus	EV charging	5	11	7,627	15	7,642		12,742	
TOTAL		169,427	2,860	194,613	172,287	366,900	196	497,945	638

Weighted Average Carbon Intensity of 196 tCO₂eq/m€ revenue (Cube II; 2023)

*All the Scope 2 and 3 emissions are by default calculated based on location-based methodology; the numbers which are in *Italic format* are presented as market-based emissions.

Cube III (2023) tCO ₂ eq	Sector	Scope 1	Scope 2	Scope 3	Scope 1 + 2	Scope 1 + 2 + 3	Scope 1 + 2 Carbon /m€ revenue	Avoided Impacts	Avoided Impacts /m€ revenue
Sepur	Transports & Environment	17,364	349	59,076	17,713	76,789		NA	
Verdis	Transports & Environment	34,999	321	49,513	35,320	84,833		NA	
Dispam	Transports & Environment	19,469	367	19,524	19,836	39,360		NA	
Müller	Transports & Environment	37,616	50	18,877	37,665	56,542		NA	
Stations-e	EV charging	4	0	620	4	624		531	
Kople	EV charging	-	4	1,784	4	1,788		4,550	
firstcolo	Telecom & Digital	80	23	818	103	921		NA	
GleSYS	Telecom & Digital	72	140	377	212	589		NA	
Norsk Vannkraft	Energy Transition	2	2	374	3	378		2,556	
Enetiqa	Energy Transition	222,655	7,302	64,206	229,957	294,162		47,993	
GRECO	Energy Transition	14,292	0	11,896	14,293	26,188		2,601	
RiverRidge	Energy Transition	9,818	154	14,624	9,972	24,596		NA	
TOTAL		356,371	8,711	241,687	365,082	606,769	260	58,231	277

Weighted Average Carbon Intensity of 260 tCO₂eq/m€ revenue (Cube III; 2023)

In comparison, the weighted average carbon intensity of MSCI ACWI Index is 154 and 129 for the MSCI Europe Index.

Regarding the avoided impact of ViaNovus (gathering Osprey and SIIT), it is worth noting two assumptions: i) it is considered that 100% of people recharging their EV thanks to Osprey's charging stations would use diesel or gasoline cars otherwise (thus not considering alternative mobility means such as public transportation, biking or walking). As a result, avoided emissions may be slightly overestimated. ii) Some trends (e.g. electric motorcycles, "rebound effect", i.e. people which did not have a car switching to EV) are still minimal today (sensitivity analysis performed by PwC shows less than 1% impact on the avoided emissions), however are expected to become more prominent in the coming years.

Regarding the avoided impact for fibre assets, the avoided impacts only factor in remote working.

Regarding the public transport platform, a more detailed analysis of Cube II's bus fleet and the specific impacts of the bus activities can be found in the Environment subsection of the Public Transport Platform section. It is worth noting that amongst the three public transport companies, VFD seems to perform less than the others do - this is partly due to the geographical constraints in which VFD operates (hills and mountains).

Regarding the cold logistics sector, waste collection sector and datacentre sector, there is no methodology defined yet for calculating the avoided impacts. This will be discussed further going forward.

All the Scope 2 and 3 emissions are by default calculated based on location-based methodology; the numbers which are in *Italic format* are presented as market-based emissions.

The carbon footprint has also been calculated for CEBF. When compared to the result last year, the carbon intensity at CEBF fund level has been halved, mainly due to the fact that most CEBF companies have decreased their carbon intensity by implementing decarbonization actions such as decreased fuel usage from vehicles, lower electricity consumption and increased sourcing of renewable energy. It is worth noting the avoided impacts as well as avoided impacts per €m revenue are in negative figures this year, which is due to the emissions associated with the fibre optic manufacturing and installation are too significant. Therefore, there is limited claim of “avoided emissions” linked to CEBF’s fibre optic network this year.

**All the Scope 2 and 3 emissions are by default calculated based on location-based methodology; the numbers which are in italic format are presented as market-based emissions.*

CEBF (2023) tCO ₂ eq	Sector	Scope 1	Scope 2	Scope 3	Scope 1+2	Scope 1+2+3	Scope 1 + 2 Carbon /m€ revenue	Avoided Impacts	Avoided Impacts /m€ revenue
RedeAberta	Telecom & Digital	22	35	15,439	56	15,496		(12,696)	
Rune Crow	Telecom & Digital	5	11	4,153	16	4,169		(4,011)	
Rune Enia	Telecom & Digital	126	18	8,079	145	8,224		(7,267)	
Asteo	Telecom & Digital	6	5	6,216	11	6,228		(2,173)	
Unifiber	Telecom & Digital	0	0	2,574	0	2,574		(2,162)	
Fibernet	Telecom & Digital	-	1	274	1	275		(97)	
ClioFiber	Telecom & Digital	4	1	1,224	5	1,229		(937)	
TOTAL		163	72	37,959	234	38,193	26	(29,342)	(2,872)

Weighted Average Carbon Intensity of 26 tCO₂eq/m€ revenue (CEBF 2023)

Scope 1+2 Carbon emissions by companies (tCO ₂ eq)							
Cube II carbon	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Bergkvara	26,726	17,998	16,634	7,715	7,942	8,644	8,680
CFTR	8,653	52,026	53,236	42,434	51,151	57,253	68,773
CogenInfra	-	8,668	8,110	14,405	109,538	100,635	93,291
GEP	-	31	31	5	108	152	274
VarangerKraft	-	-	8	6	16	23	21
dstelecom	912	922	782	845	579	591	748
G.Network	-	1	4	26	308	220	185
Heliot	-	-	-	458	569	619	301
ViaNovus	-	-	9	-	5	15	15

Scope 1+2 Carbon emissions by companies (tCo ₂ eq)							
Cube III carbon	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Sepur	-	-	-	-	-	24,322	17,713
Verdis	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,320
Dispam	-	-	-	-	-	20,271	19,836
Müller	-	-	-	-	-	33,785	37,665
Stations-e	-	-	-	-	4	13	4
Kople	-	-	-	-	1	186	4
firstcolo	-	-	-	-	-	1,406	103
GleSYS	-	-	-	-	-	-	212
Norsk Vannkraft	-	-	-	-	-	63	3
Enetiqa	-	-	-	-	-	250,738	229,957
GRECO	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,293
RiverRidge	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,972

Avoided impact by companies (tCo ₂ eq)							
Cube II avoided impacts	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Bergkvara	118,544	156,165	148,850	134,475	124,047	190,978	114,599
CFTR	9,072	26,376	22,805	25,035	28,074	41,510	303,087
CogenInfra	-	481	635	1,527	(35,581)	(30,632)	11,848
GEP	-	4,110	5,024	5,633	30,928	22,064	45,323
VarangerKraft	-	-	2,990	1,672	2,780	12,011	13,094
dstelecom	17,920	14,443	41,272	67,773	128,847	4,955	(3,262)
G.Network	-	1,886	7,069	56,535	45,958	(6,716)	(1,777)
Heliot	-	-	-	4,919	4,167	3,611	2,291
ViaNovus	-	-	541	3,671	3,825	10,256	12,742

Avoided impact by companies (tCo ₂ eq)							
Cube III avoided impacts	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Sepur	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA
Verdis	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA
Dispam	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA
Müller	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA
Stations-e	-	-	-	-	(708)	204	531
Kople	-	-	-	-	603	1,183	4,550
firstcolo	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA
GleSYS	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA
Norsk Vannkraft	-	-	-	-	-	1,472	2,556
Enetiqa	-	-	-	-	-	88,484	47,993
GRECO	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,601
RiverRidge	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA

Biodiversity-related risks and opportunities

To address the increasing importance of biodiversity preservation and meet evolving regulatory requirements, Cube IM is taking proactive steps to assess the biodiversity-related risks of its portfolio companies and support the implementation of effective mitigation strategies. To conduct this assessment and identify mitigating actions, Cube has utilized the ENCORE assessment tool, and WWF's biodiversity risk analysis to conduct a comprehensive biodiversity risk analysis, as presented in the below table. The Manager has used the tools to list the most common biodiversity risks for each sector, whether because they depend or have adverse impacts on those factors and assess the extent to which they apply to each portfolio company individually. While fiber and EV charging assets have been assessed, no material biodiversity risks were identified for these categories.

Incorporating biodiversity risks into investment decisions is essential not only to fulfill fiduciary duties but also to enhance biodiversity and ecosystems, which are key to mitigating investment risks and achieving risk-adjusted returns. Moving forward, Cube will actively collaborate with portfolio companies to strengthen their management of nature-related risks, capitalize on biodiversity-related opportunities, and monitor progress over time.

Cold Logistics Sector	
Dependency	<p>Biodiversity Risks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The cold logistics sector relies heavily on agricultural yields, which are increasingly vulnerable to climate change and the impacts of biodiversity loss. Projected declines in yields and shortages in fresh food and dairy products supplies will affect the sector due to diminished volumes of goods to transport. <p>Our Companies' Mitigation Strategies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Geographical and Product Diversification: By diversifying the geographical range of customer base and the types of goods transported, companies can mitigate the risks of localized disruptions. Proactive Customer Engagement: Close customer contact and proactive management practices help anticipate and adapt to market changes swiftly, enhancing overall supply chain resilience.
District Heating Sector (focus on biomass-sourcing)	
Impact	<p>Biodiversity Risks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Overharvesting: Unsustainable wood sourcing can lead to deforestation, habitat loss, and decreased biodiversity, disrupting local ecosystems. Local Ecosystem Effects: Fuelwood splitting and biomass production may result in soil degradation and changes in local flora and fauna. Air Quality: Biomass combustion can generate emissions (such as sulfur dioxide (SO₂), particulate matter (PM), and volatile organic compounds (VOCs)) that degrade air quality, indirectly affecting biodiversity. <p>Our Companies' Mitigation Strategies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sustainable Sourcing Policy: Some portfolio companies have developed policies prioritizing sustainable timber sourcing and biodiversity conservation. Biomass is sourced from certified bodies and monitored by authorities. In most cases, waste wood and waste branches from wood processing companies or forest maintenance activities are prioritized. Emission Control Technologies: Emission monitoring is usually mandated by law and enforced by operating permits. Companies leverage advanced technologies like electrostatic precipitators, selective non-catalytic reduction, and flue gas scrubbers to reduce air pollution. Solid waste and wastewater are responsibly treated and repurposed.

Hydro Power Sector	
Impact	<p>Biodiversity Risks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Habitat Alteration: Modifications to water flow can disrupt aquatic habitats, affecting fish migration and spawning grounds. • Water Quality: Reduced flow lowers oxygen levels and leads to higher water temperatures, negatively affecting aquatic life. • Flow Regimes: Changes in sediment transport and deposition affect riverbed and bank ecosystems. <p>Our Companies' Mitigation Strategies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Environmental Impact Assessments and Fish Ladders: A thorough Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) is required and approved by local authorities when building and operating run-of-river hydropower plants. Authorities require the construction of fish ladders, rehabilitating flora and fauna along riverbanks, and monitoring water quality.
Solar Power Sector	
Impact	<p>Biodiversity Risks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Habitat Loss and Fragmentation: The development of ground-mounted solar panels can displace wildlife, fragment habitats, and disrupt ecosystems. <p>Our Companies' Mitigation Strategies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Environmental Impact Assessment: A thorough Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) is required and approved by local authorities, ensuring the project complies with stringent environmental standards. • Habitat Corridors and Buffer Zones: The project layout includes wildlife corridors and buffer zones to protect sensitive habitats and allow for species movement. Project activities are planned to avoid critical breeding or nesting periods, further mitigating biodiversity impacts. • Erosion and Pollution Control: Erosion control measures are implemented to protect soil health and prevent degradation. Noise and light pollution are minimized to reduce disruption to local wildlife.
Wind Power Sector	
Impact	<p>Biodiversity Risks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impacts on reindeer habitat: Our wind farms in Northern Scandinavia are located on indigenous Sami land. Sami culture is embedded in reindeer herding. Reindeer herding supports biodiversity by maintaining tundra ecosystems, preventing habitat overgrowth, and fostering ecological balance. Wind farms can disturb the wildlife through noise and movement, and fragment habitats by introducing roads and turbines to the landscape. <p>Our Companies' Mitigation Strategies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To minimize disruption to reindeers, the company halts technical activities during calving season. Additionally, the management maintains positive relationships with the local Sami communities.

Waste Management Sector	
Impact	<p>Biodiversity Risks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Air Pollution: Landfills produce pollutants such as methane and volatile organic compounds (VOCs), impacting air quality and local wildlife. • Leachate Contamination: Unmanaged leachate can harm soil, groundwater, and ecosystems. • Surface Water Runoff: Contaminated runoff can affect local water bodies and reduce biodiversity. <p>Our Companies' Mitigation Strategies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Site-Specific Management Plan: A comprehensive Site-Specific Management Plan (SSMP) is implemented to address air quality impacts through dust and odor control measures and landfill gas extraction. In addition, activated carbon abatement is located in the drying shed to remove VOC's from emissions to air. • Leachate Leakage Prevention: Solar-powered leachate pumps direct leachate into a treatment facility, reducing chemical use and ensuring compliance with landfill regulations. • Biodiversity reed beds: Site drainage includes oil-water separators and silt traps. Biodiversity reed beds naturally filter surface water, promoting cleaner water and creating habitats for wildlife.
Transport Sector (including Cold Logistics Sector)	
Impact	<p>Biodiversity Risks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Air Pollution: Emissions from vehicle engines and maintenance activities can release pollutants. Air pollution can degrade air quality, and negatively affect local flora and fauna. • Soil and Water Pollution: Spills and leaks of fuels, oils, lubricants, and other hazardous substances can contaminate soil or surface water. • Noise Pollution: Operations at depots, including vehicle movement, loading and unloading, and maintenance activities, can generate noises. Noise pollution can disturb local wildlife, disrupt breeding and feeding behaviors, and reduce the quality of life for nearby residents. <p>Our Companies' Mitigation Strategies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emission Control Technologies: Our portfolio companies use advanced emission control technologies on vehicles and maintenance equipment to reduce pollutants. There is ongoing process of upgrading the truck fleet to low emission vehicles. • Spill Prevention and Response: Our portfolio companies implement spill prevention measures, including secondary containment systems and spill response plans. One case is to use hydrocarbon separators in the tanks to prevent accidental spills. The existence of acid retention tank in the charging area can prevent accidental acid spills from batteries. • Hazardous Material Handling: Our companies ensure proper storage, handling, and disposal of hazardous materials to prevent soil contamination. Establish recycling programs for materials such as metal, plastic, and paper. • Noise Barriers: Some of the companies install noise barriers around the depot to reduce noise levels. Usually, they also limit noisy activities to daytime hours to reduce disturbance to wildlife and residents.

Governance & Ethics

Cube IM's Funds have a focused geographical scope: the European region (the EU, UK, Norway, Switzerland, Iceland). Within that geographical scope, human rights, labour rights and business ethics have to be respected as a matter of European and/or national law.

As a consequence, we expect those companies to be de facto aligned with principles of business ethics, as notably encompassed by the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, including the principles and rights set out in the eight fundamental conventions identified in the Declaration of the International Labour Organisation on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and the International Bill of Human Rights. During the pre-Investment phase, the legal and ESG due diligence assess compliance with those regulations and principles.

The ESG due diligence includes the review of topics such as child labour, trade union rights, discrimination, business ethics, management-employee relations, minimum remuneration, supply chain as well as tax fraud. For Cube III, the human rights-related issues are assessed using relevant PAI indicators.

Cube IM will work with portfolio companies to ensure that, where required, their ESG action plans systematically include responsible business and procurement practices, for example through the adoption of a Code of Ethics and sustainable procurement policy, encompassing rules to respect human rights across the company operation and

mitigate potential human rights risks along the supply chain.

Throughout 2024, Cube IM's ESG Coordination team has held a series of training sessions and workshops with Infrastructure Companies and the Investment Team, covering topics such as:

- Analysing climate-related risks and setting up a climate adaptation plan
- Calculating or estimating GHG emissions
- Understanding the Science-Based Targets initiative (SBTi) and its validation procedure
- Understanding the EU Taxonomy
- Complying with the EU Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD) (sessions held by external advisors)

The Manager also trained the Investment Team on topics such as:

- Understanding and complying with EU ESG regulations impacting the Financial Sector
- Critically analysing ESG indicators
- Developing value-creating ESG action plans

In addition, the training on the Manager's ESMS-RI was hosted again for new joiners to strengthen ESG integration into the investment process.



ESG Process Guidelines

2023

Aurélien Roelens, ESG Coordinator
aroelens@cubeim.com

Environ Duquesne, ESG Associate
ed@cubeim.com

Background Information

Definition – Scope 1, 2 & 3 Emissions

FIGURE 2
Overview of scopes and emissions across the value chain

Scope 1
Direct GHG emissions occur from sources that are owned or controlled by the organisation. For example emissions from combustion in owned or controlled boilers, generators, vehicles, as well as process and fugitive emissions.

Scope 2
Indirect GHG emissions occur from the generation of purchased electricity, heating, cooling and steam.

Scope 3
Other indirect GHG emissions occur from activities relating to the value chain (upstream and downstream), from sources not owned or controlled by the organisation. There are 15 Scope 3 categories.

Upstream activities | Reporting company | Downstream activities

Source: IRII and efort, 2016. Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard

ESG PROCESS OVERVIEW

An ESG management system with a 3-step approach

ESG management occurs at all stages of the investment lifecycle: from identification of material ESG issues in the pre-acquisition phase to active engagement during ownership. Cube must ensure that risks are mitigated and opportunities identified are realised. The respect and formalization of these steps described in Cube IM investment policy and ESMS-RI is controlled by the compliance function.

INVESTMENT PHASE

The objective of this step is to investigate a potential investment based on the assessment of its ESG maturity, and to identify material ESG issues that need to be addressed. This phase includes three stages:

- 1 ESG due diligence (pre-acquisition)
- 2 Assessment of current situation (pre-acquisition)
- 3 Creation of action plan (post-acquisition)

PORTFOLIO HOLDING PERIOD

The objective of this step is to enhance the ESG maturity, decrease risks and increase long-term perspectives throughout the holding period, to measure and monitor extra-financial performance, and communicate results both internally and externally.

- 1 Action plan annual update
- 2 KPI monitoring and reporting
- 3 Material ESG incidents reports

EXIT PHASE

The exit preparation phase aims at demonstrating improvements in ESG performance during ownership and hence improving asset attractiveness for future stakeholders.

- 1 Final ESG due diligence

CUBE IM – THE EUROPEAN REGULATIONS

Table of contents

- 1 The Sustainable Financial Disclosure Regulation (SFDR)
- 2 The EU Taxonomy
- 3 The Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD)
- 4 Ongoing regulatory discussions around ESG
- 5 Appendices

Physical Climate Risk Analysis

Process to conduct the climate risk analysis

The objectives of conducting the climate risk analysis are to:

- Understand what kind of climate risks the business will face in the course of the next 50 years
- Adapt to present risks and prepare to future risks by taking action now

The following process is based on the Do Not Significant Harm Principle suggested by EU Taxonomy

- 1 Identify key assets & clients and their respective local physical risks
- 2 Identify the likelihood and level of impact of each risk to determine the priority of action
- 3 Define a response strategy to each risk to reduce risks with higher significance
- 4 Compile the results in a report and regularly review the report

Science-Based Targets Initiative (SBTi)

OVERVIEW: WHAT IS THE SBTi?

The Science Based Target initiative (SBTi) guarantees that the actions taken by the companies are grounded in science (Paris Agreement). Business has a vital role to play in driving down greenhouse gas emission and building a resilient and zero-emission economy that we need.

What are science-based emission reduction targets?

Targets are considered 'science-based' if they are in line with what the latest climate science deems necessary to meet the goals of the Paris Agreement – limiting global warming to 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels.

The SBTi call to action is one of the **We Mean Business Coalition** commitments.

Objectives

- Promotes best practice in setting science-based targets for emissions reduction (SBT)
- Offers resources and guidance to reduce barriers to adoption
- Independently assesses and approves companies' targets

34% Companies with science-based targets or which have committed to set targets represent 34% of the global economy by market capitalization.

As part of the post-acquisition action plan, Cube IM assists its portfolio companies in deploying adequate procedures and related trainings. As of Q1 2025, 93% of the portfolio companies have adopted an ESG policy, 90% a Code of Ethics and 66% a sustainable procurement policy. 100% of the portfolio companies are covered by an ESG action plan validated by both the Board of portfolio company and the Head of ESG.

On the social side, the Manager invests notably in companies with growth potential and hence favors the direct creation of jobs. Most of the companies in Cube's portfolios have created direct jobs (excluding GEP where the two employees were transferred to another entity overseeing a larger renewable portfolio), mostly local jobs, since Cube's initial investment, as exemplified in the positive CAGR in FTE number over the holding period (6 companies exhibiting CAGR above 30% - excluding the CEBF).

ESG Action Plan

100 %

of all companies have ESG action plans in place

ESG Policy Adoption

93 %

of all companies adopted an ESG policy

Code of Ethics Adoption

90 %

of all companies adopted a Code of Ethics

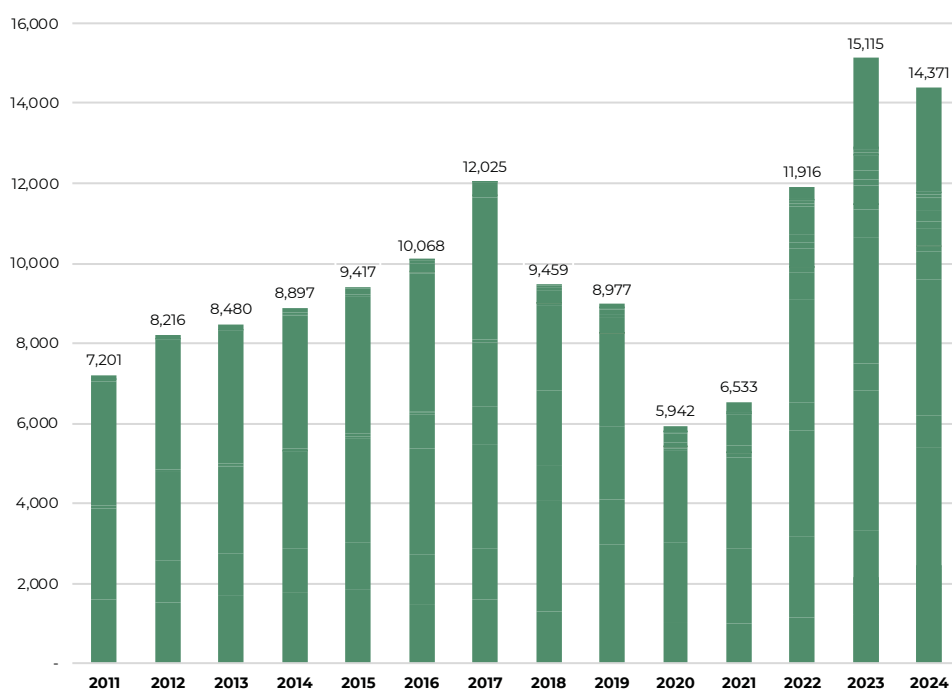
Social

On the social side, the Manager invests notably in companies with growth potential and hence favours the direct creation of jobs. Most of the companies in Cube's portfolios have created direct jobs (excluding GEP where the two employees were transferred to another entity

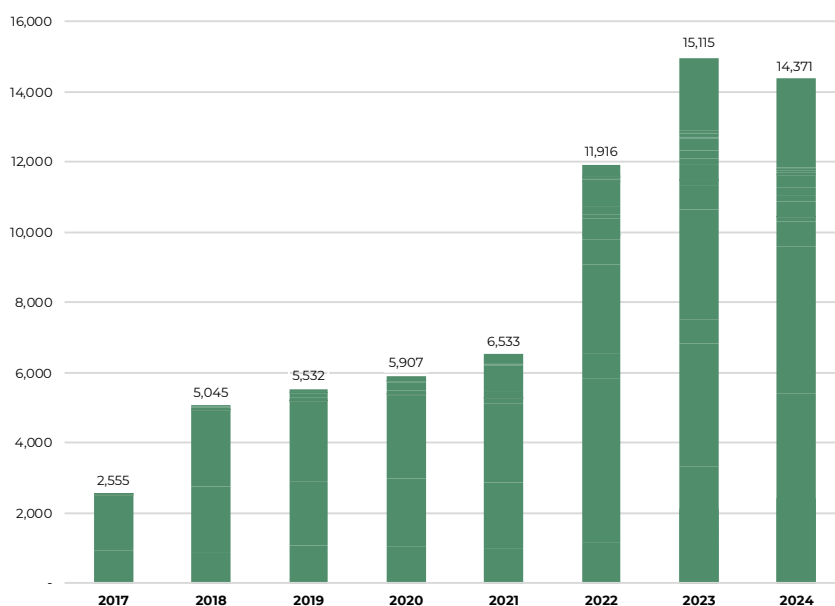
overseeing a larger renewable portfolio), mostly local jobs, since Cube's initial investment, as exemplified in the positive CAGR in FTE number over the holding period (6 companies exhibiting CAGR above 30% - excluding the CEBF).

Buy and Grow Strategy

FTEs evolution - Historical



Zoom since 2017 (excluding Cube I)



Employees under Cube II

+62 %

since acquisition

Cube II employees: **7,457**
including Umove (divested)

Employees under Cube III

+19 %

since acquisition

Cube III employees: **8,066**

The Manager also strives to monitor social aspects in all portfolio companies and encourages the management to take measures to enhance working conditions, with the primary focus being on work accidents reduction. 86% of portfolio companies have set up accident prevention policies, and most companies have reduced accident frequency rate in 2024.

86%

of Cube IM's portfolio companies
have set up accident prevention
policies

Well-being at work is also a focus, with the development of several initiatives (facilities on campus, access to class for personal or professional development, innovation days, etc.) being implemented by portfolio companies.

While the Manager has not set explicit Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) targets for its portfolio companies, it actively encourages them to advance DEI wherever

feasible. DEI initiatives are typically more applicable and impactful for mid- to large-sized portfolio companies, which are better positioned to adopt formalized approaches. As a first step, companies are encouraged to establish their own DEI policies and governance frameworks, laying the foundation for structured and accountable practices. Secondly, companies are advised to benchmark against industry peers and adopt the relevant best practices. For example, in the public transport sector, this may involve targeted recruitment of female drivers or improvements to workplace infrastructure to better accommodate employees with disabilities. Finally, for companies aiming to strengthen their employer brand and stand out within their sector, the Manager encourages the launch of pilot initiatives—such as returning from maternity leave programs, inclusive recruitment programs targeting refugees and long-term unemployed, or proactive measures to address gender pay gaps through policy adjustments. These initiatives not only reflect a commitment to fairness but also contribute to long-term resilience, talent attraction, and reputation building.

Further information can be found in the sector sections below.

Internal actions

Cube IM team members have undertaken several actions within the management company towards environment and wider society.



Environmental impacts

Cube IM opted for environmentally friendly offices in Luxembourg (green electricity + district heating).

Cube IM opted for separating waste in the office, for the use of recycled paper for internal documents and reusable cups. Besides, employees are encouraged to use low-carbon impact means of transportation for commuting.

In 2017, PwC was mandated to assess the carbon footprint of Cube IM (for year 2016), in order to quantify the main areas of GHG emissions and ultimately try mitigating this impact. Cube IM's total carbon footprint amounted to 336 tCO₂eq. (368 tCO₂eq. incl. carbon emissions linked to the fundraising process). In 2023, Cube IM launched the carbon assessment to see the evolution against 2017 results. The total carbon footprint for FY22 increased to 731 t-CO₂-eq, mainly due to business growth, increased purchased services and business travels. Scope 1 emissions have decreased by decreased more than 50% since there is lower fuel consumption for vehicles. It is broadly in line with peers based on metrics per employee or per € of revenue. Of course, this looks negligible compared to tons of CO₂ equivalent per year emitted by the portfolio's companies.

Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) approach

In 2024, the Manager launched the inaugural Women in Infrastructure Talent Program, an 18-month rotational initiative aimed at developing high-potential female professionals interested in infrastructure investing. The program provides participants with broad exposure across different investment sectors and corporate functions, fostering a comprehensive understanding of the private equity landscape.

This initiative complements the firm's early-career recruitment strategies, including internship programs and collaboration with leading European business schools. The program also includes structured mentorship, targeted training, and networking opportunities, and is designed to enhance gender diversity within the investment team—particularly at the junior level—while promoting collaboration among professionals with diverse academic backgrounds, expertise, and seniority.

Heyue Zhou was recruited as an Investment Analyst through the Program and has since made valuable contributions to both the Energy investment team and the Investor Relations team. Building on the success of this initiative, the Manager will launch the second

edition of the Women in Infrastructure Talent Program in 2025, reinforcing its commitment to fostering gender diversity within the investment team and supporting the development of female talent in the infrastructure sector.

Inauguration of the Women in Infrastructure Program



HEYUE ZHOU
ANALYST

Academic Background

- Erasmus University Rotterdam: Bachelor's degree in Economics
- HEC Paris: Master's degree in International Finance

“

The Women in Infrastructure Program has provided me with valuable insights into Cube's cross-functional operations. It has deepened my understanding of how various teams collaborate to support infrastructure investments and contribute to Cube's value creation process.

”

Rotational Timeline

- **Jul-24 - Investment**
Energy Transition
District heating asset management & summit
- **Jan-25 - Investor Relations**
Investor servicing & fundraising
- **Jul-25 - Investment**
Transport & Environment

With regards to the external initiatives, the Manager actively promotes gender diversity and professional development through its participation in Private Equity for Women (PE4W), a Luxembourg-based initiative dedicated to advancing the representation of women in the private equity industry. Several employees are actively involved in PE4W initiatives, contributing to ongoing dialogues around gender equity and best practices across the sector. Most recently, the Manager participated in a PE4W roundtable on the EU Gender Pay Gap Directive, sharing insights and learning how leading firms are moving beyond compliance to embed transparency and equity into their broader talent and retention strategies.

Community Engagement

The Manager Team members, as infrastructure and finance professionals, are particularly aware that infrastructures and financings are basic needs of any society, and that unfortunately, in some countries, those needs are far from being met. The team has undertaken immediate actions directed towards charities. In recent years, the Manager team members have participated to several charity runs. The Manager is also choosing every year between two and four NGOs to support (local NGOs, infrastructure related NGOs, collaborators' NGOs).

In 2024, the Manager supported two NGOs:

- Luxembourgian Red Cross (€1.0k), which notably created social grocery stores in the Grand Duchy, to allow fresh quality products to be distributed at reasonable costs for local people in precarious situation.
- Credit's Mines (€1.0k), NGO dedicated to rural Togolese microfinance - the gift allowed the launch of new village bank dedicated to solar energy, in cooperation with Mivo Energie. This project will allow providing circa fifty solar kits/lanterns per annum to the villagers to replace battery lamps and kerosene lamps. This will translate in savings for the villagers, greater quality of life (and more study time for kids at night) and an environmental benefit estimated to 110tCO₂eq avoided (and much less battery-related pollution).

Correspondence with the UN SDG



SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

THE MANAGER'S ACTIONS



ENERGY EFFICIENCY PLATFORM



PUBLIC TRANSPORT PLATFORM



COMMUNICATION INFRASTRUCTURE PLATFORM



CONNECTING EUROPE BROADBAND FUND



The UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are the blueprint to a better and more sustainable future for all. The plan is structured in 17 goals and a total of 169 targets which are at the heart of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, adopted by all United Nations Member States in 2015.

As part of the ESG assessment, the Manager has identified which are the relevant goals and targets and how these are tackled both at the level of the Manager and of the portfolio companies.

Given their macro nature, the SDGs are not directly used in the day-to-day ESG actions of the Manager, but they remain de facto present across the different actions and it is possible to explain some correspondence between the actions and the SDGs.

Out of the 17 SDGs, the Manager has identified four goals as core to its business:



Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

"Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all"

Building resilient infrastructure is core to the activity and the main purpose of Cube IM' strategy.

"By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities"

As part of Cube IM strategy, the Manager adopts clean and environmentally sound technologies in the portfolio companies including the development of Electric Vehicle charging network in the UK through Osprey or in France with SIIT, using electric and hydrogen buses through our Public Transport companies, using electric vans for London-based G.Network or the usage of biomass-powered boilers instead of gas-power. Cube IM monitors for all its portfolio companies the CO2 eq emissions (compared notably to the revenues), on top of the avoided impacts.

"Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020"

Though Cube IM works primarily in Europe, some areas, notably rural areas still lack access to high-speed internet, with the overall risk of a digital exodus. Through

several of Cube I and Cube II's portfolio companies and through the Connecting Europe Broadband Fund, Cube IM strives to provide fibre infrastructure to underserved areas, particularly in rural regions, thus reducing the infrastructure gap between rural and urban areas. It is also a question of ensuring equality of rights to access this new community that is high speed internet (echoing to SDG's sub goal 1.4).



Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

"By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix"

"By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency"

The Manager has tackled both objectives through investments in all major renewable energy options (Solar PV, on-shore wind, geothermic, hydro and biomass) and in district heating, with a focus on further decreasing the GHG emissions stemming from both heat and electricity generation.



Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

"By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons"

Through its Public Transport platform, the Manager provides safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable public transport in several European regions. The Manager pushes innovation to achieve greener means of transportation through new technologies as hydrogen and electric-powered vehicles.



Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts

“Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries”

“Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning”

The initial Due Diligences factor the risk of climate-related hazards on the infrastructure and potential mitigation actions are included in the action plan and developed throughout the monitoring phase (e.g. actions undertaken by dstelecom on the higher occurrence of fires in Portugal).

As mentioned in the specific section of this report, the Manager also strives to hold investments that contribute to the fight against climate change and to improve their contribution during the monitoring period through concrete initiatives in the action plans. The Manager will keep reinforcing its action in both measurements (scope 3 for all the assets, alignment with Paris agreement, etc.) and systematization of carbon reduction initiatives.

Through the action plans put in place within the portfolio companies, other SDGs are directly addressed, notably:



Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all

“Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment”

As demonstrated in the sections below, Cube IM keeps close track of Health and Safety related issues including work accidents, which are deeply analyzed to implement enhancement or corrective measures.

It is worth noting that sustainable procurement policies adopted by portfolio companies also strive to contribute to 8.7.



Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

“Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle” “Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities”

“By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse”

Action plans applicable to all portfolio companies

incorporate ESG reporting and the creation of sustainable procurement policies. Those sustainable procurement policies incorporate the issue of waste, notably trying to limit waste production during the construction and operation period.



Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

“Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms”

Given the constant relation with Public Authorities and the public, the Manager has implemented Code of Conducts and whistle blower policies in all portfolio companies and afferent training to all their employees has been provided.

“Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels” (16.6.2, proportion of population satisfied with their last experience with public services).



Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all

“By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture’s contribution to sustainable development”

All of Cube’s portfolio companies have strong ESG policies in place and relevant employees are trained on sustainable development practices. Furthermore, Cube IM participates in several ESG-related academic and industry trainings

“By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship”

Cube provides vocational training as well as education to different groups through different initiatives including training for refugees in Denmark (bus driving), University chair and courses in Portugal (ICT skills also contributing to 4.4), training center for Covage (optical fibre) or a set of apprenticeship schemes within G.Network in the United Kingdom.



Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

“Ensure women’s full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life”

Cube IM strives to foster gender diversity through specific actions in the portfolio companies actions plans and incentives women participation in the portfolio companies.



Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

“By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally”

When portfolio companies use water, they are mindful of putting in place procedures to limit the use of clean water and the use of chemicals. It is notably the case for Public Transport companies, which have put in place several initiatives to recycle water or use rainwater, for instance, when washing the rolling stocks.



Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development

“Encourage and promote effective public, public-private and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships”

A vast majority of our portfolio companies strive to encourage effective public-private partnerships. Some also engage into common R&D work in association with universities and public authorities or institutions.

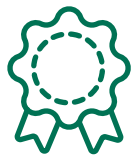


Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

“By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination”.

All portfolio companies have environmental policies in place in order to avoid the aforementioned types of pollution. Soil pollution is under special scrutiny especially in the bus depots of the public transport platform.





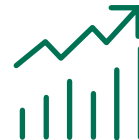
100% of portfolios' companies covered by ESG action plans validated by the portfolios' companies' Board and the Head of ESG within 6 months of acquisition



93% of the current portfolios companies have adopted an ESG policy



70% of Cube II portfolio companies are aligned with a 2°C pathway



3.43% CAGR FTE (all investments since inception) weighted by number of employees at acquisition





The background image shows a portion of a light-colored building with a dark tiled roof. A green fence with a decorative top runs along the bottom of the frame. A tree with green and brown leaves is visible on the left side. The sky is blue.

02

TRANSPORT &
ENVIRONMENT

Transport & Environment



Introduction

Promoting sustainable development and curbing global emissions is often measured in terms of avoided impacts. In this context, the Transport & Environment (T&E) team plays a key role in Cube's ESG strategy.

The development of public transport, the historical focus of Cube's (T&E) team, is paramount for sustainable transport, representing a more energy-efficient alternative to more polluting forms of individual transport.

Since 2022, Cube has also started to expand into new areas, notably investing in the temperature-controlled logistics and the municipal waste collection sector. While the first sector is a fundamental backbone of the supply chain, the latter represents an essential service provided to municipalities and the society, as well as a cornerstone of the waste recycling and the circular economy.

All these sectors are facing huge pressure to reduce their high carbon emissions and environmental impact over the next years.

The social inclusion of employees and the professional integration of young people are also key topics for these labour-intensive sectors.

Cube is committed to supporting its portfolio companies in these transformations, encouraging the investments needed to convert the existing fleets to less polluting vehicles, as well as the implementation of ambitious social policies.

Cube also promotes the sharing of best practices among its portfolio companies, in particular through the organization of three annual summits dedicated to the three main sectors in which the T&E team has invested to date: the Public Transport Summit (inaugurated in 2018), the Temperature Controlled Logistics Summit (inaugurated in 2023), and the Waste Collection Summit (inaugurated in 2024). Such events gather together managers from different countries and backgrounds allowing them to discuss common topics, and increasingly environmental and social challenges, and share experiences.

Portfolio

With the exit of Umove in October 2024, the T&E portfolio is currently invested in six companies across France, Austria, Denmark, Norway, Sweden and Finland: Bergkvara and CFTR (public transport), Sepur and Verdis (municipal waste collection), Dispam and Müller Transporte (temperature-controlled logistics).



UMOVE (Exited)

Fund: Cube II - Location: Denmark

Investment Date: May 2017

Established in 2013 through a management buy-in of a small operator and expanded through small acquisitions and significant contract wins, Umove has become the #1 line bus network operator in Denmark holding a 15% market share. Headquartered in Glostrup in the Copenhagen area, the company has c.1,150 employees and operates a fleet of c.700 buses. Umove's revenues are generated from 28 regulated, long-term, availability-based contracts with local Public Transport Authorities ("PTAs") across Denmark, providing strong visibility with respect to future cash flows. Cube exited Umove in October 2024 to institutional investors advised by J.P. Morgan Asset Management.



BERGKVARA

Fund: Cube II - Location: Sweden

Investment Date: December 2017

Founded in 1975, Bergkvara (formerly Mekka Traffic) has grown through contract wins and complementary add-on acquisitions to become a major public transport operator in Sweden. It serves local authorities under long-term, availability-based contracts with indexation mechanisms securing predictable cash flows. Bergkvara is the #5 (based on consolidated turnover) bus transport operator in Sweden. In 2022, the company entered the Stockholm tram market through the acquisition of Stockholm Spårvägar and is now operating the complete tram network of the capital city. Bergkvara operates a fleet of more than 1,000 buses (including over 100 electric buses), and employs over 2,300 FTEs.



CFTR

Fund: Cube II - Location: France

Investment Date: April, July and December 2018 and December 2021

CFTR is a holding company created to develop a leading player in the French public transport market through the acquisition and development of several regional public transport companies. CFTR has acquired four companies to date: Lacroix and SAVAC are the two leading independent public transport operators in the greater Paris area and VFD and Maisonneuve are two public transport operators in the Auvergne-Rhône-Alpes (AuRA) region (which includes the cities of Lyon and Grenoble). Today the #1 privately owned public transport operator in France platform, CFTR operates 2,230 vehicles and employs 3,470 people with the majority of its revenues secured with availability-based contracts.



Sepur

Fund: Cube III - Location: France

Investment Date: March 2022

Founded in 1965, Sepur is the largest pure-play municipal waste collection operator in France and the number two player in waste management services in the greater Paris area. The company serves c. 220 municipalities and 13 million inhabitants through more than 145 operating sites, 4,900 FTEs and 2,300 vehicles of which c.75% are powered with green energies (electricity NGV, or biofuel). Revenues are predominantly generated out of a diversified portfolio of more than 275 medium- to long-term contracts with local authorities. More than 50% of revenues are availability-based providing resilience to economic cycles.



Verdis

Fund: Cube III - Location: Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Finland

Investment date: November 2023

Verdis is the leading Nordic municipal waste collection platform with operations across Denmark, Finland, Norway, and Sweden. The company serves c.100 municipalities, more than 5 million inhabitants with c.2,050 FTEs and a fleet of c.1,200 trucks, of which c.45% are powered with green energies (HVO, biogas or electricity). Contracts are largely availability-based and protected against inflation, which provides strong resilience through economic cycles. Where synergetic, the company also serves some Industrial & Commercial (I&C) clients and has recently started operating waste sorting centers in Denmark and Finland.



Dispam

Fund: Cube III - Location: France

Investment date: July 2022

Dispam is a French multi-regional temperature-controlled logistics operator. It offers high quality temperature-controlled transport solutions for fresh food products. The company manages complex and critical just-in-time flows of perishable goods on behalf of its clients within the food industry and distribution by leveraging a network of 9 strategically located platforms, a specialized fleet of more than 200 vehicles, tailored IT systems as well as excellent technical know-how facilitating the optimized daily flow of goods and utilization of the infrastructure.



Müller Transporte

Fund: Cube III - Location: Austria

Investment date: November 2022

Müller Transporte is a leading Austrian temperature-controlled logistics operator focusing on food products in Austria and pharma products across Europe. The company is headquartered in Wiener Neudorf (c. 20km south of Vienna). The company employs c.690 FTEs and operates 4 logistics sites which are strategically located across Austria, as well as a dedicated fleet of c.375 trucks and c.370 trailers. It has established long-term relationships with a well-diversified customer base.

		Company					
Certification	Description	Bergkvara	CFTR	Sepur	Dispam	Müller	Verdis
ISO 9001	Quality management systems	x	-	x	-	x	x
ISO 14001	Environmental management systems	x	x	x	-	x	x
ISO 17025	Laboratory management systems	-	-	-	-	-	-
ISO 22301	Business Continuity Management	-	-	-	-	-	-
ISO 26001	Social responsibility	-	-	-	-	-	-
ISO 27001	Information security management system	-	-	-	-	x	-
ISO 45001	Health & Safety management systems	-	-	x	-	-	x
ISO 50001	Energy management systems	-	-	x	-	-	-
MASE-UIC	Manual for the improvement of the company environment, health and safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
RoSPA	Gold award	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Certifications per Company		2	1	4	-	2	3



Environment

Traditionally renowned for being a major contributor of greenhouse gas emissions, but also an essential part of our lives and lifestyle, transport is today considered as a key priority by governments who understand that huge transformations are needed for reducing these negative externalities and develop new forms of sustainable mobility. Besides, transitioning to zero tailpipe emission buses directly addresses concerns about pollution concentration in urban areas. By eliminating exhaust emissions, these buses help reduce the levels of NO_x, particulate matter, and other harmful pollutants that accumulate in densely populated city centres. This shift contributes to cleaner air, particularly in areas with high traffic volumes and vulnerable populations and plays a vital role in improving overall public health and quality of life in our cities.

While the energy transition in the temperature-controlled logistics sector is lagging behind due to technological limits, the public transport and waste collection sectors are undergoing radical changes, as clients increasingly require greener and cleaner fleets and integrate ESG criteria in their tender offers.

Both sectors also benefit from strong tailwinds as governments are increasing their spending to incentivize collective forms of transport and the electrification of the fleets. The recycling targets of the European Union for 2030 (65% of municipal waste and 75% of plastic

packaging waste recycled, landfill rates reduced to 10%) will increase the demand for sorting and recycling, but also for waste collection due to the higher number of pick-ups.

Beside the energy transition of the fleets, Cube's public transport portfolio companies (Umove, Bergkvara and CFTR) contribute to the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions by offering efficient transport alternatives to individual transport modalities.

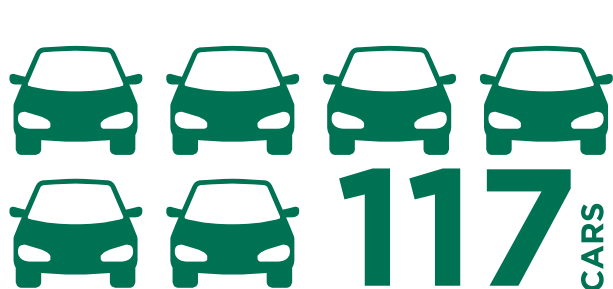
Sepur, who is committed to an ambitious target of phasing out all fossil fuels powered vehicles by 2031, is a frontrunner in circular economy playing a key role in the sorting and recycling of waste, for instance via the composting of biowaste or the production of methane.

Through its active ownership and ESG commitments, Cube encourages its portfolio companies to accelerate the energy transition towards zero-emission vehicles and implement environmentally friendly initiatives such as eco-driving training for employees.

In line with the objectives set up in the EU taxonomy technical report (TEG, March 2020), Cube is committed to both reduce the carbon footprint and increase the avoided impacts of its companies.



CAN COMMUTE IN



The energy transition in public transport - from pilot project to full-scale solution

Today, transport is still responsible for a large share of global oil consumption and CO2 emissions. Curbing emissions, improving air quality in large cities and developing sustainable forms of mobility are key priorities for all governments in the fight against climate change.

In 2020 the European Commission presented its "Sustainable and Smart Mobility Strategy" aimed at achieving its green and digital transformation and become more resilient to future crises. As part of the European Green Deal, the strategy targets a 90% reduction in transport-related emissions by 2050, to be delivered through a smart, competitive, safe, accessible, and affordable transport system.

Previously in 2017 the European Union also launched the Clean Bus Deployment Initiative which attracted numerous signatories from cities across Europe, bus manufacturers, public transport organisations and stakeholders. The initiative will support, among others, the exchange of knowledge and expertise, ensuring that technical, procedural and operational know-how about clean bus deployment is passed on from the cities that can be considered front-runners to those which are still lagging behind.



As a result of these efforts and new awareness, the electrification of bus services is progressing faster than previously expected, especially for city transport services. The market - manufacturers, operators and clients - is in a learning phase with a steep upward curve and there are already examples of tenders in which electric buses are spontaneously offered by operators instead of conventional buses. In 2023, electric bus registrations in the European Union increased by 39.1% (vs 26% in 2022) and it is expected to increase even faster in the coming years. In 2023, over 42% of city buses in Europe were zero-emission.

Regardless of regulations and clients' requests, Cube strongly encourages its companies to lead the energy transition to greener fleets. Indeed, beside going in the direction set by the EU and responding to the environmental engagements of municipalities, a clean fleet presents many additional advantages.

Although they require higher investments, clean fleets not only allow our companies to reduce their emissions, but also, in the long term, to improve their reputation and prepare for the acceleration of this inevitable transition. Driving a modern, environmentally friendly fleet fosters amongst drivers a deeper sense of belonging, professionalism, and alignment with the company's values. In addition, electric vehicles are significantly quieter than fossil fuel vehicles and limit the exhaust fumes of diesel buses, thus having an immediate important impact on living conditions and air quality in large cities.

Finally, prioritizing the transition to low carbon and zero-emission transport align our companies with national and local authorities, as they are subject to growing environmental commitments and social pressure, but also with our ultimate clients - passengers, households and consumers - who are increasingly aware of the importance of these issues and consider them in their decisions.

Diesel vs electric buses - Comparison of related investments and operating costs (Illustrative)

		
Cost Category	Electric bus	Diesel bus
Purchase cost	€375,000	€200,000
Fuel/Energy Cost (15 yrs)	€225,000	€600,000
Maintenance Cost (15 yrs)	€187,500	€322,500
Mid-to-end-life Battery Replacement	€100,000	N/A
Total Lifecycle Cost (15 yrs)	€887,500	€1,122,500

A pioneer investor in public transport, Cube launched various pilot projects with electrical vehicles in its portfolio companies in the early days of the electrification.

This was the case with Boreal, a portfolio company in Norway now exited, introducing the first electrical buses in 2015. Cube was able to capitalize on this experience to launch a similar project, with the exited Belgian company Hansea, in 2017.

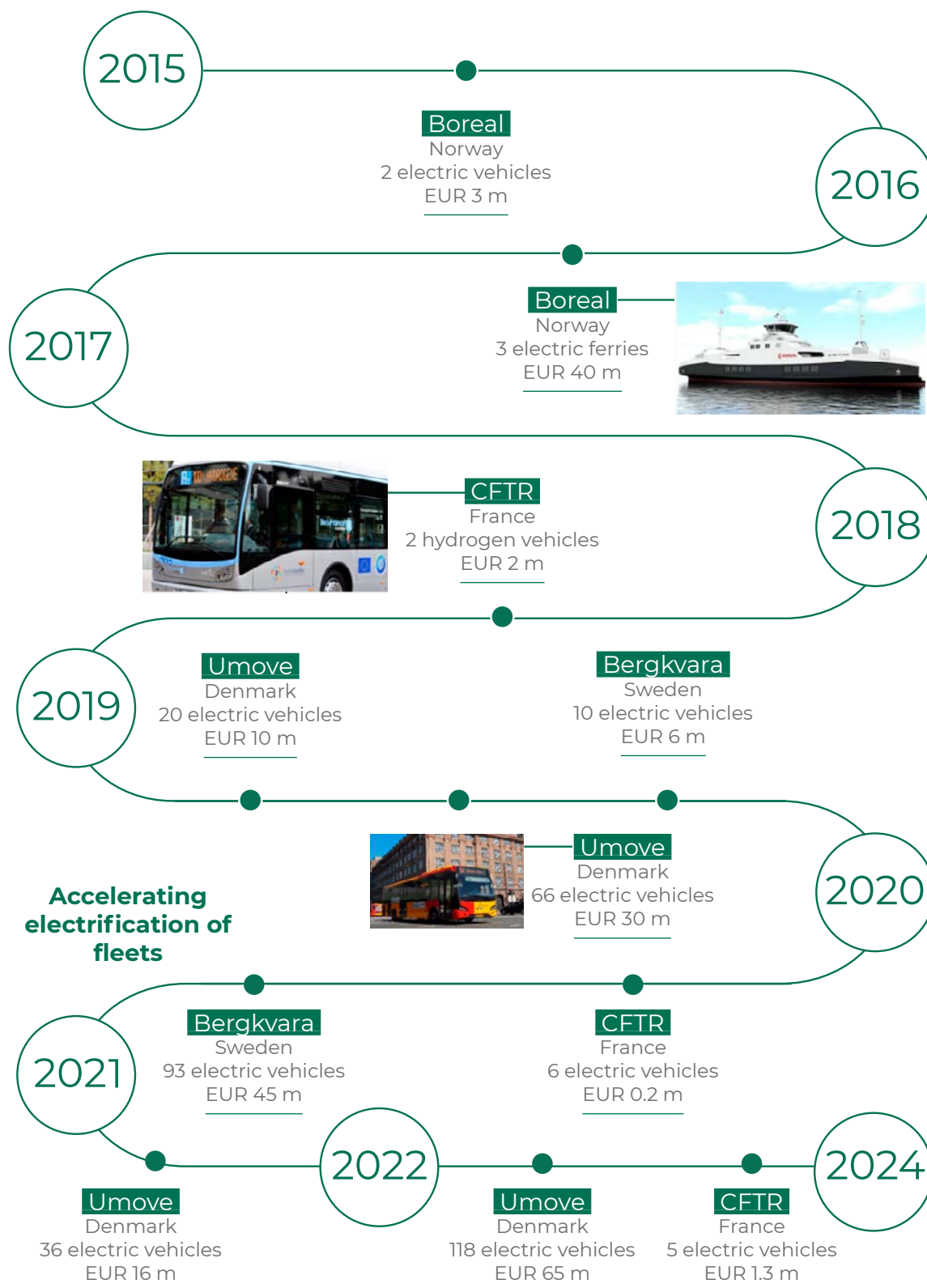
As in the Nordics, public transport authorities (PTAs) are well ahead with respect to environmental considerations compared to other European countries, the energy transition in these countries is advancing faster. In 2018, Cube’s public transport companies in the region won their first contract involving electric buses: Umove (Denmark) was awarded a 10-year contract involving 20 electric vehicles, while Bergkvara (Sweden) won an 8-year contract involving 10 electric vehicles. Since then, both companies have significantly expanded their electric fleets.

Even if the situation is evolving at a slower pace in France, the number of green vehicles is increasing and CFTR is leading the way and has also recently launched some innovative pilot projects in France. For instance, in 2019 Lacroix and Savac were the first public transport operators to test a hydrogen vehicle on a regular line in collaboration with the Paris PTA Île-de-France Mobilités (IDFM).

While in the AuRA region, local PTAs are driving the transformation as GNV vehicles are increasingly requested, in the greater Paris area, IDFM is in full control of the transition following its decision to acquire all the operators’ existing fleets and depots dedicated to IDFM contracts. Although most of the new contracts in the greater Paris area will start with GNV or fuel vehicles, during the contract part of the fleet will be progressively renewed by the PTA (IDFM) with new electric vehicles.

Main green investments and projects of our Public Transport Platform since 2015

From pilot project to full scale solutions - total green capex exceeding of EUR 200 million



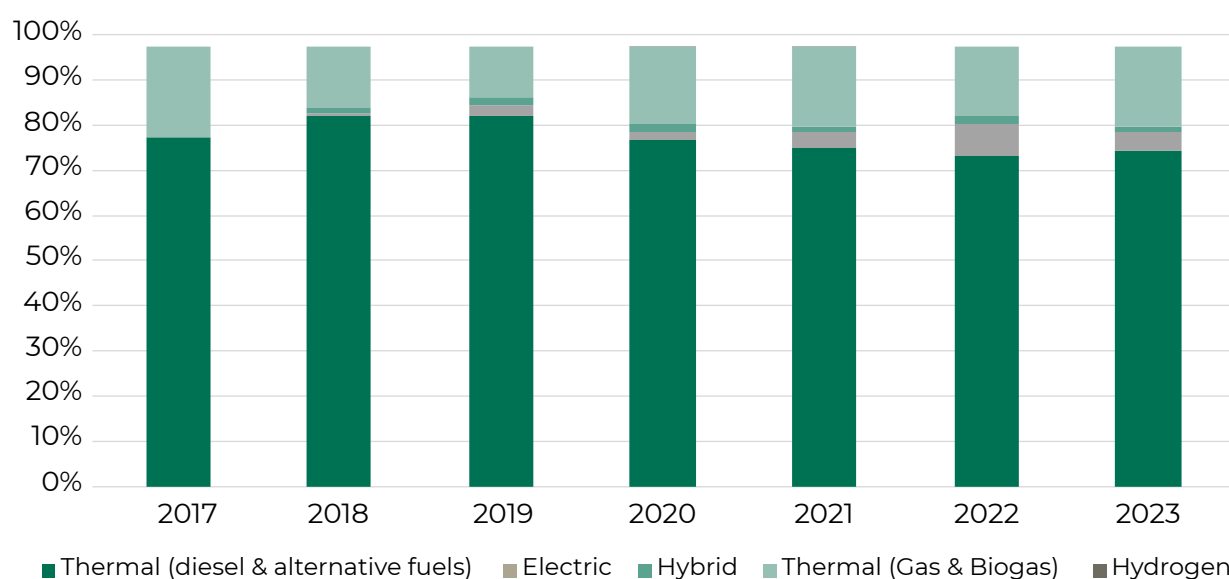
In the Nordics, following some initial pilot projects and in line with technology developments and maturity, the use of electric buses has been scaled up and almost all new contracts now include requirements covering electric buses. These new technologies are completely different in terms of length of routes, dwell times and schedule frequency. The interplay between vehicles, infrastructure and traffic planning is essential for efficiency, reliability and predictability of the operational costs. If our companies do not deploy the infrastructure and vehicles properly, electric vehicles could lead to implications for service quality, reliability and frequency, particularly in rural areas. In these rural areas, the Manager and our public transport companies strongly believe that bus operators could play a role in supporting the transition to low carbon transport by making electric charging infrastructure more widely available to local communities where they operate.

Pilot projects have therefore been essential for Cube's public transport operators to understand the technology of those new vehicles in order to correctly estimate the operational costs in the upcoming tenders. Cube is convinced that thanks to these initiatives, its public

transport companies are in a better position to price adequately and seize the most interesting tenders in the future as the introduction of new vehicles requires higher investments and operating costs and usually translates in an uplift in the prices paid by the PTA to the operator. This will ultimately lead to an increase in the long-term value created to shareholders through an enhanced profitable growth profile.

In addition to the pilot projects with electric and hybrid vehicles, most of Cube II's public transport companies have been investing (sometimes benefiting from considerable subsidies from the PTAs) over the past few years to replace Euro 4 and older buses by new vehicles compliant with Euro 6 standards. The Euro 6 is a critical step towards lowering carbon emissions and reduce vehicles' fuel consumption.

Share of buses per category of Cube II portfolio companies



CASE STUDY 1 - BERGKVARA

Measuring the use of renewable fuels vs the target set after Cube's acquisition

In 2018, immediately after Cube's acquisition of Bergkvara (formerly Mekka Traffic), the Manager encouraged the company to set a target to progressively increase the use of renewable fuels with the objective to reach in 2025 90% of kilometers travelled using renewable fuels.

Between 2018 and 2023, the company made steady progress toward its renewable fuel target. By 2023, 88.5% of kilometers travelled were powered by renewable fuels. This advancement was largely driven by the introduction of new school and regular traffic contracts utilizing electric and biogas-powered vehicles, significantly reducing reliance on fossil fuels. A particularly notable milestone was the deployment of over 100 electric buses as part of the new regular traffic agreements in Skåne and Sörmland.

In 2024, however, the share of renewable fuel usage declined to 73.2%. This temporary setback was caused by the exceptional extension of a public bus transportation contract which, although previously operated with renewable fuels, reverted to diesel use starting that year. The contract is scheduled to expire in August 2025. When excluding the kilometers covered under this specific agreement, the renewable fuel share remains close to the target at 87.5%.

The energy transition in waste collection - New technologies drive the change

The waste collection sector is also undergoing a fast and firm transition to clean energy fuelled vehicles as new, cleaner technologies become available and municipalities increasingly require greener fleets to improve the living conditions of their citizens.

Aware that the waste collection operators leading this transition will have a unique competitive advantage, Sepur has committed to an ambitious target of phasing out all fossil fuels powered vehicles by 2031, 10 years before the planned end of fossil fuels car sales in France. Today 75% of Sepur's vehicles are powered by alternative clean energies (biofuel, GNV, electricity).

Around one third of the fleet is powered by natural gas which is deemed to reduce greenhouse gases by 80% compared to traditional fossil fuels. Considering the importance of this alternative energy, in 2021 Sepur has entered into an agreement with Engie for accelerating the deployment of GNV stations in the areas covered and increase the supply of biofuel.

Electric vehicles are also increasingly requested by municipalities in urban areas. In September 2022, the company deployed a 100% electric fleet to serve the 13th arrondissement of Paris, consisting of 18 E-Tech D Wide trucks manufactured by Renault. More recently, Sepur leveraged its leadership in electrification to secure major contracts that demand large electric fleets, including the sizeable Est Ensemble contract in the Greater Paris area and the prestigious contract with the municipality of Rouen in Normandy, a newly entered region for Sepur.

While GNV and electric fueled vehicles require higher investments, they allow us to address the new

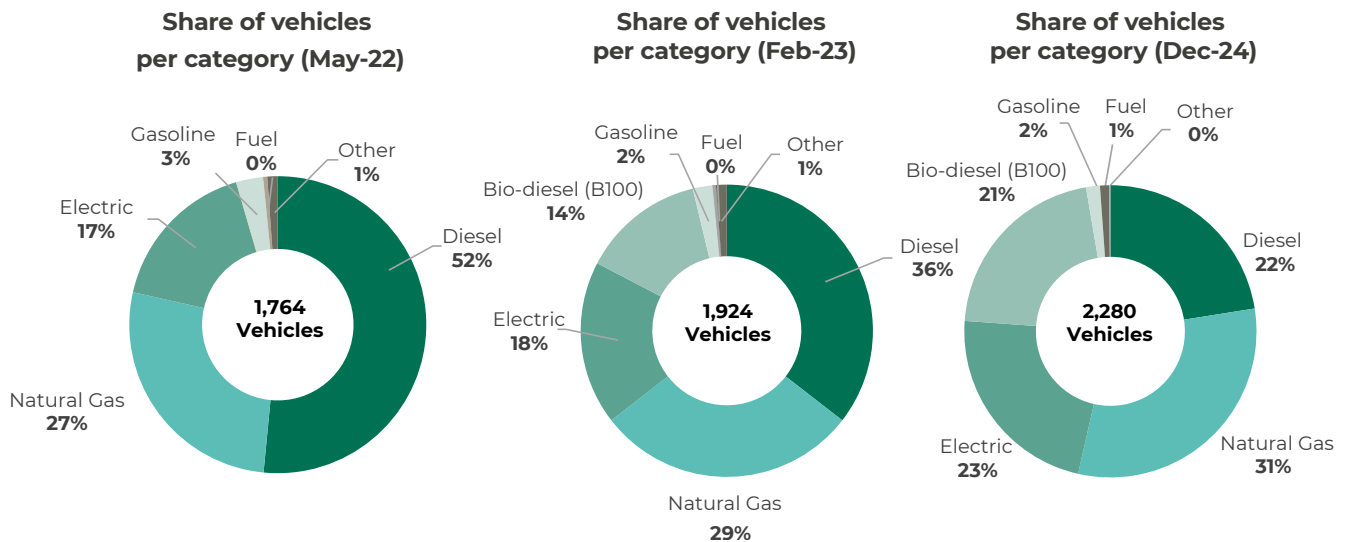
environmental requirements of municipalities and to improve margins. Also, operators able to bear these investments are more likely to renew their contracts as they can leverage the investments already made and increase barriers to entry for new entrants. Finally, first movers in the transition benefit from proven processes and know-how.

The conversion of existing diesel vehicles to biofuel, a 100% plant-based energy produced in France, also contributes to the acceleration of the transition and requires limited investments.

All these efforts are reflected in the "Zero CO2 Label" displayed on all Sepur's clean vehicles. This label reinforces the company's image as a player committed to sustainable and environmentally friendly mobility.



Evolution of Sepur's vehicles per category (including support vehicles)



The increasing importance of quality and ESG criteria in public tenders is supporting the energy transition in the Nordics, as well as benefiting the largest players such as Verdis. The higher acquisition costs of green vehicles increase the barriers to entry as the smaller players cannot cope with the higher investments, these are also reflected in higher tender prices and EBITDA margins to offset the higher depreciation.

Today Verdis boasts already 45% sustainable vehicles (including HVO, biogas and electric vehicles), as well as the largest electric fleet in the Nordics, more than 4 times larger than the second largest player in the region.

The electrification is progressing especially in Denmark thanks to the morphology of its territory, mainly flat and characterized by short distances. In other countries, where distances are much longer, the company is mainly

pushing other green solutions like HVO and biogas vehicles. This is especially true for Sweden where c. 86% of vehicles are green, also due to the higher presence of the company in the large residential centers (e.g. Stockholm, Malmo).

Verdis has submitted their commitment letter to the SBTi and are now bound to develop science-based GHG emissions reduction targets within the next two years, aiming at achieving net zero emissions by 2050.

Management, which is aiming for 65% sustainable vehicles by 2030, is convinced that this transition will be a fundamental opportunity for the company and that Verdis is uniquely positioned to benefit from this trend given its first mover advantage.

FEATURED HIGHLIGHT - ANNUAL SUMMITS

In order to share best practices across our portfolio companies, Cube has created three annual summits dedicated to the three main sectors in which the T&E team invested: the Public Transport Summit (inaugurated in 2018), the Temperature Controlled Logistics Summit (inaugurated in 2023), and the Waste Collection Summit (inaugurated in 2024). These events are annual workshops that aim to bring together the management teams of the respective portfolio companies to discuss sustainability trends, emerging issues in the industry and share ideas.

The seventh edition of Cube's Public Transport Summit was held in Paris in November 2024 gathering together CFTR and Bergkvara. It focused mainly on (i) the transformation of both groups, (ii) trends in fleet electrification and batteries, (iii) fleet strategy and optimization, (iv) workshop best practices, and (v) CSRD preparation.

The first edition of Cube's Temperature-Controlled Logistics Summit was held in Avignon in September 2023. Management of Dispam and Müller Transporte focused on the various organizational aspects facilitating efficient management and on how these companies can differentiate and provide added value to their clients. The second edition of Cube's Temperature-controlled Logistics Summit will be held in Vienna in September 2025.

The first edition of Cube's Waste Collection Summit was held in Paris in June 2024 gathering management teams from Sepur and Verdis. Among the numerous common topics discussed, management could share experiences from both companies' recent expansion into sorting and treatment, as well as discuss key competitive advantages such as electrification and fuel efficiency through Telematics.

Besides discussing common topics and learning from each other, now the various management teams know each other and can easily reach out to discuss or provide support to sister companies (e.g. by sharing depots).



The energy transition in temperature-controlled logistics - High energy consumption and limited technologies available withhold the change

Although temperature-controlled transport is a highly energy-intensive sector, where the transition is slower due to the limited technology available, Müller Transporte and Dispam are implementing various strategies to be leaders in the evolution of the sector towards greener operations.

Dispam, for example, has completed the total renewal of its fleet to comply with the Euro 6 standards, which have become a major criterion when purchasing new vehicles. The company has implemented various initiatives to improve fuel consumption, including optimizing truck loading and using duplex trailers, and is extending the life of its tyres by regrooving and retreading them.

In addition, Dispam has trained 100% of its drivers in eco-driving and regularly renews this training to limit its fuel consumption.

Thanks to all these efforts undertaken in recent years, in March 2024, Dispam obtained the "Objectif CO2" label from the French Agency for the Environment and Energy Management (ADEME), which is intended to identify road transporters who demonstrate high energy and environmental performance.

Engaging and regularly communicating with municipalities to enhance low-carbon investments

Cube's public transport and waste collection companies are committed to an ongoing dialogue with all stakeholders on decarbonization initiatives. In particular, the management of our companies believe that the requirements from future tenders established by municipalities will play a key role to accelerate the energy transition.

Municipalities have made clear that they are in favour of zero tailpipe emission vehicles, but they don't always want to bear the related costs. Zero tailpipe emission vehicles are still more expensive than diesel as a capital investment. While there is an expectation that increased competition amongst suppliers and a scaling up of production will cause the cost of technology to reduce, the experience from electric cars suggests that there remains doubt as to whether this will happen or on what timescale. Various analyses suggest that passing on costs to passengers is an important risk of cutting their usage if the fares go up significantly.

That is why Cube's companies have continuous dialogues with public clients in order to improve the system of subsidies for low emission vehicles. Although short term changes to the current subsidy system are necessary, our companies recognize that over the long term an alternative funding approach will likely be required.

One example of discussions between our public transport companies and the PTAs around their ambition for the environmental transition is the continuous dialogue between CFTR's management and the PTA in the greater Paris area (IDFM) in the context of the ongoing liberalization process of public transport in the region. Although IDFM initiated some pilot projects with clean energy vehicles (electric and hydrogen) in the recent years, most of the new contracts tendered in the greater Paris area will still be operated with fossil-fuel Euro V6 buses (at least in the beginning of the contracts). CFTR, alongside its strategic partners and other operators, advocate for greater ambition on low-carbon investments. Management has regular meetings with IDFM in order to communicate on the role that clean buses can play to support smart cities and help to improve air quality.

Alternate financing for green vehicles: influenced

The opportunities and choices in terms of financing operations and fleet. Although governments and regions offer subsidies for electric vehicles during the contract period, most of the initial fleet investment needs to be financed through external debt financing. ESG-linked financing instruments become widespread and ensure better financing terms.

In 2019, to finance the electric buses for its operations in Trelleborg, Cube encouraged Bergkvara to sign two green leasing agreements totalling more than SEK 100 million with SEB. This is one of the first green leasing agreements in the Nordic region linked to public transport and the rapid transition taking place. This financing also clarifies Bergkvara's sustainability commitment and accelerates the transition to a vehicle fleet operated solely on renewable energy.

In 2020, the Manager encouraged CFTR to engage in a similar type of financing: the company signed the first ESG linked financing for a public transport company in France (further details are described in the case study below).

ESG-linked financing has also been widely used by Sepur for funding its investments in the transition and, ultimately, reduce its cost of capital.

CASE STUDY 2 - CFTR

ESG linked financing - Reducing the overall cost of financing while improving CFTR's ESG performance



In the end of 2020, CFTR signed the first ESG linked financing ("PACT" or "Prêt à Impact") for a public transport company in France with Arkéa. This instrument provides a financial incentive to improve CFTR's ESG performance, with the perspective to reduce the cost of debt in parallel.

The ESG rating will be measured using more than 40 criteria established by an independent third party (Ethifinance). The financing margin is reduced as CFTR's ESG rating improves over time compared to a benchmark (up to 36 bps, based on conservative assumptions from the management):

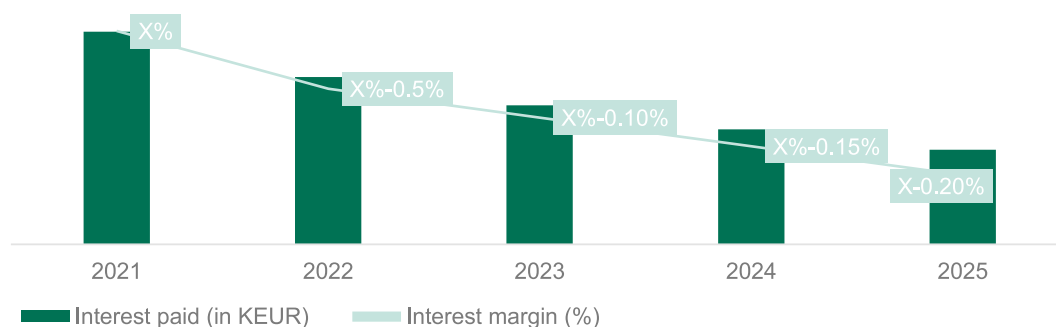
1. In 2021, CFTR's ESG was benchmarked against other companies in the same sector.

2. In the beginning of 2022, CFTR's ESG rating was benchmarked against its ESG rating of the year n-1 (50% of the rating) and against other companies in the same sector (50% of the grade). As initially forecasted by management, CFTR's ESG score resulted in a decrease of 5 bps in CFTR's Prêt Impact interested margin.

This new ESG loan has a longer tenor and the overall debt costs are forecasted to be better compared to the alternative financing offers received by CFTR.

Thanks to CFTR's effort in improving its ESG metrics during the period, the margin of this loan since August 2024 has been fixed to 36 bps below the initial rate.

Expected decrease in interest margin



¹ There is no premium applied, ie. the interest margin never goes above the initial reference margin.

Rational driving

Training is as well a privileged way to improve the environmental impact of the T&E companies, as well as reduce the number of road accidents. Rational driving courses are implemented in most public transport and waste collection companies as fuel is the second biggest cost after personnel costs.

Cube systematically ensures that the best practices are in place and insists on their further development. In addition, our portfolio companies ensure that relevant KPIs are set up in order to monitor training performance (consumptions parameters per driver, with monthly contest to improve involvement of drivers, accident statistics per vehicle and driver, etc.).

In general, rational driving involves planning journeys and avoiding unnecessary stopping, which uses a large amount of fuel, and adapting speed to avoid losing kinetic energy through braking. Planning journeys reduces exhaust emissions and ensures a more comfortable trip for customers.

In the Nordics, this practice is particularly developed. All Verdis's trucks are equipped with onboard telematics allowing the vehicles' real-time tracking with full details on the routes, speed and fuel consumption. This allows the company to identify drivers that need additional training and reward the best performers and historically resulted in a reduction in fuel consumption.

Focus on the environmental impact of the depots, workshop and logistics platforms

Cube's portfolio companies conduct systematic environmental works in their depots, logistics platforms and workshops to reduce the carbon footprint and environmental impact of their activities, which involves energy audits and investments in energy-saving technologies.

While water withdrawal in Cube's transport companies may be important (equivalent to 0.6l/km), mostly due to the cleaning of the rolling stock, this is not a key priority given the limited impact on the P&L and the fact that our companies are not located in water-stressed areas.

The issue is addressed nonetheless. Our companies are continuously investing in new and enhanced cleaning equipment in vehicles-washing facilities to reduce considerably the use of energy and water. Those systems are often equipped with recirculation systems meant to keep water consumption at a minimum. Water tests are regularly taken to ensure that companies do not exceed applicable requirements for emissions to water. Those

systems are often subject to an annual inspection from the municipalities' environmental unit to ensure that our companies meet the precautionary measures validated during the tender process.

For instance, in addition to water treatment plants and a water recycling of up to 85% at Bergkvara, four of the facilities are also equipped with a rainwater collection system, which further reduces the need for fresh water.

Cube is encouraging its portfolio companies to invest in these new systems, as well as focus on more sustainable waste management practices, as they help to reduce maintenance costs and contribute to the overall reduction of greenhouse gas emissions. Our companies are currently starting to work with their suppliers to set a target for an overall reduction in waste volumes: avoiding excessive packaging, reducing single-use plastic and introducing packaging return schemes. Baseline targets are expected to be included in our companies' future processes to identify suppliers that align with their environmental targets.

The rising percentage of electric vehicles and the importance of the cooling units used in the platforms' cold rooms and trucks' refrigerated trailers are driving the need for new expertise at depots, workshops and warehouses, such as the know-how on batteries and other electronics. Cube is encouraging its portfolio companies to make energy savings investments and to purchase renewable energy whenever possible, especially when these investments result in greater efficiency and cost savings.

Bergkvara for instance is now using 100% of renewable and environmental certified electricity (hydropower, solar, wind power and biomass) for its Swedish operations since November 2019 to reduce the environmental impact of its operations.

CFTR's subsidiary Maisonneuve has installed a new GNV station near its depots reducing both the unnecessary long shifts to refill the buses, as well as obtaining a preferred sourcing price agreed with the supplier. It will also soon deploy solar panels above its main depot allowing both to produce clean energy for its operations, as well as to reduce the impact of the health on the vehicles parked. CFTR is committed to renewing this certification across its subsidiaries, demonstrating continued ambition to align operations with long-term decarbonization pathways.

Sepur, which is electrifying its fleet of trucks, sweepers and support vehicles, has installed a number of electric charging points across its depots. In 2025 Sepur will also make an ambitious investment to cover the parking area

in its headquarter in Thiverval with solar panels for its internal consumption (headquarter, electric trucks...).

Dispam has also signed a green energy contract on one of its logistics platforms. Furthermore, Dispam started

in January 2024 to install solar panels on the rooftop of its main platform in Le Pontet (headquarter). In March 2025, this rooftop solar project was commissioned with a production capacity of 500MWh/year. The project's surface area equates to 1,838 m².

CASE STUDY 3 - Dispam

Rooftop solar panels in Le Pontet starts production in March 2025

Dispam has installed 920 photovoltaic panels on the roofs of its DISPAM Le Pontet (84) facilities, covering a total area of 1,838 m².

The objectives are to:

- Reduce Dispam's carbon footprint by generating renewable energy
- Lessen reliance on fossil fuels
- Contribute actively to the energy transition
- Raise stakeholder awareness of environmental challenges

This installation aims to meet up to 17 % of the Le Pontet platform's annual energy requirements (493 MWh/year) with clean, locally produced electricity.



Circular economies shaping the future of waste management

The drive towards creating circular economies in Europe is transforming the waste management sector, opening significant investment opportunities. The EU's ambitious recycling targets aim to recycle at least 55% of municipal waste by 2025, 60% by 2030, and 65% by 2035. Achieving these targets requires a fundamental shift in how waste is collected and treated, with a focus on separate municipal collection and increased sorting efficiency. Separate municipal collection and increased sorting efficiency are indeed the key building blocks to facilitating the transition to a circular economy and meeting these EU targets. To achieve a high recycling rate, local communities must separately collect the materials that make up the largest share of municipal waste. The increase in the number of fractions - Biowaste, paper, cardboard, glass, metals, textiles, and electronic equipment must be collected separately to ensure high-quality recycling and material reusability - creates a huge opportunity for waste collection operators whose revenues are often linked to the number of pick-ups.

CASE STUDY 4 - Verdis

Positioning as a key actor of the circular economy and developing sustainable partnerships

Already a leading municipal waste collection platform and a reference for sustainable solutions in the Nordic region thanks to its unmatched green and electric fleet, Verdis has recently expanded into waste sorting and treatment and is now aiming to become a comprehensive provider of sustainable solutions, as well as a key player of the circular economy.



With such ambition, Verdis hosts its annual “Verdis Vision” conference to exchange insights on the opportunities and challenges in environmental services.

In the latest edition in February 2025, Verdis brought together over 200 attendees, including municipalities, public companies, industry experts, and advisors, for an insightful exchange of insights on the environmental sector and circularity. Key panel discussions covered critical topics such as the current state of the waste industry, new strategies in response to evolving legislation and climate goals, and potential opportunities created using Artificial Intelligence.

Numerous startups were also invited to pitch innovative recycling and sustainability solutions.

Working with the suppliers

Cube’s companies rely on a wide range of suppliers to provide goods and services needed for their operations, including vehicle manufacturers, energy suppliers and IT companies. In particular in waste collection and public transport public clients are very wary of the suppliers used by the operators chosen and request detailed reports and surveys, especially if third-party operators are involved for part of the service (outsourcing).

In all Cube’s companies, before a supplier is approved, a thorough assessment of the ESG performance is done according to defined criteria. This approach reduces the risk of doing business with companies that do not share our companies’ requirements on sustainability or that are in breach of their code of conduct.

At Bergkvara, all significant suppliers must sign an agreement to prove they meet all requirements of the company’s suppliers code of conduct. By the end of 2024, 90% of Bergkvara significant suppliers had signed the code of conduct.

In addition, our companies have regular discussions with suppliers to improve operations and make them more sustainable, for instance with tyre suppliers to reduce the noise generated when driving or with vehicles suppliers to reduce the vehicles’ weight and decrease fuel consumption without compromising the safety of employees and passengers.

CASE STUDY 5 - UMOVE

Monitoring key KPIs to achieve operational excellence



To support the continuous profitability of the business, Umove's management designed a "culture" to focus on a few KPIs to monitor the performance and development of the business.

The strategy to implement this program within the company focuses on four key areas:

1. Local responsibility: Clear delegation of responsibility to individual depots and technical managers. Local management is fully responsible for budget locally.

2. KPIs: Managers need to understand that KPIs are used to measure the output of their daily actions. Targets are defined locally.

3. Meetings: At least 4 meetings a year are organized with all the staff to discuss the KPIs and compare them with the defined targets. Local managers meet with the executive management on a monthly basis.

4. Education: The company organizes management seminars to discuss ways to improve the KPIs and personal development plans to meet Umove's targets.

The key KPIs defined by Umove's management covers 75% of its operational costs. The data is collected through various fleet, fuel and planning systems. These KPIs are reported weekly to the senior management and action plans are defined to ensure continuous improvements. At some depots KPIs are displayed on white boards for all employees to follow the progress made.

This KPI-oriented culture enabled management to quickly identify and address operational challenges, contributing to Umove's robust financial performance. Cube strives to implement similar cultures at all portfolio companies to drive healthy returns for investors.

Social

The importance of nurturing the wellbeing and satisfaction of employees and providing a supportive working environment is particularly important for Cube's companies, which operate in sectors prone to social movements and industrial actions. Human resource management is therefore a key to the success of our companies.



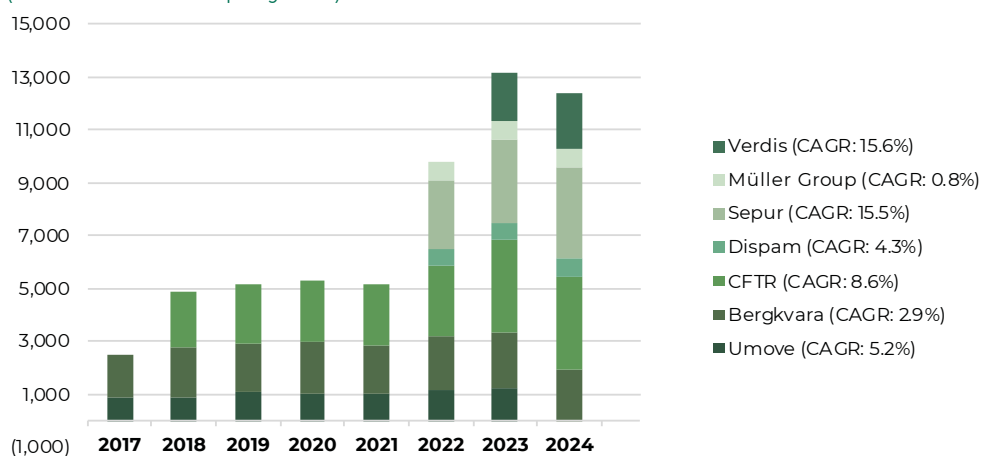
Cube and the management teams work together on identifying efficiency opportunities to improve

their working environments. Those opportunities are formalized and monitored through relevant pre-defined social KPIs. Initiatives of our companies to improve their attractiveness, and to reduce absences, sick leaves and work accidents are strongly encouraged by the Manager.

In addition, public transport companies have significant responsibilities towards their passengers. As a passenger-oriented service activity, our companies systematically work to improve customer satisfaction and deliver the right service. This is particularly important as our companies commit to a specific service level, which is continuously monitored by the PTAs. Penalties and reward systems are attached to the fulfilling of the traffic authority's requirements.

It is Cube's ambition to keep pushing its companies to be among the best operators in their countries. Our portfolio companies are increasingly including goals for the continuous improvement of the quality of its services in the annual budget planning.

Employees (number of employees)



The recruitment and retention of drivers

Recruitment and retention of trained drivers is also a key issue for management teams as the training of drivers towards obtaining driving licenses and certifications entails significant costs. This is a key focus especially for public transport companies that face a shortage of drivers and an ageing workforce addressed through retention schemes, including loyalty bonuses and additional advantages, and large recruitment campaigns.

In order to reduce recruitment costs and enlarge the base of candidates, Umove initiated a full-scale training program in one of its depots to help unemployed people to get their driver's license. As a result, the cost of the license was reduced by 50%.

To improve working conditions, Bergkvara submits annual surveys to all employees to address different

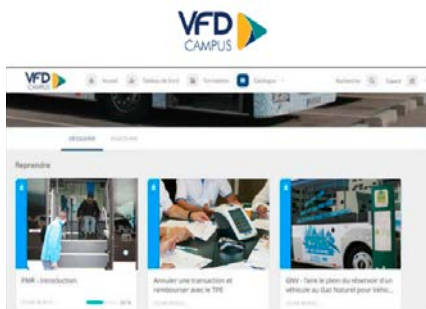
issues such as sick leaves and work incidents/accidents in order to maintain well-being at work and positive social dialogue. The results are assessed and presented to the board, the management team and unions representatives during the strategic annual meeting.

Cube has also identified the ageing of the workforce as a key issue and encourages its companies to anticipate early retirements and develop a driver's replacement plan, as well as to implement recruitment campaigns to increase the attractiveness of the driving profession for younger people and women.

In 2019, Bergkvara already started a collaboration with various universities in Sweden to provide students with information about the company and create interest for its different open positions (bus drivers, mechanics etc).

CASE STUDY 6 - CFTR (VFD)

Recruiting and retaining drivers at VFD



The management teams of all our public transport companies face significant challenges to recruit and retain drivers in their respective markets. Indeed, it is a very demanding job due to (i) the flexibility required for working hours (drivers might need to work during weekends or on public holidays), (ii) risks on the road, (iii) high level of expectations from clients and PTAs and (iv) salaries in line with the minimum wage.

In order to address this challenge, one of CFTR's subsidiary (VFD) defined a precise strategy to recruit and retain drivers in the Auvergne-Rhône-Alpes region. The key highlights of this plan are:

- The implementation of a referral bonus for the existing drivers who help the company to find new drivers
- The development of a personalized innovative e-learning platform to train drivers (to complement the customary physical training program) allowing employees to interact with the management
- The designation of employees as the first ambassadors of the company on all social networks and media communications

Results:

- VFD addressed the difficulties of hiring drivers in the French market
- Development of an innovative e-learning tool that will be deployed in other CFTR's subsidiaries
- Development of a common culture and shared sense of community for all employees of the company

A strong commitment to safety

Our companies employ thousands of individuals and interact with countless customers, municipalities and members of the communities in which they operate. The journey must be secure for both the driver and passengers and safety is therefore a central part of sustainability work.

Cube understands the importance of conducting business in a safe manner and works with the management teams to ensure that our companies enjoy the trust of the communities in which they operate. Our portfolio companies achieve this by proactively and systematically assessing the risks associated with traffic environments and situations in order to then take preventive measures.

CASE STUDY 7 - CFTR (Lacroix & Savac)

Improving access of public transport for passenger with disabilities and reduced mobility



In December 2021, CFTR inaugurated a bus intended to transport a significant number of people with reduced mobility. It can carry up to ten wheelchairs on long distance routes.

However, the bus can also carry up to 42 not-disabled passengers in a logic of “inclusive mobility”.

This service is effective for public transport operations in Montrouge and Nanterre:

“ We were already working with local authorities for school transport and tourism, but in 2021 we decided to invest in a bus dedicated to

people with reduced mobility. This bus has a specific lift to get passengers in the bus safely and the ten seats are attached to the ground to better secure the passengers during the trip” said Bastien Bigot, Manager of CFTR.

Drivers have been specially trained to handle passengers with reduced mobility. Accessibility of public transport is not only an issue for people with disabilities, but a moral requirement and improvements in this matter are beneficial for the society as a whole.



Bergkvara's management defined an extensive set of safety, technical and human measures to prevent accidents in the future and notably changed a certain number of procedures for the maintenance of the vehicles. The measures taken also include continuous skills development for all employees and crisis exercises.

Likewise, to fight accidents related to blind spots in trucks, especially in highly populated urban areas, Sepur also has heavily invested in the security of its activities for both drivers and people passing by, by improving the training of drivers and installing 360° security cameras on trucks.

CASE STUDY 8 - Sepur

Improving road safety through blind spot awareness campaigns and the purchase of 360 degree cameras

With several thousand kilometres covered each day by its various vehicles and constant contact with other road users, safety is a central concern for Sepur. Their safety policy extends not only to their employees but also to all people passing by Sepur's vehicles, in both urban and rural areas. In 2022, Sepur has reinforced its approach to road safety through 2 main measures.



1. Significant investments to equip 200 new waste collection trucks with 360° cameras in order to offer drivers better visibility on blind spots, the main cause of accidents in the sector.
2. Awareness campaign designed to increase employees' vigilance regarding blind spots.

"Equipping 200 trucks with 360° surveillance cameras represents a significant financial investment for Sepur. Our goal is to provide our employees with all the equipment available on the market to enable them to better control their environment", Youri Ivanov, president of Sepur.

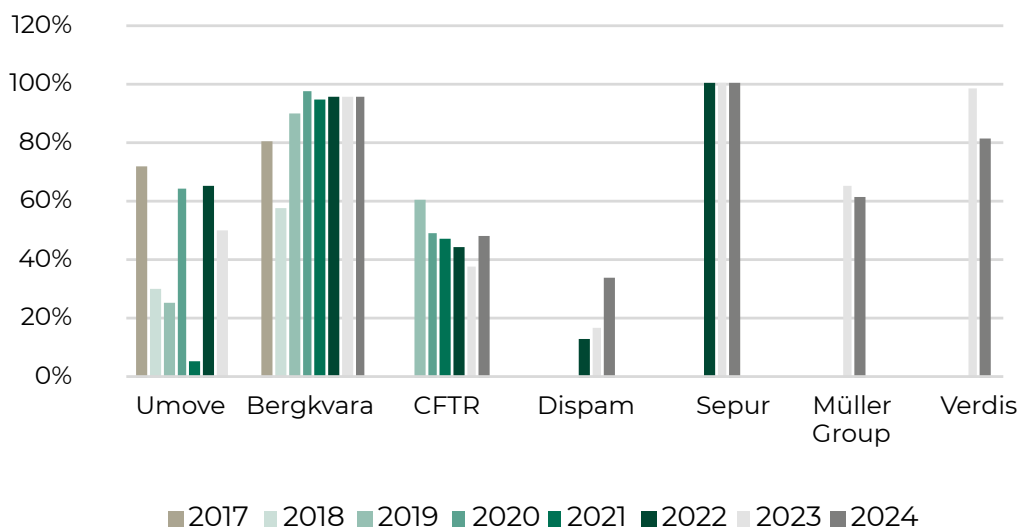
Training

The use of modern equipment, tools and technologies and regular trainings help our companies to guarantee a safe working environment. Our transport and environment companies are continuously increasing their attention to training programs for their employees, focusing on main themes such as health, safety and best-

driving practices, in order to ensure that all employees have received up-to-date trainings.

Most of Cube's transport companies have also initiated an eco-driving training for all the drivers. For instance, at Umove, both drivers and managers can measure and monitor individual performance and identify where additional training is needed.

Training (% of employees who have undergone training during the year)



Gender diversity



In addressing the long-standing lack of gender diversity in transport sectors, our companies are striving to recruit and retain women at every level across the organization. The goal is to progressively increase female

representation by eliminating prejudices on the jobs of drivers and garbage collectors and by emphasizing key values such as quality and communication.

In 2022, Umove management launched its female driver initiative. Two Umove female drivers continuously participate in recruitment fairs at educational institutions to increase the awareness of women on the profession of bus drivers. Since the start of such initiative, management is experiencing an increase in the number of applications from women. Today, 14% of Umove's workforce are females, in line with the industry average.

Sepur has placed professional equality between men and women at the heart of its ESG policy, in particular by calculating a professional equality index each year and by signing of an agreement with the company's social partners that includes three main components: promoting greater feminization in the waste management sector, guaranteeing equal pay, and ensuring an equal treatment in professional development opportunities. In 2022, Sepur had 127 women employees and intends to increase its female workforce in the coming years.



Social inclusion

Our portfolio companies also play a key role in promoting the inclusion and professional integration, offering internships and first jobs to young graduates from working-class neighbourhoods, as well as favouring the return to a social and economic life of unemployed people struggling to find a job.

For instance, Sepur, through its entity Sepur Insertion, accompany unemployed and disabled people to recreate

a social link and find a profession, offering a permanent job within Sepur or a partner company. While benefitting the communities in which the company operates, this program also helps the company recruiting people for its activities and address social inclusion criteria when responding to tenders.

CASE STUDY 9 - Sepur

Committed to personal development and social inclusion

As a responsible employer, Sepur is committed to offer working and training opportunities to people without employment, young graduates and people with disabilities.

To pursue this ambition, Sepur has created Sepur Insertion, whose purpose is to facilitate the professional integration of people looking for a first job or professional integration.

Today Sepur, which also signed the French Diversity Charter in 2010, has pursued professional equality and boasts a multicultural and diversified workforce playing a unique role of social inclusion in the communities in which it operates. A few figures for 2022:



42
nationalities represented

80
employees in integration per year

16%
people with disabilities since 2018

93/100
professional equality index (February 2025)

“In the current national context, social responsibility takes on its full dimension! CSR is not just a heterogeneous set of measures, ecological or social, but a real desire to have a positive impact on society.”
Claire Héry, Director of Human Resources of Sepur.

Key ESG Value Drivers

Transport companies have specific key value drivers. Therefore, in addition to the core KPIs used in all our portfolio companies, the Manager has established systematic metrics for its T&E platform to reflect sector-specific considerations:

- Fossil Fuel overall consumption
- Fossil Fuel / km driven (both across the fleet and specific to fossil fuel buses – e.g. diesel buses)
- Energy consumed for electric buses KWh / km driven
- tCo2 / km driven (both across the fleet and specific to fossil fuel buses – e.g. diesel buses)
- € Cost of Fuel (total and / km driven)
- Maintenance cost / km driven
- Zero sick leave percentage: percentage of employees with no sick leave reported during the last 6-month period

ESG key value drivers guiding our portfolio companies towards ESG focused efforts



Early launch of electric vehicle pilot projects are essential to understand their technology with the objective to correctly reflect and price operational costs in the upcoming tenders. The ability to propose electric vehicles with the correct pricing expectations will increase our companies capacity to seize the most interesting future tenders.



Fuel consumption generally represents the largest cost item for our public transport, temperature-controlled logistics and environmental companies. A particular focus on fuel consumption reduction will therefore have a direct impact on the margins of our T&E companies.



Strong business ethics and improvement of customer's satisfaction is key for our T&E companies. For example in public transport, penalties and reward systems are attached to the contracts signed with the PTAs, whereas in temperature-controlled logistics customer satisfaction is essential, as business relationships are built over the long term with a low churn rate.



Given the importance of the workforce in public transport, temperature-controlled logistics and waste management, employee training is critical to decrease working accidents, as well as employee welfare to limit attrition and address workforce shortages.



Sharing best practices and ESG knowledge among our portfolio companies to present key lessons learned from pioneering initiatives.

ESG Framework for the T&E platform

The Manager closely monitors bespoke key value drivers through the above-mentioned KPIs. Our portfolio companies report these core KPIs at least on a yearly basis to capture ESG value creation. The data is then reviewed by the investment team and by external advisors, where necessary allowing to identify anomalies and discrepancies in timely manner and take the right corrective actions.

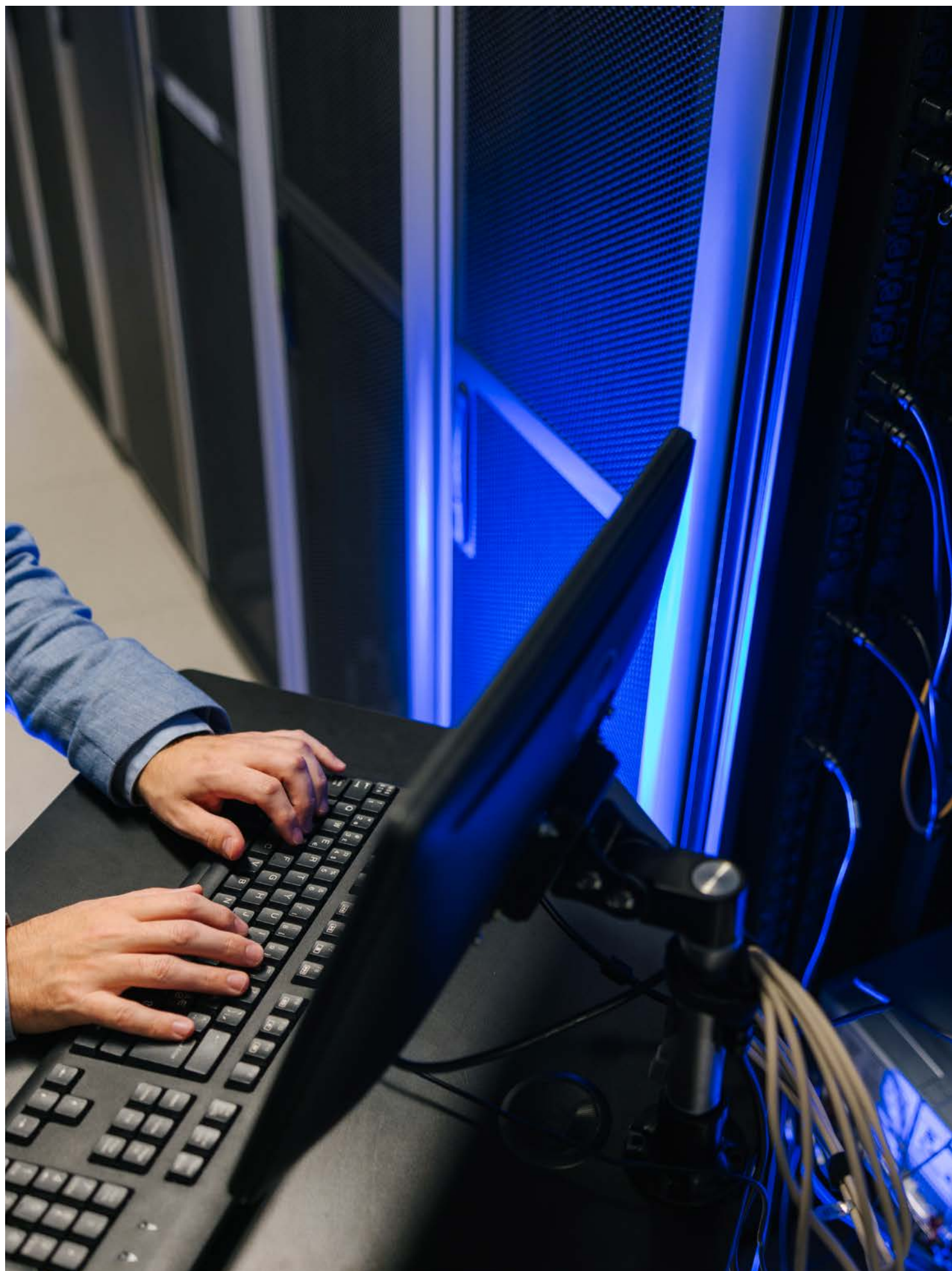


The framework above presents how Cube determines the current state of advancement of each company. It is also used to monitor the progress made and focus on value creation initiatives to be implemented during the fund's ownership.

In addition, Cube promotes the sharing of best practices once a year through the Public Transport Summit between the management teams of each public transport company to discuss results of different initiatives already implemented (including the key lessons from developing the use of electric or hybrid fleets). Following the acquisition of Dispam and Müller Transporte, the Manager also held the first Temperature-Controlled Logistics Summit in 2023.

The sharing of best practices within our companies is a key driver of value creation and is an important part of Cube's investment strategy.







03

TELECOM &
DIGITAL

Telecom & Digital



Introduction

Our digital infrastructure platform has the potential to contribute to the reduction of GHG emissions by enhancing broadband access as well as storage and computing capacity over which applications such as telemedicine, smart grids, smart homes, cloud computing or telework could be developed, avoiding travels and improving energy efficiency. In the long run, it should allow the entire world population to have access to a worldwide communication network, with all the benefits it could entail: easy access to information, knowledge sharing, improved communication, enhanced freedom of speech, etc.

Rural or semi-dense areas should be the primary beneficiaries of our infrastructure networks, which, de facto, shorten the distance to essential services and job opportunities. Cube IM is convinced that (i) a high quality (hence fiber) infrastructure is an absolute necessity to reduce the digital divide and foster the economic development of less dense European territories, which otherwise will experience a new rural exodus, as confirmed by a survey conducted by one portfolio company that shows a higher-than-national-average use of remote work in small municipalities (< 10,000 inhabitants) and a vast consensus for fiber roll-out as a catalyst for revitalising those communities and that (ii) the most effective way to provide European citizens, public administrations and businesses with the necessary ultrafast symmetrical connectivity at attractive prices is to use open-access networks which, thanks to non-discriminatory access and pricing to all Internet Service Providers (ISP), foster the emergence of new ISPs and a stronger competition between those ISPs on content and price for the benefit of all aforementioned end-users.

Connecting Europe Broadband Fund (CEBF) was set up to meet the growing demand for financing of early-stage fiber-to-the-home (FttH) broadband projects across Europe, which currently do not have easy access

to funding. This support will complement the existing EU financial instruments for broadband development as well as other financing currently available on the market through private investors or private financial institutions. As an ideal strategic partner with patient capital dedicated to greenfield projects, CEBF targets semi-dense or rural areas with high demand for ultra-fast broadband infrastructure and deploys up to EUR50 million per project.

The increasing data traffic triggers storage needs, while the increased bandwidth unlocked by fibre fosters utilization of the cloud. Datacentres are an efficient way to couple with the increasing storage and computing needs, as they allow reducing idle capacity by allocating resources across a large number of customers while reducing energy consumption due to a more efficient design of cooling and power systems compared to decentralized alternatives.

Portfolio



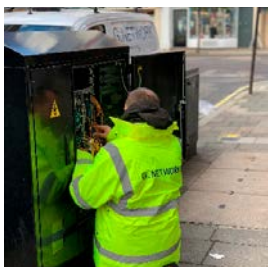
dstelecom

Fund: Cube II - Location: Portugal

Investment Date: March 2018

dst telecomunicações (dstelecom) is the leading Portuguese open-access FttH network owner and operator. dstelecom rolls out and supplies optical telecommunication infrastructures, providing dark fiber rental, bitstream and RFoG offers to all major telecom operators in the country (MEO, Vodafone, NOS, ONI, etc.).

Today, dstelecom operates two networks under gap funding and several private-initiative networks, covering 400k primary homes in the Norte, Algarve and Alentejo regions.



G.Network

Fund: Cube II - Location: UK

Investment Date: October 2018

G.Network provides affordable full fibre broadband connectivity to businesses and residents across Central London, in partnership with local boroughs and estates, and effectively bridges the gap between old constrained copper-based broadband and long lead-time expensive leased lines.

The company offers a suite of tariffs providing faster and more reliable services without the need for long contracts or prohibitive upfront charges.



Heliot Europe

Fund: Cube II - Location: Germany, Switzerland, Austria, Slovenia and Liechtenstein

Investment Date: September 2020

Created in 2017 as exclusive operator of the Sigfox network in Switzerland, Heliot has expanded to Austria and Slovenia, and, thanks to its partnership with Cube, acquired the Sigfox network in Germany, creating the largest independent Sigfox operator in the largest and most dynamic economic area in Europe.

Heliot operates a low power wide area network (LPWAN) based on Sigfox's Internet of Things (IoT) technology, with the critical mission to ensure that data sent from IoT devices is properly collected and delivered to clients. As connectivity provider in the largest European economic area, Heliot is a key player within the Sigfox ecosystem.



firstcolo

Fund: Cube III - Location: Germany

Investment Date: October 2022

Founded in 2007, firstcolo is a Frankfurt-based independent datacentre business and provider of colocation, dedicated servers, managed services and private cloud solutions. It owns two state-of-the-art Tier III+ datacentres. The company complements its core colocation offering with a wide range of infrastructure managed services and cyber security solutions that significantly drive profitability and customer retention. As such, firstcolo has a loyal customer base of B2B customers, which include tech-savvy companies such as hosting providers and SaaS players.



GleSYS

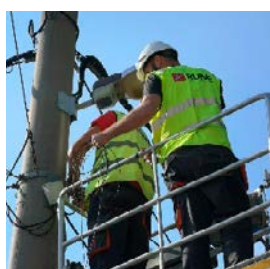
Fund: Cube III - Location: Sweden, Finland

Investment Date: July 2023

GleSYS is a provider of IT Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS) in the Nordics. Established in 1999, the company operates carrier-neutral datacentres across three cities in Sweden and Finland. The company is headquartered in Falkenberg, Sweden.

Catering to SMEs, GleSYS offers comprehensive solutions, providing services that include among others colocation, dedicated servers, network and connectivity, system management, and virtual private servers.

The Company focuses on providing its services in a sustainable manner; its datacentres use 100% renewable energy, and heat from its Falkenberg datacentres is recycled to serve the local community.



RuNe Crow

Fund: CEBF - Location: Croatia

Investment Date: February 2019

High-quality FttH, open-access network for residential, business, and public administration in the rural areas of the Primorje-Gorski Kotar and Istria regions - the two North-Western counties in Croatia - covering ca 150,000 locations.

RuNe Crow started construction works for its network in 2020, and it plans to complete it by 2027.

Together with RuNe Enia (see below), the Company has secured, in February 2022, a € 130 million debt finance package by a consortium of four international banks. This additional financing will allow both companies to complete the network construction within the contemplated timeframe.

¹ As of March 2024 – expansion work to be completed



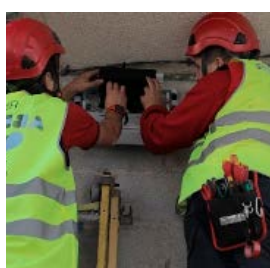
RuNe Enia

Fund: CEBF - Location: Slovenia

Investment Date: June 2019

RuNe Enia is a high-quality FttH, open-access network for residential, business, and public administration in the rural areas of Slovenia, covering ca. 180,000 locations.

Construction works started in H2 2020, and it plans to complete its networks by the end of 2027.



Vento Rede

Fund: CEBF - Location: Spain

Investment Date: March 2020

Based in Santiago de Compostela, Spain, Vento Rede deploys and operates a fiber-to-the-home network in rural areas of Galicia.

The network will provide wholesale fiber-to-the-home services on an open-access basis, covering ca. 400,000 households by 2026.

Vento Rede is acting under the commercial name of 'Rede Aberta'.



Unifiber

Fund: CEBF - Location: Italy

Investment Date: December 2020

Based in Rome, Unifiber aims to create and operate a high-quality, open-access fiber-optic network for residential and business users in the grey areas of the Lazio region in Italy.

Unifiber envisages passing 400,000 by 2027.

During 2023, Unifiber identified additional c. 200,000 HPs that could be rolled out by 2027.



Asteo Red Neutra

Fund: CEBF - Location: Spain

Investment Date: July 2021

Based in Illescas, Spain, Asteo Red Neutra deploys and operates a fiber-to-the-home network in rural areas of Extremadura and Castilla y León.

Gestioniza acts as the Project's Sponsor and constructor and leads the deployment of FttH and long-distance backbone passive infrastructure. The construction of the network is executed through a turnkey Engineering, Procurement, and Construction (EPC) contract.

The network will provide wholesale fiber-to-the-home services on an open-access basis, covering ca. 450,000 households by 2026.



Fibernet

Fund: CEBF - Location: Finland

Investment Date: October 2022

Fibernet is a new wholesale FTTH operator based in Finland. It plans to cover c. 6 municipalities with its transmission infrastructure and provide full fibre broadband to 60,000 premises within five years since inception.

Fibernet has a strong local management team and support from municipalities in target areas.

In addition, the company has a partnership with Ociusnet Group, an established Sweden-based professional services and turn-key telecom contractor specializing in the planning and construction of FTTx networks.



ClioFiber

Fund: CEBF - Location: Italy

Investment Date: November 2022

ClioFiber is an innovative company focusing on building ultra-modern FTTH networks in rural and semi-urban areas, in Southern Italy, with the goal of enabling all telecom operators to provide their customers with any communication access services available anywhere in the market and bridge the digital divide.

ClioFiber plans to cover c. 20+ municipalities with its transmission infrastructure, and provide full fiber broadband to c. 240,000 premises.



Fund	Asset	Number of premises passed (31/12/24)	ISO 9001	ISO 14001	ISO 45001	ESG Policy	Code of Ethics	Sustainable Procurement Policy
Cube II	dstelecom	910,000	X	X	X	X	X	X
Cube II	G.Network	414,000			X	X	X	X
Cube II	Heliot	N/A				X	X	X
Cube III	firstcolo	N/A	X			X	X	X
Cube III	GleSYS	N/A	X	X		X	X	
CEBF	Vento Rede	311,710				X	X	X
CEBF	RuNe Crow	N/A				X	X	X
CEBF	RuNe Enia	N/A				X	X	X
CEBF	Unifiber	N/A				X	X	X
CEBF	Asteo Red Neutra	N/A				X	X	X
CEBF	Fibernet	11,096				X	X	X
CEBF	ClioFiber	35,170				X	X	X



Environment

With the fiber-to-the-home (FttH) broadband infrastructure, Gigabit society is around the corner. In this highly connected society, people can easily access everything at home with a single click. Undoubtedly, fiber infrastructure brings a more efficient Internet highway and less commute, which reduces greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, minimizes the impact on climate change, decreases the energy consumption and improves the air quality. A recent PwC's study mandated by the FttH Council showed that 80% of the greenhouse emissions of FttH networks are produced during the construction phase. The overall environmental impact of FttH network becomes neutral in less than 15 years due to the aforementioned technologies, which has to be compared to the technical lifespan of a FttH network well in excess of 40 years.

dstelecom helped to avoid 3,262 tCO₂e in 2022. In 2023, dstelecom has moved closer to facilitating 'avoided emissions' because its GHG emissions per user significantly dropped due to reduced total emissions and a rising number of users. By providing fibre to enterprises, G.Network maximizes its impact by unlocking teleworking opportunities from the employer side in a country with one of the highest proportion of remote workers in Europe. In 2023, G.Network moved closer to facilitating 'avoided emissions' because its total carbon footprint dropped.

Supply chain is also a critical part for the environmental commitments of Cube IM in telecom as i) telecom players' GHG emissions mostly come from Scope 3 (indirect emissions) and as ii) CEBF being a greenfield fund, construction works will be prevalent. As a result, sustainable procurement policies are established for

all portfolio's companies to define the specific ESG suppliers' and subcontractors' evaluation criteria, in order to manage the risk and limit the negative impact during the construction phase.

IoT is also expected to have a positive environmental contribution. For example, the possibility to track assets such as containers should allow logistic operators to optimize the use of such assets, as well as to better optimize their routes, contributing to a reduction in the number of new assets needed to support the increase of e-commerce and to a reduction of GHG emissions.



dstelecom

dstelecom has launched several initiatives to reduce its carbon footprint and has been recognized by the Portuguese telecom regulator as an example to be followed. Among these initiatives, dstelecom installs solar panels on its point-of-presence (PoP) to ensure supply of green energy and redundancy with the grid connection.

In order to reduce its impact on environment when rolling out fibre across Portugal, dstelecom also prioritizes the use of existing infrastructures such as poles and ducts to avoid pollution linked to construction works and production of construction materials, as well as the use of scarce materials. This approach is leveraged by dstelecom's open-access business model that avoids the construction of new networks where dstelecom has already rolled out. Besides, under Cube's stewardship in 2018, dstelecom has developed a strong procurement policy and a suppliers' code of conduct, which reflects dstelecom's commitments on both environmental and social aspects and notably addresses throughout the supply chain compliance with the ILOs and with sustainable sourcing of minerals (tungsten, etc.).

G.Network

G.Network has set up a formal carbon reduction plan to reach net zero by 2050 for Scope 1, 2, 3 emissions. To achieve the target, G.Network continues to use electric vans as part of the company's fleet, reducing G.Network's carbon-footprint, and energy costs, as well as saving money on congestion charges. Environmental considerations have also been carefully taken into account by the management regarding notably all construction works, which is a critical subject given the amount of civil work to open the streets and lay down the ducts/fibre. A sustainable procurement policy has been created and implemented in order to formalize and strengthen the environmental commitments in the supply chain.

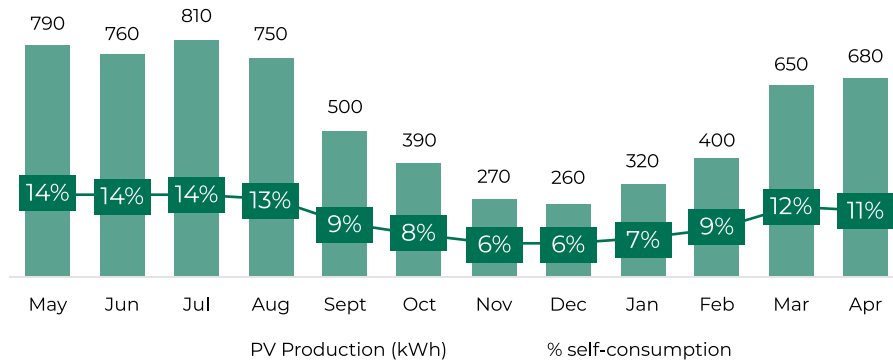
CASE STUDY 1

dstelecom's PV on PoP

DST telecomunicações launched in May 2018 an initiative to cover its points of presence (PoP) with PV panels. The objective of such initiative being to reduce electricity consumption and therefore reduce carbon-footprint as well as increase the resilience of the infrastructure to power outages.

The initiative started with a first pilot site located in the Alentejo region of Portugal which was covered with PV panels with a capacity of 4.7kW. The results after a 1-year period were promising, showing savings of 6,580kWh, equivalent to c. 10% of the energy consumed by the PoP.

After the Pilot's successful results, the Pilot was then extended to three more PoPs, two of which in the Norte region and the third in the Algarve. Results showed a self-consumption rate ranging from c. 14% (Norte) to 28% (Algarve) for the period January to May 2020.



Following the extended Pilot phase, the full deployment was launched in Q2 2020 with the objective to achieve full coverage by August to take advantage of the summer months. In order to identify the locations that were best suited to be covered with PV panels, the company divided the selection process into three phases:

1. The 50 PoPs with higher continuous power consumption were selected.
2. Solar exposure and orientation were analysed. Ideally the location should not have shadow exposure and be oriented to the south.
3. Some PoPs were excluded due to technical reasons or by discomfort from the municipality.

Out of the 50 locations that were assessed, 32 were finally selected to be covered with PV panels for a total of 36 locations considering the 4 Pilot sites. The selected locations will be covered with monocrystalline panels, considered the best of the market thanks to its higher efficiency, and it is expected that will have a useful life of 30 years.

The total installed capacity will be 215kW and the power installed in each site will vary from 4.5kW to 10kW depending on the PoP typology (namely the size of the PoP), which are divided in three categories:

1. Standard PoP, covered with 4.5kW (27 of the 32 PoPs)
2. POI (Point of Interconnection), covered with 10kW (3 of the 32 PoPs)
3. Minhocom PoP, covered with 8.2kW (2 of 32 PoPs)

It is estimated that the project will produce annual energy savings of c. 300,000 kWh although these savings will reduce over time due to the derating factor, estimated at 0.8% annually. The energy savings will lead to a reduction in emissions of c. 1,900t of CO₂ over the life of the project (and a project IRR of 15%).

Furthermore, the PV panels itself provide shade to the PoPs, an effect (hereafter shade effect) that is particularly important during the summer months when temperatures rise: the PV panel absorbs the sunlight that otherwise would warm the PoP, thus allowing further savings as air conditioning costs are reduced. With a tendency towards hotter summer months in southern Europe, this effect will most likely amplify in the future.

On top of providing savings in electricity consumption and costs, PV panels provide further resilience to power outages as these can extend the battery life installed in each PoP (from 4 to 8 hours) by a factor similar to the self-consumption rate (% of energy consumed from solar panels compared to total energy consumed). By extending the battery life, the field team would have more time to install an alternative power source (diesel generator) if the power outages cannot be solved quickly. This is an important adaptation. The Points of Presence or PoP (key nodes of the network) need continuous energy in order to be able to provide telecom services and are therefore vulnerable to any power outage. Given that the electric lines powering these nodes often cross wooded areas, there is a risk that power would go down in case of a forest fire. The precedent instances of fires of Portugal have caused locally significant issues in the electricity distribution, with important and widely dispersed damages. Hence, an increased likelihood of fires, due to climate warming, may translate in increased downtime (at times where probably access to information and communication would be considered important). Given that any power outage is most likely solved within the first 2 hours of the incident (+90% of the time), when a power outage occurs no major action is taken within the first two hours besides the monitoring of the situation. After that time, a procedure is started to bring an external power source to the affected PoP. To do so, the team in charge would contact its providers in order to find an available power generator that could be sent to the affected PoP together with the closest team on the field, which would give access to the facility and would monitor the connection and any further works. Considering the distances to travel to reach PoPs located in rural areas with a back-up generator and the teams to set it up, it could easily take a few hours before the problem is fully addressed. Therefore, any additional time could be key for the successful restoration of the power without disrupting the service.





Social

The development of high-quality fiber infrastructure in semi-dense and rural areas and more generally underserved areas represents a major improvement for the local populations and territories.

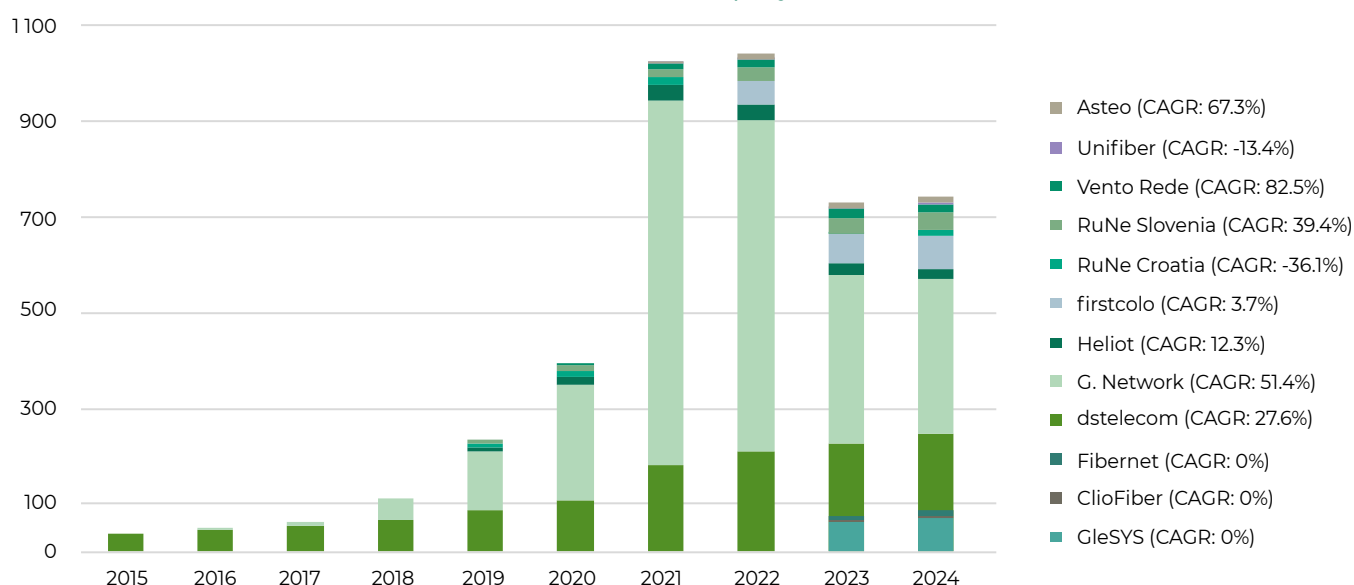
Importantly, those networks will allow better retaining of companies in the area covered and facilitating remote working - both elements being critical to the economic development of the local territories, which are often faced with a new kind of rural exodus. Through the rollout of new networks by Covage (Cube I's portfolio company acquired in 2011 and divested in 2020), the Manager has been able to witness the importance of such infrastructure in the local economy. The impact on local economies will be further improved, during the construction phase, through the local community engagement, the creation of new jobs with the provision of necessary training for the local people. In terms of cybersecurity, a strong focus will be put on compliance with the personal data protection regulation, namely the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and more generally on data security, from the physical access to the infrastructure to the IT layer, through signal processing.

Even though, compared to energy efficiency or public transport, communication infrastructure requires a smaller workforce, it does demand an agile, highly trained and innovative workforce given the fast-moving technologies and needs. Therefore, employees' well-being and corporate culture are paramount and great care has to be exercised to maintain them when welcoming new employees joining from an acquired competitor or to support the organic growth.

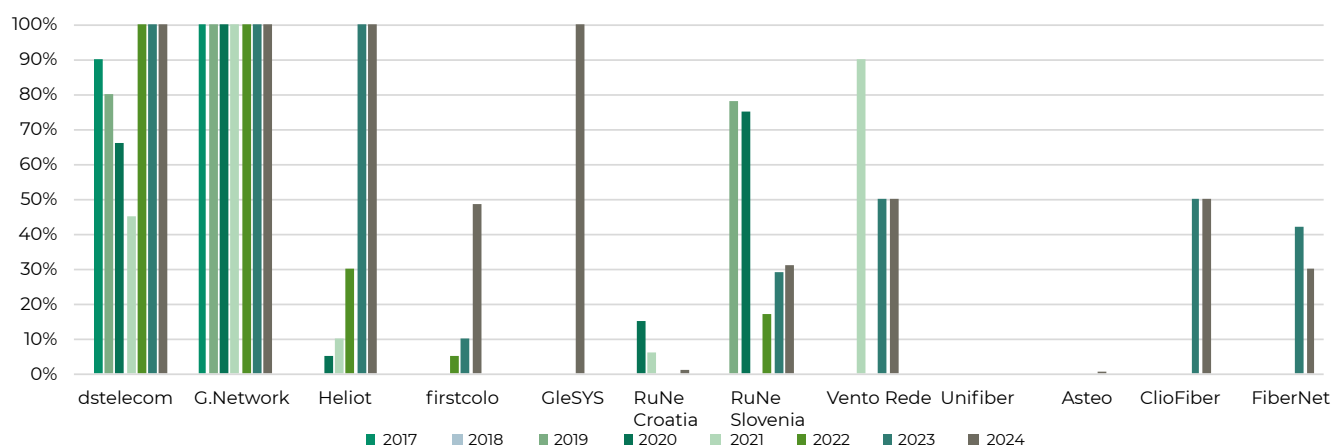
Portfolio

The portfolio companies either kept their workforce unchanged or they kept hiring new personnel, except for GNetwork.

Number of employees



Employees who have undergone training during the year (%)



dstelecom puts a lot of effort in employee training and in their wellbeing. dstelecom undertakes to integrate and motivate its employees while fostering their wellbeing. Diverse facilities and services on campus (further described in the interview of Ricardo Salgado), as well as the team building events, contribute to creating a strong corporate culture. This is then emphasized by the Innovation Factory, where ideas for the growth or the improvement of the company are proposed and discussed by employees. Amongst those ideas, several are implemented each year (for instance a new identification system for the PoPs, increasing security and limiting energy consumption). To facilitate new employees' integration, a buddy program was recently created in the Welcome Aboard Program for newcomers and in the Birthday Parties organized every month also as a way of gathering all employees and presenting all newcomers.

*dstelecom and Cube - A shared view on the ESG commitment
and its positive Impact towards a sustainable and long-term value creation*

Interview with Ricardo Salgado (CEO)



What has changed on ESG since Cube's entry in March 2018?

RS: It is first important to mention that dst group has a strong CSR culture around and has always taken good care of its employees, striving to provide them the best work environment possible.

As a consequence of that, the dst group has traditionally been an employer of choice for all the business areas of the group and dstelecom is not an exception.

Beyond the quality of the work environment, the group also is well known for having a strong set of values. Among them, I emphasize Passion, Ambition, Courage and Responsibility as the ones that have particularly helped dstelecom to reach the level of performance that we have today.

A lot of effort is devoted to communicate and materialize these values both internally and externally, through team events, internal awards and sponsoring activities. For example, dst group sponsors every year one of the most important literary prizes at national level, university

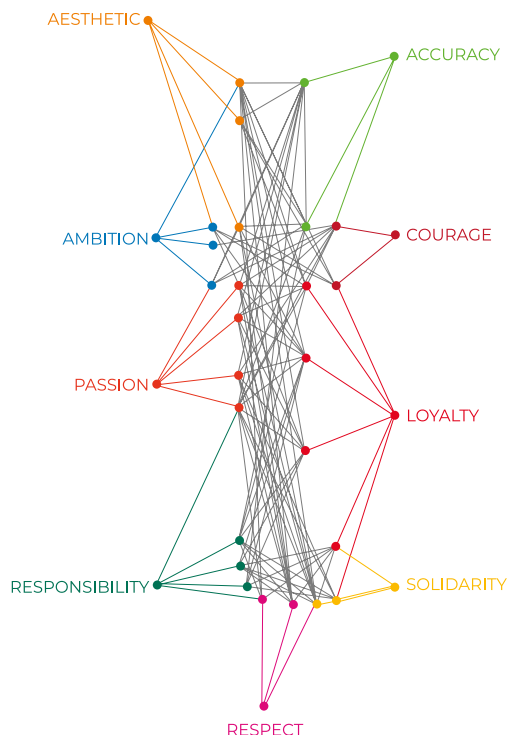
scholarships, photography awards, art galleries, and theatre performances, being dst team members active participants in most of these activities. Not only this participates to the excellent reputation of dst group and dstelecom with the local authorities and local populations we serve, but it fosters a strong sense of belonging and pride for our colleagues. Alongside our corporate values, this creates a unique corporate culture, which translates in performance and innovation capabilities.

Providing a high-quality work environment is also important to ensure every one of us perform to their best. Several services are available on dst campus to facilitate and improve the day-to-day life on the job (campus restaurant, doctor, dentist, hairdresser, sport center, etc.).

In addition, dstelecom has built a new training space in the south, Estremoz, to provide more hands-on training sessions to enhance the technical skills of field workers.



Group Values



One of the first positive signals that we got about the partnership with Cube is that we noticed the extreme sensitivity of both shareholders to guarantee that dstelecom team members would continue to enjoy the access to all these corporate benefits after the transaction. Notably, early in the transaction, Cube requested that the employees of dstelecom would continue enjoying the same benefits as the dst employees (health insurance, life insurance, tickets, sports installations, access to the canteen, etc.). I was also pleasantly surprised during the due diligence process by the extreme importance that the transaction team and their consultants gave to this area, beyond the physical and financial aspects of the business.

It was not a typical either-or situation, but an amplification of the previous benefits by the joint forces of both shareholders, given the complementary and strong long-term ESG visions of the two entities.

Capitalizing on what was developed by dst group, Cube has brought a further reinforcement of the importance of all ESG considerations for the long-term sustainability and success of the company through a more systematic approach to the definition and measurement of their contribution to the business.



As a consequence of that, we have now in place a new ESG Action Plan that enriches our traditional approach with Cube's methodology, supported by a really international and cross-industry experience. This ESG Action Plan, discussed with all parties, is both ambitious and pragmatic. I am absolutely positive about the strong impact that this program will have to enrich our culture and maximize dstelecom's success in our triple bottom line: financial, environmental and social.

Following Cube-promoted Action Plan, dstelecom already named an ESG Officer and a Data Protection Officer. In addition, we have formalized an ESG Policy, an internal Code of Conduct and a Code of Conducts for our suppliers. And to guarantee the correct implementation of these policies, we are giving appropriate training to the team for all these new sustainability practices.

To meet the international standards that Cube promotes in all their portfolio companies, dstelecom is currently pursuing several certifications, including ISO 14001, OHSA 18001 and ISO 9001. As previously mentioned, dstelecom is also reinforcing its training actions (STAP, STVT, STPVR, first aid, etc.) and aims to further reduce work accidents, with the objective of having less than 1 accident with more than 3 lost days per annum.

The Action Plan proposed by Cube and the fruitful exchanges with the Investment Team and the ESG Coordination team (one Cube's team member being in both) have allowed us to structure better our ESG approach based on international standards and will allow us to strengthen our actions in line with the strong values shared by both our shareholders and our team members.

What would be your key concrete initiatives in the coming months?

RS: We are preparing the launch of a new dstelecom Academy to formalize and structure all the training and educational activities that we have traditionally carried out without the systematic framework that Cube is bringing to us. We have already launched a new professorship at the University of Minho, with an innovative vision on Sustainable Telecommunication Networks for the Digital Society of the Future (Redes de Telecomunicações Sustentáveis para a Sociedade Digital do Futuro).



CASE STUDY 2

Involvement In local communities - providing free Internet connectivity to those most in need

In the important activity of wiring the grey areas, a successful case is by all means represented by the achievements of the municipality of Anguillara Sabazia.

In December 2019, this municipality was included by Unidata and the CEBF among the grey areas of Lazio to be part of the Unifiber project. The Anguillara case was thus the first stone of the official launch of an impressive cabling and modernization project.

Fiber to the home technology (FTTH) immediately allowed achieving a 1000 Megabits per second speed. On that occasion, Renato Brunetti, Chairman of Unidata (CEBF's partner and main ISP in Unifiber), had the opportunity to declare: I am very proud Unidata is the first operator in Italy to provide 1 Gigabit fiber optic connections in these areas, where a very serious infrastructure gap has existed until now. Today, thanks to the European community and national investments, it is possible to have the best connections available, which are the most technologically advanced. This is an area where we already have many customers wirelessly connected, but now, with FTTH fiber optics, they finally have 100 times the speed they used to have: a fantastic result.

The first purpose of benefit includes Unidata's commitment (via Unifiber's network) to guarantee offers at market prices both on the consumer and business segment, in addition to the network coverage itself, which provides those previously underserved areas with the right to access.

Referring to the consumer market, the commercial offers launched at 2.5 Gbps and 10 Gbps are competitive and with a delta discount if compared to the average street price market.

Moreover, underlining CEBF and Unidata's commitment to rural community development, Unifiber will offer, via Unidata, free connectivity to the most in-need families in the municipality. Furthermore, Unifiber and Unidata also plan to promote such initiatives in other wired municipalities.



CASE STUDY 3

Involvement In local communities - increasing digital awareness in rural areas

CEBF's Spanish portfolio company Asteo, set up in 2021, aims to cover with FttH network rural areas neglected by other operators. Since its inception, Asteo has constantly put the future of communities where it operates at the core of its growth strategy, having the digitalisation of the rural areas as one of its key missions. Asteo is promoting several initiatives as summarised below.

Asteo Conecta

Asteo Conecta involves Siembra Futuro Digital which aims to incentivize the development of small local operators focused on their nearby rural communities. Asteo Conecta also offers an additional service for new local operators.

With Asteo Conecta these small companies have access to various service packages, allowing them to design a convergent offer of ultra-fast fiber, mobile phone, and/or landline services.

Asteo Ágora

The goal of this initiative is to contribute to existing educational programs that help people use new technology tools wisely. For example, for elderly people, there are programs to introduce them to new technologies and assist them in using them. For younger people, the focus is on using technology safely. These actions have not started yet, but the company is in conversations with relevant financial and public local stakeholders to sign a collaboration agreement and kick-off such programs.

Observatorio Asteo

The Observatorio initiative is really useful for gathering data about the end users (potential clients of Asteo's clients), about whom the company currently have limited information.

The focus is on finding new data related to Internet usage in rural areas. With the assistance of an opinion study agency, Asteo developed a survey targeting communities with less than 10,000 inhabitants and those with less than 1,000 inhabitants -that already have access to Internet - to uncover their digital habits. The initiative has already produced one study in 2022 and another one in 2023.

Moreover, it also helps Asteo to speak in media events about the real use of technologies in these areas and fight back on common misconceptions about rural areas, hence creating a virtuous circle for those neglected communities to attract back new inhabitants.



Key ESG Value Drivers



Increase in data consumption increases energy consumption. Managing the related costs requires attention to energy savings (active equipment efficiency, local green solutions). Efficient construction shall incorporate waste reduction and energy optimization plan, notably by maximizing the use of existing infrastructure.



Digital infrastructure being a technological, fast moving sector, it is key to attract and retain talented and innovative employees. Therefore, strong corporate culture, comprehensive and frequent training plans, and focus on career development and employee wellbeing have to be implemented.



In the current regulatory environment and with the increase in data being handled, digital infrastructure companies as data processors or controllers need to treat information flows and stored data with great care notably to ensure the confidentiality and security of such data.



Knowledge of the local environment and sound relationships with local communities, not only constitute an advantage in tenders and administrative processes, but will help foster the ramp-up on the infrastructure by addressing efficiently the local businesses and local population.



ESG best practices and knowledge sharing amongst companies in our portfolio.





04

ENERGY TRANSITION

Energy Transition



Introduction

Cube Infrastructure Managers has built a solid track record in the energy transition space through a disciplined, thesis-driven investment strategy. Our portfolio reflects a clear commitment to decarbonization, resource efficiency, and long-term value creation across Europe with a focus on countries offering significant growth potential. This approach is well-aligned with the EU's accelerating policy landscape, shaped by the European Green Deal, REPowerEU, and the revised Renewable Energy Directive (RED III). These developments, alongside reforms in energy efficiency and electricity markets, are creating strong momentum for energy infrastructure investment across the region.

Renewables remain the fastest-growing source of energy supply, and Europe continues to lead this transition. The share of renewables in EU energy consumption is expected to reach 42.5% by 2030 compared with 23% in 2024³. This accelerating build-out is being driven by strong policy support, binding national targets, and growing demand for clean, secure energy. Cube I and Cube II have invested in a diversified portfolio of renewable energy producers (including small-hydro, wind, solar, and biomass) providing growth capital to expand capacity and support Europe's decarbonization goals.

Heating and cooling account for nearly 50% of the European Union's total energy consumption⁴, underscoring the sector's significance in EU's decarbonization efforts. In 2024, renewables generated 48% of the EU's electricity generation, surpassing fossil and coal fuels, which stood at 28%⁵. District heating, particularly when powered by

waste-to-energy, biomass, solar, or geothermal, is the most scalable efficient, and clean solution for decarbonizing heat supply in densely populated areas. Cube has been able to seize this momentum and capitalize on this structural shift. From transforming IDEX into France's leading independent heat utility under Cube I, to Cube II's investment in CogenInfra (Italy), and Cube III's strategic investments in Enetiq and GRECO (CEE - Central and Eastern Europe). Cube is positioned at the forefront of Europe's heat transition aligned with EU's climate goals.

In parallel, the European Union's commitment to a circular economy has intensified efforts to minimize landfill use by promoting waste valorisation, transforming waste into valuable resources like electricity, heat, and industrial fuels. This strategy is integral to achieving the EU's environmental targets, including a 65% recycling rate for municipal waste and reducing landfill disposal to 10% by 2030⁶. In this context, in 2023 under Cube III we invested in RiverRidge, Northern Ireland's leading waste treatment and energy from waste platform.

Looking ahead, energy efficiency and renewable integration will play a key role in the transition towards a low carbon economy. These efforts will be essential to achieving the EU's climate target⁷: a 55% reduction in net greenhouse gas emissions by 2030 and near-total climate neutrality by 2050, including an 80% cut in overall CO₂ emissions, as outlined in the European Green Deal and the "Fit for 55" package.

³ Source: The European Union's Renewable Energy Directive III (RED III), effective since November 2023 and State of the Energy Union Report 2024, European Commission

⁴ Source: Eurostat, March 2025

⁵ Source: European Commission and IDEA

⁶ Source: Circular Economy Action Plan, European Commission and waste Management Prevention laws, European Environmental Bureau

⁷ Source: EEA 2024 Report, European Environment Agency

Portfolio

Cube's Energy portfolio currently includes seven companies across Spain, Italy, Norway, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, and Northern Ireland, diversified across three key verticals: (i) Renewable energy, with GEP, VKV, and NVK; (ii) District heating and energy services, with CogenInfra, Enetiq, and GRECO; and (iii) Waste management with RiverRidge.



COGENINFRA

Fund: Cube II - Location: Italy

Investment Date: October 2018

CogenInfra is a vertically integrated energy platform operating one of Italy's most extensive district heating and decentralized energy portfolios through its two core divisions: CogenInfra Heat and CogenInfra Save. The company delivers regulated and contracted thermal and electrical energy services across Northern and Central Italy.

The group operates 10 district heating networks, underpinned by a diversified generation mix comprising high-efficiency CHP, biomass, and geothermal assets. Its DH footprint spans over 124 km of network, with c. 220 MW of installed thermal and electrical capacity, serving nearly 2,000 end-users across urban centers in regions such as Lombardy, Emilia-Romagna, and Piedmont.

Complementing the regulated DH platform, CogenInfra Save focuses on behind-the-meter Energy Efficiency solutions, operating 20+ distributed generation sites with c. 75 MW of installed capacity, that supply electricity and heat mostly to industrial and commercial clients under long-term service agreements.

In its 2025 financial year, CogenInfra expects to deliver approximately 282 GWh of heat and 151 GWh of electricity, helping avoid 60 kton of CO₂ emissions.

Cube II is the leading shareholder with 97.1% ownership along with the management team that owns the remaining 2.9% of the company.



Varanger Kraftvind

Fund: Cube II - Location: Norway

Investment Date: September 2019

Varanger Kraftvind owns and operates the Raggovidda wind farm cluster in Finnmark County, Northern Norway. The portfolio comprises two wind farms with a combined installed capacity of approximately 97 MW and an expected annual production of around 405 GWh. Located roughly 17 kilometers from the municipality of Berlevåg, the project includes:

- Raggovidda 1, a 45 MW wind farm operational since 2014;
- Raggovidda 2, a 51.6 MW expansion project which turned fully operational at the end of 2022.

Raggovidda 1 has excellent wind conditions demonstrated by a strong historical production of the existing wind farm since 2014. The site is located approximately 350-400 meters above sea level and has an average wind speed of 9.5 m/s combined with a low frequency of storms. The existing wind farm is equipped with 15 Siemens Gamesa SWT-3.0-101 turbines of 3.0 MW.

Raggovidda 2 is equipped with 12 Siemens Gamesa SWT-DD-130 turbines of 4.3 MW and benefits from the existing grid line, existing roads, established land lease agreement and an experienced operator with a solid track record.

Operational performance has been outstanding, with availability consistently around 97% and an average load factor of approximately 48%. These metrics place Raggovidda the best performing onshore wind farm in Europe on a capacity factor basis.



Green Energy Platform (GEP)

Fund: Cube II - Location: Spain

Investment Date: February 2019

GEP is a renewable energy platform in Spain, owning and operating 43 hydropower plants and 2 solar PV plants, with a total installed capacity of approximately 166 MW and 74MW in tangible hybridization projects. All hydropower plants except four are run-of-the-river with long production track records.

The Calatayud-I solar PV plant reached COD in 2023, while the Brazatortas solar PV is currently under construction. The portfolio is backed by long-term concession agreements, with hydro assets averaging 22 years of remaining concession life. The solar PV plants, fully merchant, offer flexibility for future PPA implementation.

GEP's platform is comprised of: (i) 80 MW of hydro assets in operation; (ii) 49 MW of solar PV assets in operation and 36 MW under construction; and (iii) 74 MW of tangible hybridization projects.

Cube II holds a 95% stake, with the remaining 5% owned by the local management team.



Norsk Vannkraft (NVK)

Fund: Cube III - Location: Norway

Investment Date: December 2021

Norsk Vannkraft is a Norwegian small-scale hydro company currently operating a portfolio of 21 run-of-the-river plants with an aggregate operating capacity of 80 MW.

Cube III and its co-investors own 91.2% of the NVK's shares.



Enetiqua (former MVV Energie CZ)

Fund: Cube III - Location: Czech Republic

Investment Date: November 2022

ENETIQA (former MVV Energie CZ) operates in 15 cities across the Czech Republic and ranks among the country's leading producers and distributors of heat, with an annual production of approximately 590 GWh. The company is also active in high-efficiency electricity generation, waste-to-energy operations, energy consulting, and water management. In 2024, ENETIQA sold 603 GWh of heat and 191 GWh of electricity.

The company is actively modernizing its energy networks to reduce heat losses and cut CO₂ emissions, with a target to completely phase out coal-fired boilers by early 2027. As of 2023, coal accounted for only about 15% of ENETIQA's fuel mix significantly lower than the Czech national average of roughly 45%. In terms of installed capacity, coal represents just 5%.

ENETIQA is owned 100% by Cube III and co-investors.



GRECO (former A20 Corp)

Fund: Cube III - Location: Slovakia

Investment Date: November 2022

GRECO is a district heating operator located near the city of Trenčín, Slovakia. It has a strong operational track record and has built up a diversified asset base through three business divisions: (i) District Heating Division, operating six networks and 34 boiler houses in Trenčín and Lamač, serving residential and industrial clients under long-term contracts; (ii) Biomass Division, sourcing and processing wood biomass for internal use and third-party sales and (iii) O&M Services Division, delivering maintenance, construction, and energy efficiency solutions.

Since Cube III's 70% investment in 2022, GRECO has accelerated its decarbonization strategy replacing gas boilers with biomass and integrating heat pumps and solar. In 2024, it supplied 72 GWh of heat, with 40% from renewables, up from 24% in 2023.

GRECO is a joint venture with a Slovak entrepreneur, with Cube III owning 70%.



RiverRidge

Fund: Cube III - Location: Northern Ireland (UK)

Investment Date: May 2023

RiverRidge is the leading waste infrastructure platform in Northern Ireland, with over 400k tons of co-mingled waste treated on an annual basis. The company is currently engaged in processing, treating, and disposing of residual waste, providing collection services for certain Commercial and Industrial customers, and is seeking to exploit the abundant and viable energy source that it manages in the form of waste to generate renewable energy. RiverRidge is headquartered in Belfast and has more than 280 employees. The company was acquired by Cube III in May 2023 in partnership with Equitix, a UK based infrastructure investor.

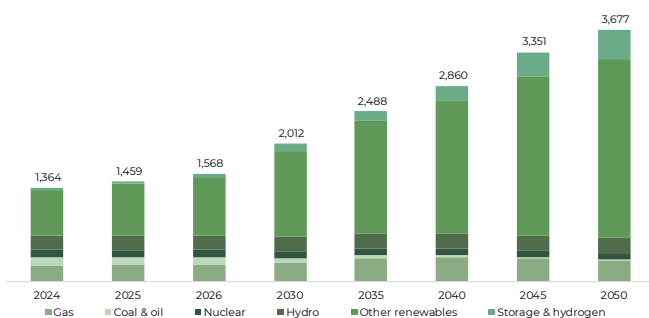
Since its inception, Cube has demonstrated a growing commitment to environmental and social responsibility across its energy portfolio. Management has proactively implemented measures aligned with the Environmental and Social Management System (ESMS) to drive measurable impact. The Investment Team conducts ongoing ESG assessments to monitor progress, identify opportunities for improvement and implement action plans with clear goals and metrics.

Recent additions to the portfolio, Enetiq, GRECO, and RiverRidge, are actively integrating ESG into their core value creation strategies.

Environment

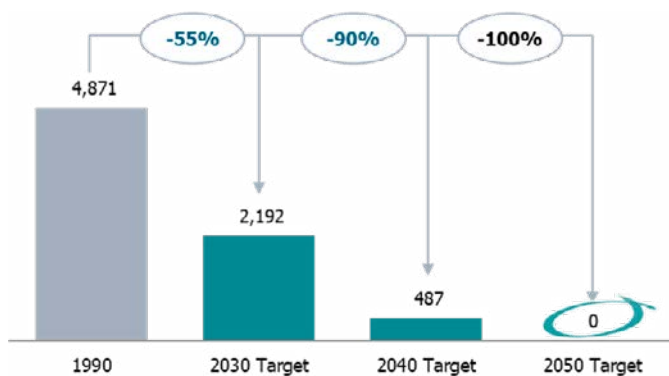
The European power generation capacity mix is witnessing an accelerated buildout of renewable energy to meet rising demand and phase out coal, oil and nuclear technologies in the upcoming decades.

EUROPEAN POWER INSTALLED CAPACITY (GW)

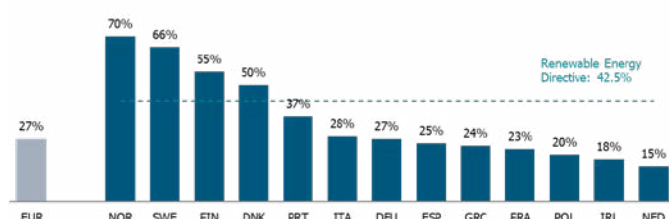


The EU aims to reduce emissions by 55% by 2030 relative to 1990 levels and reach net zero by 2050. We do not expect major regulatory changes in Europe, while several policy initiatives are driving this steady and significant energy transition.

EU-27'S TOTAL NET GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS



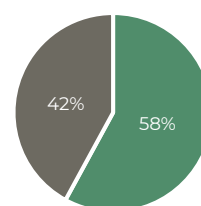
RENEWABLE ENERGY SHARE OF FINAL CONSUMPTION



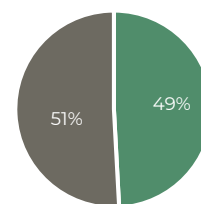
The EU is accelerating its energy transition through binding policies and fiscal support. Key measures include the Renewable Energy Directive (42.5% renewables), the Fit for 55 Package (55% emissions cut by 2030, net zero by 2050), and REPowerEU (boosting renewables and biomethane). Subsidy reform is shifting toward upfront capex incentives, improving early-stage project economics. Germany's planned €500bn infrastructure fund (launched in March 2025) will bypass fiscal limits, enabling major investment in green and digital assets. Together, these frameworks create a strong pipeline for scalable, de-risked infrastructure deployment across Europe.

The energy transition industry in Europe will require €5-7tn in capital investments to achieve the EU27 decarbonization targets by 2030. Cube is strategically positioned at the core of this transformation, actively deploying capital into the infrastructure enabling this shift. As part of Cube's ongoing decarbonization strategy across its Energy portfolio, we have significantly shifted the energy mix of our assets. Between 2022 and 2024, the share of total energy production from renewables increased from 42% to 51%. This transformation reflects our active role in accelerating the energy transition within our portfolio companies.

2022



2024

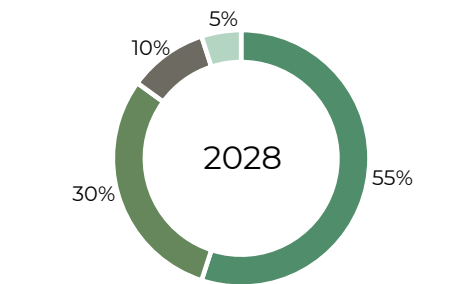
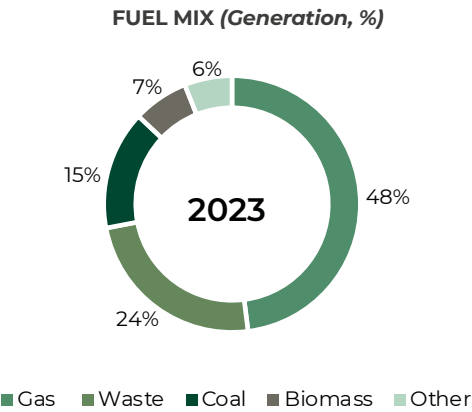


■ Total energy production from non-renewables
■ Total energy production from renewables

Enetiqa

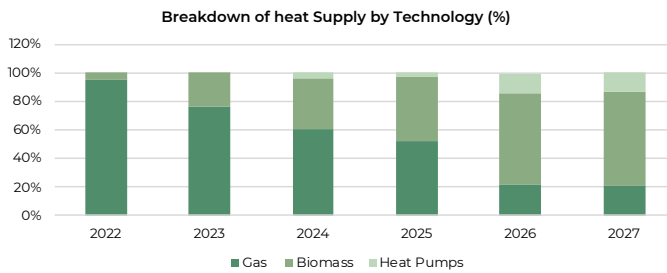


To generate heat, Enetiq uses a fuel mix whose dominant component is natural gas. The Group generates electricity by cogeneration, through combined heat and power generation. In 2023, 63% of Enetiq's energy mix depended on fossil sources, including 14% from coal, these percentages are significantly lower than those of the company's competitors in the Czech Republic, reflecting the historical work and positioning of Enetiq. The company is committed to fully decarbonizing its remaining coal boilers by 2028.



Enetiq has committed to completely phase out coal by 2028 and has already identified the means and transformations to undertake to achieve that objective. Following Cube IM's ESG Committee's recommendation, Enetiq has become a member of the Science-Based Targets initiative (SBTi) in 2023 and has set decarbonization targets in 2024 according to SBTi framework.

GRECO



GRECO is accelerating its plan to switch from natural gas to biomass and heat pumps, further reducing its dependency on natural gas. This strategy should translate into a 2025 energy mix composed of c. 50% of biomass and renewable energy sources, against c. 5% when Cube invested in the Company.

A key milestone was achieved in December 2022 with the commissioning of two 12 MW biomass boilers at Vychodna, now fully operational and contributing 29% of total group heat YTD 2024. Biomass is locally sourced via the Biomass Division, enhancing vertical integration and decarbonization. In 2024, progress continues with a new 5.6 MW biomass unit underway at Považská, GRECO's largest gas-fired plant.

In parallel, GRECO has installed 38 heat pumps (1 MW), 0.32 MW of rooftop solar PV, and 500 kWh of battery storage. In 2023, heat pumps delivered 4% of heat; in YTD 2024, 1.8 GWh (4.5% of supply), rising to 11.4% during the summer months.



Over the long-term, GRECO ambitions to reach 80% of its heat produced by biomass / renewable energy sources by the end of 2028.

RiverRidge



RiverRidge is executing a comprehensive environmental strategy aimed at decarbonizing operations, reducing landfill dependency, and aligning with evolving ESG standards. The company is investing in innovative waste treatment technologies, including optical separation and drying systems, to increase recycling rates and convert residual waste into high-calorific refuse-derived fuel (RDF), reducing both landfill volumes and disposal costs per tonne. A strategy to further scale these technologies is currently being evaluated by the board.

On emissions, RiverRidge has submitted their commitment letter to the SBTi and are now bound to develop science-based GHG emissions reduction targets within the next two years, aiming at achieving net zero emissions by 2050. In a first phase a target of 65% reduction in fleet emissions by 2030 and over 80% by 2035. This will be achieved through a phased replacement of diesel vehicles with electric, hybrid, and LNG alternatives, complemented by operational upgrades such as quick-shift transmission systems by 2027.



The company also aims to reach 20% renewable electricity consumption by 2025 and 100% by 2027 to lower Scope 2 emissions. To address climate risk, a detailed physical and transitional risk assessment (RCP 4.5 & 8.5 scenarios) is underway and scheduled for completion by mid-2025, supporting EU Taxonomy alignment. RiverRidge will also begin calculating Scope 3 emissions in Q4 2025 to meet upcoming ISSB disclosure requirements. At its Craigmore site, the company has constructed over 1,000 m² of reed beds atop closed landfill cells, which naturally filter surface water, eliminate the need for tanker transport, and serve as a biodiversity sanctuary. These beds convert ammonia to nitrate, reduce ecological impact, and will be expanded as additional landfill cells are decommissioned.

Together, these initiatives form a capital-efficient environmental strategy that strengthens RiverRidge's regulatory positioning.

GEP

The company’s asset manager provider (RPIP) has been carefully implementing solutions and initiatives with a special focus on ESG. RPIP’s staff is continuously being coached and trained on Health & Safety, ESG, Legal responsibility and compliance. This commitment is supported by a solid corporate governance framework and a carefully designed auditing process, which together help ensure full compliance with administrative requirements set by the Public Administration, enabling the continuous operation of hydroelectric and solar assets.

GEP achieved a 53% year-on-year reduction in total GHG emissions, lowering its footprint from 167k to 79k tons of CO₂ equivalent, largely driven by a significant drop in Scope 3 emissions. This improvement underscores our commitment to sustainable energy generation.

ESG Policies



Environmental Indicators

Tons CO₂ equivalent

	Scope 1	Scope 2	Scope 3		Total GHG Emissions
2023	132.95	19.00	167,255.04	2023	167,407
2024	153.89	120.15	78,258.83	2024	78,533

Case 1 - RiverRidge

Divert from landfill and achieve transport efficiency and decarbonization



RiverRidge's environmental strategy reflects its commitment to a comprehensive decarbonization plan, with a clear goal of reducing landfill use. By 2035, the company aims to cut the carbon cost of waste collection by 90% through route optimization, vehicle upgrades, and the use of alternative fuels.

Between 2019 and 2024, RiverRidge saw a 29% increase in bin collection, while improving route efficiency. Despite slightly expanding its fleet, fuel consumption dropped by 25% compared to 2023. A 20% reduction in CO₂e per bin lift between 2023 and 2024 enabled RiverRidge to meet its 10% emissions reduction target four years ahead of schedule.

As transporting waste is by far the most significant contributor to the waste management sector's carbon footprint, RiverRidge focuses on transitioning its fleet. In 2024, transport-related emissions reduced by 13.7% compared to 2023. This is enabled by a 10-year strategic plan based on fleet electrification and fuel diversification as a decarbonization lever. RiverRidge's fleet transition strategy sets clear milestones: achieving 35% low-emission vehicles by 2030, and 75% by 2035. The transition spans multiple vehicle types—including Refuse Collection Vehicle (RCVs), articulated lorries, hook lifts, skip trucks, and chain lifts—with a diversified fuel mix encompassing electric vehicles, and HVO. The company prioritizes electrification and fuel diversification as its primary decarbonization levers. Over the next decade, RiverRidge plans to implement a conversion to biomethane or fully electric fleets, aiming for nearly 100% emissions reduction relative to 2023, with projected carbon savings exceeding 2.4 million kg CO₂.

The company is conducting research into innovative technologies to capture methane from co-mingled organic waste, which currently escapes traditional treatment methods. By targeting these non-segregated waste streams, the company aims to significantly reduce emissions of methane, a greenhouse gas 25 times more potent than CO₂.

This research not only supports decarbonization goals but also reinforces another key ESG priority: reducing landfill dependency.

Case 2 - ENETIQA

Decarbonization initiatives

In 2018, ENETIQA launched GreenNet I, a strategic modernization of the heat distribution network operated by its largest subsidiary, Teplarna Liberec. The initiative converted one of three outdated steam branches to a modern hot water system. Backed by €12 million in capex (30% subsidized by the Czech state), the upgrade delivered a sharp drop in thermal losses (from 33% to 13%) and outperformed its key performance metric by achieving 26 GWh of gas savings in its first year, above the targeted 24 GWh.

Building on this success, ENETIQA initiated GreenNet II & III, a €50 million follow-on project aimed at fully decarbonizing and enhancing the reliability of Liberec's district heating infrastructure. The project involves converting the remaining two steam pipelines to hot water and installing a back-pressure turbine at the Termizo incinerator, adding 7.4 GWh/year of electricity output and boosting overall system efficiency. Backed by c.€20 million in public subsidies, the project is expected to deliver 38 GWh in gas savings, a 36% reduction in CO₂ emissions, and 25% lower heat losses.

The works are being carried out in two phases (2024–2025) with Phase I already completed. Upon completion, the upgrade will significantly improve network performance, reduce environmental impact, and align with national and EU decarbonization goals, positioning Liberec as a model for municipal energy transition.

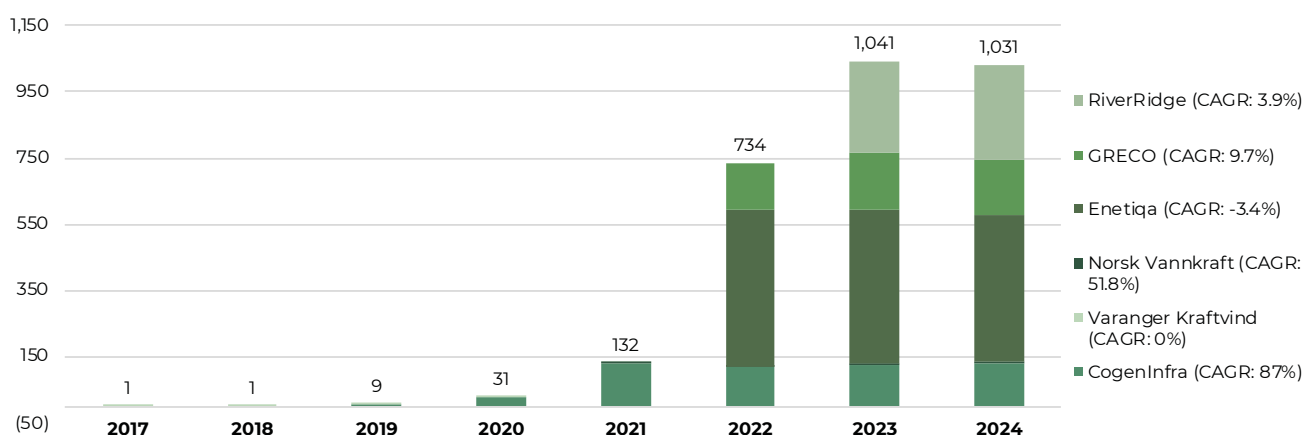


Social

Cube recognizes that the social pillar of ESG is fundamental to long-term infrastructure performance as a driver of workforce stability, risk mitigation, and stakeholder alignment across Energy assets. As our portfolio grows, ensuring measurable performance across health & safety, training, and community engagement is critical to asset integrity and long-term value creation.

Portfolio

Employees (number of employees)



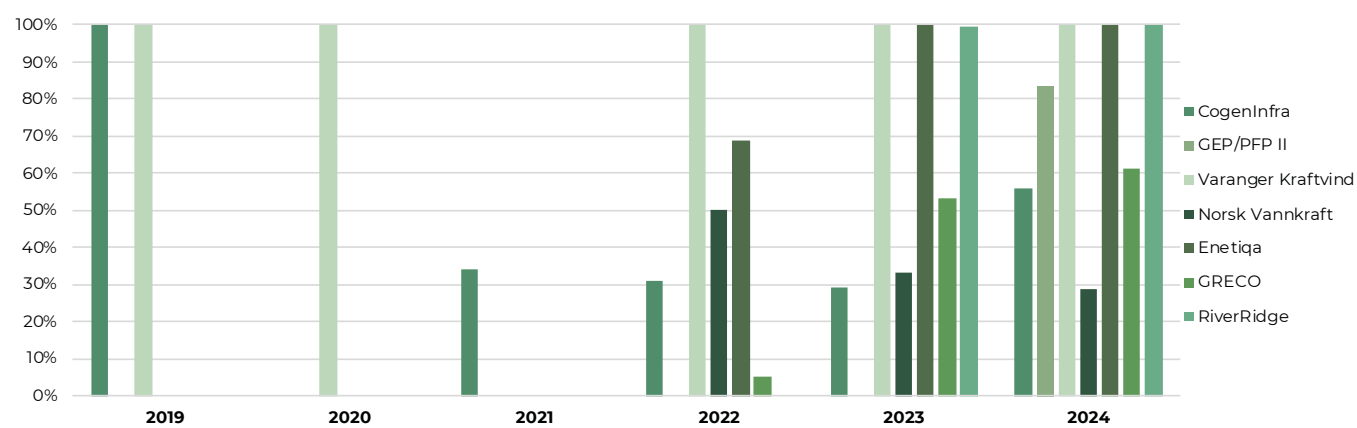
Over the last 5 years, the significant growth in headcount is mainly explained by a series of strategic acquisitions, bringing the number of employees from 9 in 2019 to 1,031 in 2024. Between 2019 and 2021, the expansion came from CogenInfra, displaying a growing workforce from 6 employees to 129, notably thanks to the acquisition of TCVVV (2019) and Elettra Investimenti (2021).

In 2022, headcount increased further through the acquisition of Enetiq (+470 employees) and GRECO (+142 employees). This trend continued in 2023 driven by (i) the acquisition of RiverRidge (+275 employees) and (ii) the growing workforce in GRECO (+20 employees)

to support its ambitious development. We are now entering a phase of operational streamlining as portfolio companies mature and integration efforts progress.

Meanwhile, the number of employees at renewable energy companies such as GEP, Varanger Kraftvind and Norsk Vannkraft remained relatively stable over the last 5 years, given that most O&M and asset management activities are outsourced to third-party operators.

Training (% of employees who have undergone training during the year)



With regard to Cube II's assets, the amount of training per employee remains rather constant between 2022 and 2024 due to a relatively low turnover of the workforce as well as the stability of the respective activities. CogenInfra has continued to provide the necessary training in 2024 in order to improve the operational capacity of the employees.

With regard to Cube III's assets, GRECO, ENETIQA and RiverRidge significantly expanded their training programs.

Case 3 - Varanger Kraftvind

Community involvement and local Impact

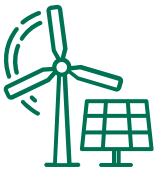


Varanger Kraftvind's existing 45 MW Raggovidda wind farm is situated in Reindeer District 7, an area used to raise reindeers. The company has tightly cooperated with the local communities, and an agreement has been reached upon, that considers maximizing the interests of the reindeer herders and the company. Varanger Kraftvind has also conducted an extensive analysis of the impact a wind farm can have on the reindeers with the help of external advisors.

Varanger Kraftvind hosted several visits from the Norwegian Minister of Oil and Energy together with the Mayor of Vadsø and Berlevåg Municipality as well as other local stakeholders. In addition, the company has offered an internship to secondary school students in the area, contributing to their involvement in matters linked to sustainability.

Key ESG Value Drivers

In light of the key ESG issues to be addressed in the Energy sector, complemented by the actions that our companies have been implementing over the years since Cube's inception, here is provided an overview of the ESG value drivers guiding our energy companies towards a process of consolidation and improvement on ESG issues.



Generally emissions reduction and increase in the adoption of renewable sources in the production of energy are aligned with future challenges and demands. The ability to propose cleaner and smarter solutions constitute a competitive advantage to convince local authorities and corporate clients, hence generating value through profitable growth.



Given the heavy machinery and/or the large workforce, the attention to the actions and procedures related to Health & Safety is critical. A particular focus on training programs and on decreasing work accident rates will have a direct impact on the P&L but also on the employee motivation and retention (enhancing productivity and reducing HR costs).



Strong business ethics transmitted to employees through ad hoc training sessions and formalized through contractual clauses with the companies' suppliers and subcontractors will, amongst other things, avoid headline risks to remain a trusted partner for all clients, notably local authorities, with whom concession extensions or new concessions are negotiated.



Being able to value and understand the local environment often allows to design and implement efficient solutions (e.g. cost-efficient district heating / cooling) and/or identify business opportunities (e.g. using WtE heat for a district heating or business client...).



ESG best practices and knowledge sharing amongst companies in our portfolio.





05

EV

CHARGING



EV Charging



Introduction

The rise of Electric Vehicles (EVs) is one of the most significant trends in the automotive industry today. EVs offer several advantages over traditional gasoline-powered vehicles, including lower emissions, reduced fuel costs, and increased efficiency.

As the cost of EV ownership continues to fall and governments push towards greener alternatives to Internal Combustion Engines (ICE), consumers are gaining confidence in EVs, driving their exponential growth. As the demand for EVs rapidly grows, so does the need for accessible charging infrastructure. Having a network of accessible charging infrastructure helps reduce range anxiety and long waiting times at charging stations, thereby lowering the barriers for consumers to switch and supporting the communities' shift towards greener travel options. Continued innovation in this sector is expected to further reduce charging times and increase vehicle range per charge, making EVs the future of mobility.

Following the market trends and drivers, Cube IM has recognized the key role of charging infrastructure in energy transition and the future of smart cities. By investing in four EV charge-point operators across Europe and the UK, we aim to foster the adoption of electric mobility. As cities move towards becoming smarter and greener, critical infrastructure like EV charging plays a vital role in achieving community initiatives by providing accessible charging infrastructure powered by renewable energy sources.

An overview of ESG credentials of EV Charging assets is presented below¹.

Fund	Asset	Number of Charging Points	ISO 9001	ISO 14001	ISO 45001	ESG Policy	Code of Ethics
Cube II	Osprey	1,266	x	x	x	x	x
Cube II	SIIT	861					
Cube III	Stations-e	853				x	x
Cube III	Kople	7,641 ²				x	x

¹ As of 31st December 2024

² Of which 1,286 are Kople's proprietary chargers (AC + DC) while the rest are chargers managed by Kople for third-party networks

Portfolio

Cube currently has four companies in its EV charging portfolio: (i) Via Novus¹ Osprey (UK) and (ii) Via Novus¹ SIIT - Métropolis (France), (iii) Kople (Norway) (iv) Stations-e (France).



Osprey

Fund: Cube II - Location: UK

Investment Date: July 2019

Via Novus (Osprey) is a UK based owner and operator of public rapid electric vehicle charging points ("CPs") providing charging as a service to EV driver, both en-route and at destinations with high traffic flows and dwell time of EV users, such as retail parks, supermarkets, pubs, restaurants, public/council car parks, service stations and hotels. The company was founded in 2014 and is headquartered in London.



SIIT

Fund: Cube II - Location: France

Investment Date: July 2020

Via Novus (Metropolis/SIIT) oversees the development, operations, and maintenance of a network of EV CPs, in the Greater Paris area. Via Novus (Metropolis) has the support of the relevant local authority, namely the Métropole du Grand Paris (the "MGP"). The project is led by a team of experienced managers with a proven track-record in local concessions and project development involving local French authorities. Via Novus (Metropolis) works closely with SPIE CityNetworks and e-Totem. SIIT assesses and participates in EV charging tenders across France. Under its 100% owned subsidiary R-Mob, SIIT is also developing other public networks across France in cooperation with local municipalities.



Kople

Fund: Cube III - Location: Norway

Investment Date: January 2022

Kople was established in May 2021 as a carve-out from the local power utility company Ringerikskraft AS. Kople builds and operates public EV charging stations in Norway, offering an end-to-end EV charging solution from design, planning, installation, to operating charge points ("CPs") for third parties as well as their own network.

Kople's strategy focuses on the deployment of its charge point network in the region and further developing its services to existing and potential partners including e.g. local authorities, utility companies, private partners and others.



Station-e

Fund: Cube III - Location: France

Investment Date: October 2021

Founded in 2018, Stations-e is a French multi-service infrastructure owner and operator based in suburban Paris with a business model combining EV charging infrastructure and cellular tower infrastructure, plus other smart city, data management and analytics services.

The company is looking to address the essential and growing needs of local communities for the installation and operation of EV Charging infrastructure, enabling the e-Mobility transition, the densification of wireless communication networks to address growth in data transmission and select other services related to smart cities.

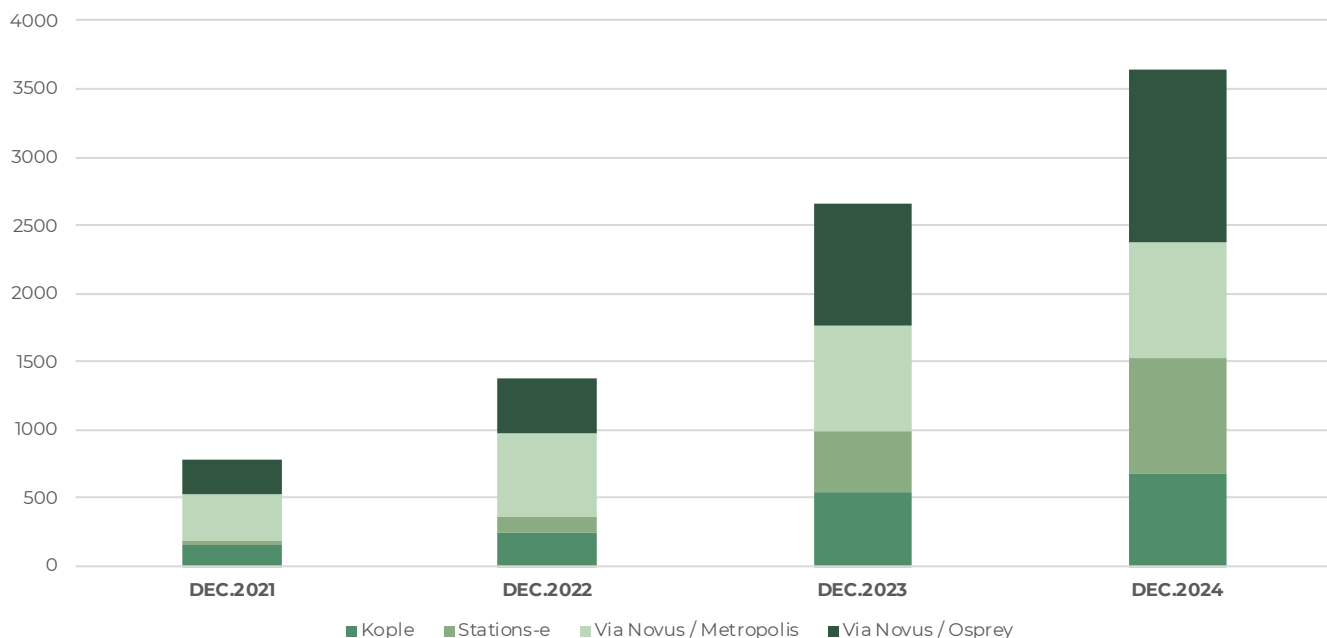
¹ Via Novus S.à r.l. ("Via Novus") is owned by Cube II Smart Cities and owns majority stakes in both Via Novus Ltd. ("Via Novus Osprey" or "Osprey") in the UK and Société pour l'Investissement en Infrastructures des Territoires ("Via Novus SIIT" or "SIIT") in France.

The companies in our EV Charging portfolio have been showing a growing interest in environmental and social issues. The managers and investment teams at Cube actively assist these companies in enhancing their ESG performance and impact. ESG action plans are formulated and executed in collaboration with the management, setting forth tangible recommendations and objectives. These are then regularly monitored by Cube. Given our presence in various countries, we facilitate the exchange of knowledge among our portfolio companies by arranging frequent workshops for them.

Through strategic investments across Europe and the UK, Cube expanded its portfolio add reference to the same footnote that is used on the chart title below (chart on “Evolution of Charging Points”) from approximately 800 CPs in 2021 to over 3,600 CPs by 2024, achieving a CAGR of 67%.



Evolution of charging points¹



¹ excluding chargers managed by Kople for third party network operators



Environment

Introduction

EVs provide substantial environmental benefits, including lower greenhouse gas emissions and improved air quality. By eliminating tailpipe emissions, EVs contribute to mitigating climate change and reducing local air pollution. The development of EV charging stations plays a pivotal role in supporting the widespread adoption of EVs. It ensures the availability of convenient and accessible charging options and promotes EV ownership. The strategic placement of charging infrastructure can also enable renewable energy integration and grid stability, fostering a cleaner and more resilient energy system.

It is also important to consider the potential adverse impacts of developing the EV charging network.

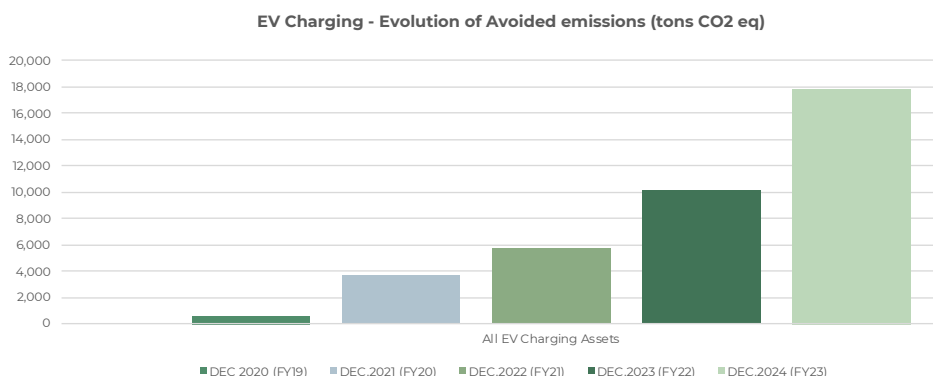
The manufacturing and installation of charging infrastructure requires energy and resources. Efforts should focus on minimizing these impacts through sustainable manufacturing processes, the use of renewable energy sources, and optimizing grid integration.

Being conscious of those impacts, Cube IM's portfolio companies take action to foster the positive impacts and value they bring to society. They often contract with local suppliers to reduce the footprint of the charging point components, and work towards offering electricity that is sourced from renewable energy sources to their customers, as reflected in most ESG action plans.

Portfolio

Through strategic investment in EV charging infrastructure, Cube expanded its portfolio of CPs by 4.7x between 2021 and 2024. In 2023 alone, Cube's EV charging portfolio avoided over 10,000 tons of CO₂

equivalent emissions. To put that into perspective, it would take over 480 million trees absorbing carbon for a year to match this environmental benefit¹.



10,000

CO₂ equivalents avoided in 2023.

Which has the same impact as over 480 million trees absorbing carbon for a year.

¹ Based on the assumption that a typical tree would absorb 21kg of CO₂eq per annum; regarding the avoided impact of EV charging, it considered that 100% of people recharging their EV thanks to charging stations would use diesel or gasoline cars otherwise. As a result, avoided emissions may be slightly overestimated.

Osprey

The company is developing partnerships with City Councils or private companies to help reduce air pollution through clean mobility and works with peers through memberships in associations that aim to further

develop the renewable energy capacity in the UK. It also partners with wildlife organizations, notably the partnership in 2022 with Bywyd Gwylt Glaslyn Wildlife (BGGW), home of the Glaslyn Ospreys.

In CEO's words:

"At Osprey Charging, our purpose is to create a healthier planet for current and future generations. Primarily we do this through our growing public EV charging network, built carefully for the long-term and enabling more zero-emission miles to be driven each day. The desire to preserve and protect goes beyond transport, however, and one of the reasons we chose Osprey as a name was to symbolise our commitment to a healthy natural environment. By partnering with charity Bywyd Gwylt Glaslyn Wildlife, we can materially contribute to osprey conservation and education, as well as the wider environmental stewardship of the centre and ultimately the long-term restoration of these protected birds in the UK."

- Ian Johnston, CEO of Osprey Charging



In line with its motto "People. Places. Planet." Osprey only provides renewable electricity to operate its charging points network, thereby truly enabling low-carbon electric mobility. Through this strategy, Osprey aims to contribute meaningfully to the broader climate mitigation and energy transition objectives of UK.

Métropolis /SIIT

In relation to the Métropole du Grand Paris (Greater Paris' authority), the company is developing partnerships with Councils of all municipalities surrounding Paris (the Greater Paris area) to help reduce air pollution through clean mobility. Such a project is part of the Métropole's

strategy "Plan Climat Air Energie Métropolitain" (Metropolitan Air Energy Climate Plan) to develop sustainable mobility notably by accelerating the energy transition of vehicles aiming to massively develop the installation of charging stations). The authority also created a number of "Zone à Faibles Émissions" (low emissions areas), wishing to foster EV charging, with an offer that is economically robust, bringing together a maximum of municipalities, readable for the end-user and responding to different types of uses (individuals, professionals).

SIIT launched the development of Métropolis project during H2 2020 and by 2024 year-end 51 municipalities had agreed to join the Métropolis network with many others at an advanced stage of negotiation. SIIT is also extending its solutions to foster the development of green mobility to private companies and municipalities surrounding the Greater Paris area.

Kople

In the summer of 2024, Kople launched a five-week internal campaign to promote its sustainability strategy, centred around the 5 R's: Refuse, Reduce, Reuse, Repair, and Recycle.

The campaign aimed to raise employee awareness by emphasizing their ability to make a meaningful impact and actively contribute to reducing CO₂ emissions. This message was reinforced through visible displays of the campaign's impact in shared areas throughout the workplace. The initiative was carried out in close collaboration with Kople's suppliers of products and services.

Additionally, Kople donated all proceeds from bottle deposit refunds to SuperSelma, a support organization that raises funds for children affected by cancer. This simple yet engaging community initiative garnered

full support from employees, increasing awareness while making a positive contribution to the broader community.

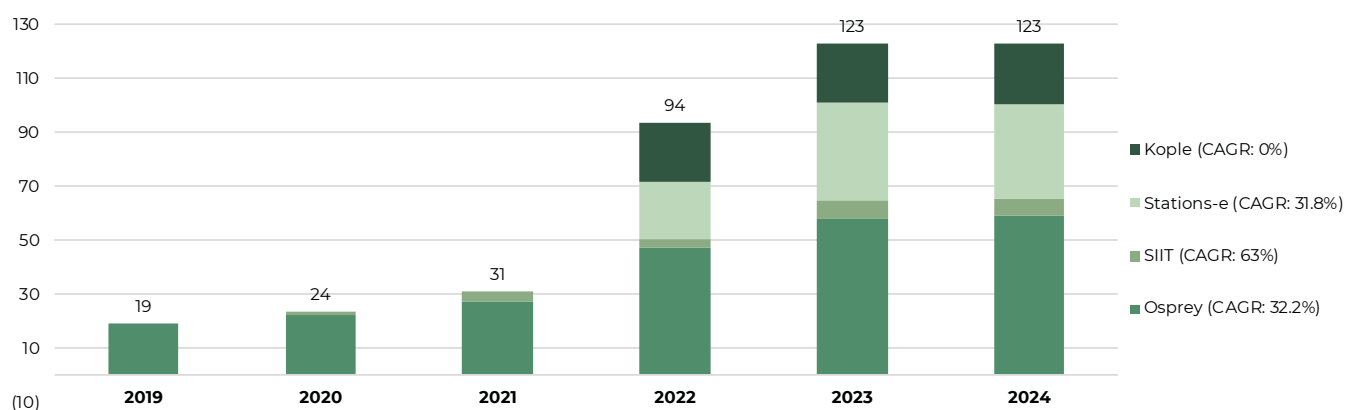


Social

Thorough and systematic management of health & safety is a core component of Cube's approach across its portfolio companies. Cube is committed to improving and promoting a strong culture of safety across its portfolio companies in order to ensure a healthy and sustainable work environment. Portfolio company managers are routinely encouraged to improve the wellbeing of their employees, reduce work accidents, avoid disruptions and serve the local communities in best possible way.

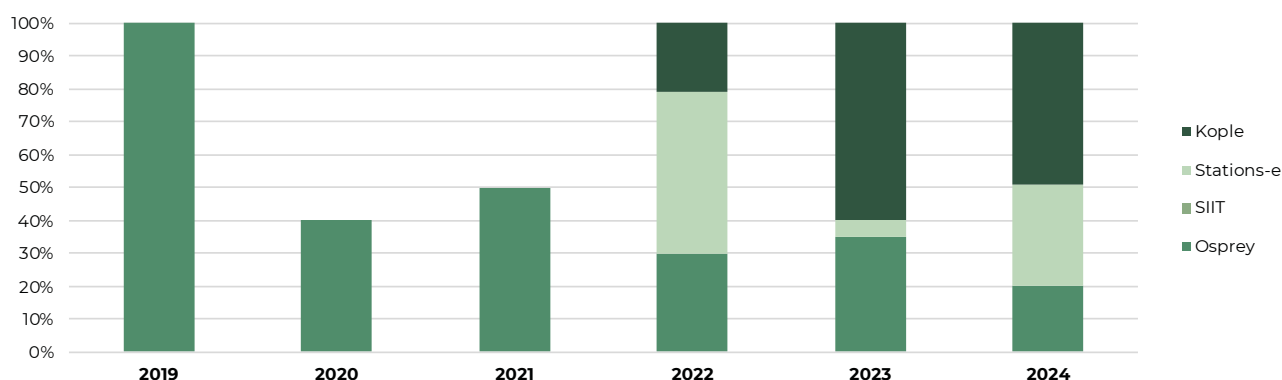
Portfolio

Employees (No. employees)



EV charging companies have experienced strong growth, reflected in ongoing recruitment efforts to support their expansion and evolving strategic priorities.

Training (% of employees who have undergone training during the year)



Osprey, Kople and Stations-e continued to invest in training their employees. While no specific training was scheduled so far by SIIT, an ESG Action plan was implemented in 2023.

CASE STUDY 1

Osprey's accessible charge points and social commitments

As EV charging stations continue to become critical infrastructure, it's essential to ensure accessibility for all. Osprey wanted to tackle this and made accessibility for disabled drivers a key feature of its ultra-rapid charging hubs.

An accessible charging station entails:

- **Space:** Extra space alongside the parking bays as well as unobstructed access from the car to the charge point, allows customers to manoeuvre mobility aids and the cables themselves more easily.
- **Kerbs:** Placing the charge points on a kerb can restrict access, especially from a seated position in a wheelchair. Wherever possible, Osprey places the charge points flush to the tarmac of the carpark.
- **Cables:** Ultra-rapid charging cables are heavy and can be unwieldy. Osprey chooses charger hardware that manages the cable weight (e.g. spring-loaded) for use with one hand. The cables are also longer and positioned for all car types.
- **Payment:** The most universal and easy payment method is a bank card. All Osprey chargers have card readers, for a one-handed, low-effort tap to charge. The rest of the steps are similarly straightforward.
- **Screen:** The screen should be visible and usable from a seated position, with high-contrast text and visual elements, and its usability should not be affected by glare or darkness.

Osprey's flagship hub at the Paisley Pear, Brackley was reviewed by the independent inspection body ChargeSafe, which ranked the site high in terms of accessibility. Osprey commits to accessible and safe charging for all by becoming the first Charge Point Operator (CPO) to subscribe to ChargeSafe. ChargeSafe will inspect each Osprey site as part of a UK-wide site assessment for safety and accessibility, based on draft PAS1899 BSI standards for accessible charge points.

Osprey Charging has partnered with celebrated Paralympian Olivia Breen, appointing her as their official ambassador. Breen, a three-time Paralympian and double Commonwealth Games champion, will support Osprey's mission of providing accessible and inclusive charging for all EV drivers. As an advocate for disability rights, Breen's collaboration with Osprey, a leader in establishing accessibility standards in the industry, aims to inspire confidence and empower drivers with mobility challenges to embrace electric vehicles.

Further, Osprey's "The Project" aimed at building an EV charging network that is open to all. By turning EV chargers into spaces for artwork, Osprey celebrates themes and issues that are important, whilst featuring some important causes and organisations.



Charge point

42

Displaying artwork
to date

Artists

5

Created
pieces

Locations

18

Involved

Themes

4

Represented

CASE STUDY 2

Kople's community relations



At **Kople**, community service and conservation of the environment are core values that guide their operations. Throughout the year, they run several initiatives aimed at creating a positive impact on society and the planet.

One such initiative focused **on the collection and recycling of electronic waste**. Electronics often contain complex materials that, if not properly handled, can cause significant environmental harm. In collaboration with the local waste collection and recycling center, Kople organized a campaign to collect household electronic waste and ensure its safe disposal. This effort resulted in the recycling of approximately **300 kg of e-waste**, while also raising awareness among employees about the importance of climate responsibility and the environmental impact of their professional decisions.

Kople also integrates environmental and community considerations into its **infrastructure development**. When establishing new charging locations, the company conducts thorough regulatory checks with relevant authorities and adapts site plan based on their feedback.

For instance, in one community, a proposed charging site was initially planned near a **historic Barrow**, a local tourist attraction. To preserve the visual integrity of the site and in alignment with the authorities' recommendations, Kople revised the plan and relocated the charging equipment to a less intrusive location, ensuring the Barrow remained unobstructed.

In another case, Kople modified the **visual design** of a charging station by replacing its standard color scheme with a **neutral dark theme**, allowing the installation to blend more harmoniously with its surroundings.

Kople has been making significant strides in contributing to the community. On special occasions, such as the International Day of Philanthropy, Kople demonstrated its commitment to global welfare by donating NOK 1 per kWh charged on their fast and high-speed chargers to "Doctors Without Borders". This organization, renowned for its dedicated professionals who risk their own safety to help others, greatly benefits from Kople's contributions, enabling them to continue their vital work.

Key ESG Value Drivers

In light of the key ESG issues to be addressed, complemented by the actions our portfolio companies have been implementing over the years since Cube's inception, the following ESG value drivers have been guiding our EV charging companies towards a process of innovation and improvement on key ESG issues.



EV charging is embedded in the energy transition and part of the adoption comes from the environmental proposal. The provision of electricity from renewable sources is therefore key to ensure consistency with the value proposal, as well as construction impact and potential biodiversity impact.



EV charging being a new fast moving sector, it is key to attract and retain talented and innovative employees. Therefore, strong corporate culture, comprehensive and frequent training plans, and focus on career development, diversity and employee wellbeing have to be implemented. Health & Safety issues are paramount when selecting subcontractors.



Electric vehicles are perceived as key to help public authorities in reaching their decarbonization objectives in the next decades. Governments increasingly take measures to encourage switching from conventional cars to low- or zero-emissions vehicles (e.g. low emission zones). EV charging stations are therefore increasingly required to accompany the transition.



Knowledge of the local environment and sound relationships with local communities, local businesses, help identify and secure the most appropriate areas to build new charging points.



ESG best practices and knowledge sharing amongst companies in our portfolio.



41, Avenue de la Liberté, L-1931 Luxembourg
www.cubeinfrastructure.com